The Gazette Is the Only Paper in Colorado Springs That Prints the News Every Day in the Week.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THE WEATHER.
Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday; probably showers in west.

NO. 9501—35TH YEAR. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1907—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

LOCAL OPTION TO BECOME LAW

BILL IS READY FOR GOVERNOR'S SIGNATURE.

BUCHTEL WILL SIGN MONDAY

SENATE HAS DONNED ITS FIGHTING CLOTHES

SQUABBLES ON MANY BILLS

Report of Stratton Investigation Committee Will Be Delayed Until Close of Session—Normal Schools Proposend for Southern District.

Special to The Gazette.

DENVER, Colo., March 19.—The senate was today smitten with a desire to do some business, holding not only the customary day sessions but going further and holding one at night. Work has piled up on the calendar until the approach of the last day of the session is a positive menace.

During the morning session the senate finally acted upon the caucus railroad bill, passing it by a vote of 19 to 15. The difference in the third reading vote from that of second reading was that Senator Parks was present to vote in the affirmative. During the day the bill was returned to the house to be enrolled, so that it will likely get into the hands of the governor tomorrow. The local option bill reached the governor at 3:55 this afternoon, having been signed by the lieutenant governor in the senate and the speaker in the house. He will sign the bill Monday afternoon at 1:30 in the house chamber, when a number of invited guests will be present to witness the ceremony.

Fight Over State Fair.

The senate had something of a discussion over a resolution offered by Senator Drake for the appointment of a special committee of three hold-over senators to report upon a site for a state fair. The resolution roused the ire of the Pueblo senators, who declared it to be a political move, directed against that county for having gone Democratic and further against Senator McCarthy for his position on the railway bill. It was found that the state fair had already been established at Pueblo by state law, so the resolution was laid away.

Proposed normal schools at Trinidad, Grand Junction and Durango took up the remainder of the daylight session of the senate. During the discussion Senator Taylor took occasion to say to Senator Drake, who was in the chair: "The distinguished gentleman now in the chair would fire any man on his farm who tried to conduct business as he has done in the finance committee. We have had dozens of bills come out of that committee proposing to spend money the state does not have, and not one providing for any increase in the revenue." He declared the state did not have the money to give to any more normal schools, and that none should be established. Senator De Long championed the bill, saying that the western and southern parts of the state were entitled to some recognition. The debate was not closed when the senate took a recess to 8 o'clock.

Oppose Reapportionment.

Efforts in the house to revive the legislative reapportionment bill are not meeting with much success. The Denver members remain in a bad mood, declaring that the bill contemplates further injustice to Denver county. They also complain that it looks as though it had been drawn alone in the interest of Jefferson county, where Chairman Vivian lives. The bill was

(Continued on Page Two.)

RAILWAY BILL PASSES

COMMISSION WILL REGULATE THE RATES.

Roads Must Pay Demurrage in Cases of Failure to Deliver Cars Where Needed.

DENVER, March 19.—The senate today passed the railway commission bill which had already passed the house. It now goes to the governor. The commission is empowered to hear complaints in cases where the railroads are charged with discriminations and rebates, change the rates where they are found to be discriminatory, but such order shall be subject to review in the district court and later in the supreme court should the railroads lose the case and appeal it to the highest tribunal. If the appeal has not been decided in ninety days, then the order of the commission shall become operative until a decision has been rendered.

There is also a reciprocal demurrage provision in the bill which allows the collection by the shipper of $1 a day from the railroad for failure to deliver cars within a reasonable time after they have been ordered. The railroads now collect $1 a day from shippers who fail to unload cars of freight to them after 48 hours.

Another provision gives the shipper the right of action against the railroads for any loss that might grow out of the failure of the common carriers to deliver cars within a reasonable time. These are the main features of the bill.

BESIEGED BY RAILWAY MEN

MAGNATES SUE FOR PEACE AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

ROOSEVELT PROMISES NOTHING

SAYS HE IS GETTING MUCH INFORMATION.

RAILROADS ASK PROTECTION

President Refers Them to His Previous Speeches on Question and Says He Will Explain to Public When Proper Time Comes.

WASHINGTON, March 19. The interview between President Roosevelt and Charles S. Mellen, president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, recently arranged for the purpose of discussing the railroad situation, took place at the White house today. It lasted not more than 35 minutes. No statement of the questions discussed was made at the White house and Mr. Mellen declined to talk.

Mr. Mellen said he did not expect to again visit the White house for a conference with the president unless he was sent for.

Mr. Mellen's visit was the outcome of a call made to the White house last week by J. Pierpont Morgan, the New York financier, who came to Washington at the request of many business men to discuss the present business situation, particularly affecting the railroads.

The visit of Mr. Mellen followed the conference he had seven days ago with President McCrea, Newman and Hughitt of the Pennsylvania, New York Central and Chicago & Northwestern railroads, respectively. These four were the names suggested to Mr. Roosevelt by Mr. Morgan. It is not known at the White house whether Messrs. McCrea, Newman and Hughitt will visit Mr. Roosevelt. The president will see them if they come.

Magnates Are Anxious.

During the past three weeks President Roosevelt has had visits from half a dozen well known financiers and railroad men, with all of whom he has discussed various phases of the railroad situation. These include J. P. Morgan, James Speyer of New York, President Stickney of the Chicago, Great Western railroad, B. F. Yoakum of the Rock Island, E. H. Harriman of the Union Pacific, and Charles Mellen of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad. All of these persons have made specific recommendations incorporating their ideas on the question whether the president should recommend additional railway legislation and most of them have urged him to make a statement defining his attitude in explicit terms with a view to allaying public apprehension. Generally there has been but little approach to unanimity in those recommendations. He has referred his callers who want information as to his attitude to his public declarations in this general subject and has told them that he means to be consistent with what he has already said.

President Is Learning.

The president says frankly that he is learning all he can regarding the railroad situation and that he intends to continue to consult with railroad people and others on the subject. It is understood he is making inquiries on some points pertaining to federal supervisions and control of the railroads; to the question of an appraisement of the physical valuation of such properties and in the matter of the issue of various forms of indebtedness. As to the last named he regards it as perfectly proper and he sees no objection to a proper issue of obligations for equipment, terminals and betterments, but thinks there should be a careful scrutiny to see that stocks or bonds are issued for such purposes.

The president has not reached any final determination as to whether he will make any recommendations to congress for legislation on any of these matters.

Is Non-committal.

The president has made it plain to his callers that he can not be expected to outline his policy in informal talks with them and that inferences as to his attitude must not be drawn from what he says in these casual talks.

When he has made up his mind and is ready to tell the public just what his attitude is on particular questions and specifically on the railroad issue he will do so in a speech or in a message to congress.

President Mellen left for New England at 5:30 this evening.

COUNT LAMSDORFF IS DEAD

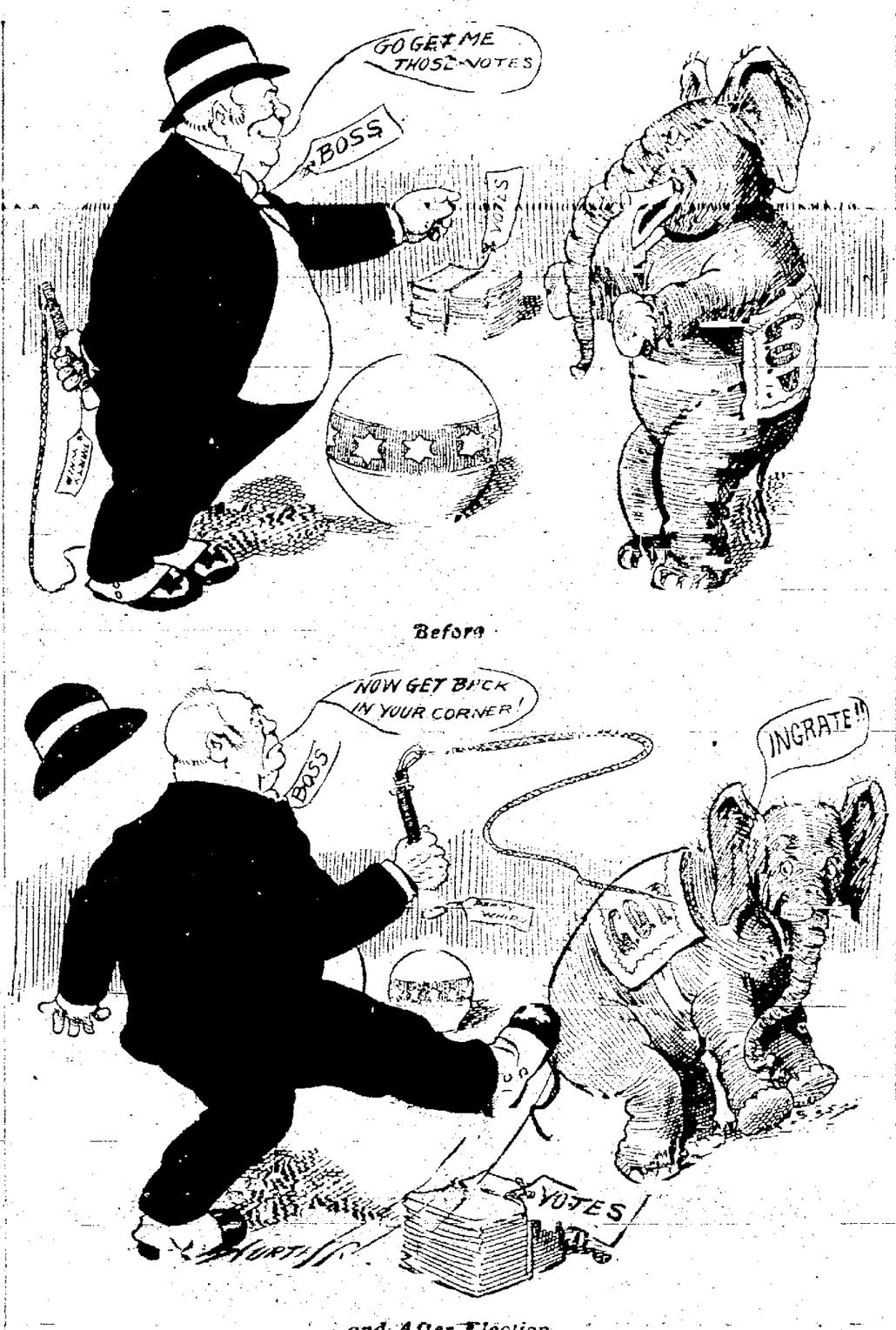
Former Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs Dies at San Remo, Italy.

SAN REMO, Italy, March 19.—Count Vladimir Lamsdorff, the former Russian minister of foreign affairs, died here this evening at 11:15.

Paul Lamsdorff, a nephew of the deceased statesman, and representing the Lamsdorff family, was present at his uncle's death.

FAMOUS AUTHOR DIES

BOSTON, March 19.—Thomas Bailey Aldrich, the author, died at his home in this city today. He failed to rally from a surgical operation performed about a month ago.



The Way of the Boss.

RUEF TRIAL HANGS FIRE

GRIST OF 60 INDICTMENTS EXPECTED TODAY.

Prosecution Is After Big Game and Evidence Will Show Gigantic Frauds.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Contrary to general expectation, the grand jury after a three hours session this afternoon adjourned until 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon without catching an indictment. District Attorney Langdon and Detective Burns both stated, however, that when the grand jury meets tomorrow it will be for the purpose of finding indictments and the reporting of them to Judge Coffey, presiding judge of the superior court. Langdon was authority for the statement that the failure to return indictments today was due to the delay in preparing the formal papers, on which the district attorney's office was engaged nearly all day. It is said there between fifty and sixty indictments will be returned when the grand jury reports to the superior court tomorrow.

Charges Wholesale Bribery.

Following the alleged sensational disclosures of wholesale bribery by public service corporations in the grand jury room yesterday and last night by members of the board of supervisors, today's session of the legislative body was devoid of any startling developments. W. J. Phillips, division manager of the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph company, F. W. Eaton, secretary and treasurer of the same company, Ferdinand Butterfield, representative of the Independent Telephone company, and Hugo Asher, attorney for the latter company, were examined today. From these it was evidenced that the grand jury was completing its investigation of the granting of a franchise to the Home Telephone company for $25,000 when Butterfield had put in a bid for the Independent Telephone company ten per cent less.

Butterfield asserted that the franchise was worth $1,000,000.

After Big Game.

In an interview with a representative of the Associated Press today, District Attorney Langdon stated that the prosecution was after "the fellows"—the bribe givers, and he declared that the indictments that had been returned had not been seriously regarded, but merely intended to "stalk the game."

It is reported tonight that Abraham Ruef is not being held incommunicado by Elisor Biggy. When seen by an Associated Press representative at the St. Francis hotel, Ruef stated that it was at his own request that all visitors were denied admittance to him because he was engaged with the attorneys.

How the Present Administration Has Handled the City's Finances.

The Republican administration went out of office April, 1905, leaving a deficit of over $50,000. The present Nonpartisan administration retires next month not only with the entire deficit of the Republican administration wiped out, but also leaving a surplus of about $20,000 in the treasury.

In June, 1903, when the Republican administration was in power, the city bonds sold at 3¾ per cent below par.

In April, 1906, after less than one year of Nonpartisan administration, the city bonds sold at a premium of 2-3 of 1 per cent above par, a gain of 4 1-6 per cent.

During the last year the city tax rate has been reduced 2 mills, which reduction would have been greater had it not been for the levy necessary to cancel the deficit left by the Republican administration.

MASS MEETING TONIGHT

PUBLIC INVITED TO ATTEND ANTISALOON GATHERING.

Well-Known Business Men and Ministers to Speak—Will Be No Prayer Meetings.

Dr. C. B. Wilcox, pastor of the First M. E. church, will be the principal speaker at the big mass meeting to be held under the auspices of the Anti-saloon league in the First M. E. church at 7:30 o'clock tonight. Dr. Wilcox will speak on "Law Enforcement." President William F. Slocum of Colorado college will preside. The churches of the city have united with the league in an effort to make this evening's meeting one of the most successful ever held in Colorado Springs.

Representative ministers and business men make up the list of speakers. Among those who will speak this evening are the following: The Rev. J. H. Franklin, pastor of the First Baptist church; Dr. James B. Gregg, pastor of the First Congregational church; Dr. Edgar W. Work, pastor of the First Presbyterian church; Senator H. H. Seldomridge, Judge L. W. Cunningham and E. C. McLaughlin of Denver, state superintendent of the Anti-saloon league.

The purpose of the meeting is to arouse enthusiasm in the league work and also to raise funds to assist in carrying on the future work of the organization. No prayer meetings will be held tonight and everyone interested in the work of the Anti-saloon league and the cause of good government is invited to attend the meeting.

FLOODS IN CALIFORNIA

RIVERS OVERFLOW BANKS AND LEVEES ARE BROKEN.

Stockton Has Three Feet of Water in Streets and Railroads Are Tied Up—Property Loss of Millions.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Reports tonight show that the waters of the San Joaquin and Sacramento rivers are subsiding, but the situation is still regarded as grave. In a few places levees have broken and the lowlands are flooded. Much loss of property has resulted. Considerable stock has been drowned and many bridges have been washed away. Local railway traffic and telegraph service is badly interrupted. The town of Oroville is still surrounded by water. The financial loss at Oroville and vicinity is estimated at $1,000,000. A number of Chinese are reported to have been drowned. Sacramento reports the Southern Pacific line situation unchanged. No trains can go over the Sierra Nevada mountains on account of a large landslide at Cisco, which covered the roadbed to a depth of 20 feet for some distance. It is estimated that the track cannot be cleared before tomorrow morning. The Truckee river at Floriston and Verdi has washed out a large section of track and this cannot be repaired until the river recedes.

The Truckee river dropped two feet today and it is thought that the flood has spent its force. Thirteen trains are tied up in Sacramento and on the other side of the washouts.

Stockton Under Water.

STOCKTON, Cal., March 19.—Stockton was flooded today from the overflow of the two channels that bring freshets from the foothills, and at a late hour tonight only a section of the city along Main street east north of Poplar street was out of water. It is the greatest wetting this city has experienced since the great flood of 1862 but the water will run off soon, probably tomorrow.

The flood extends from the southern part of the city on Main street, coming from Mormon channel, and up the north to a point south of the residence district out of water.

In the country east of Stockton, the flood is the greatest ever known and in the north part of the county there is not a foot of land for the reclaimed lands. The Mokelumne river, flowing through the lower section of the county is higher than ever known and levees are being run over in many places. The town of Woodbridge was flooded early this morning, but the water seems to be at a standstill there. In the business section of Stockton the water is knee deep in places and in the south-

(Continued on Page Two.)

REFORM ERA IS PROMISED

PLANS OF RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT OUTLINED.

DEBARS FIREBRAND TACTICS

FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND RELIGIOUS LIBERTY ASSURED.

EXILING WILL BE ABOLISHED

Relief Is Also Guaranteed for Workmen and Peasants May Acquire Land—Money Must Be Raised by Fresh Taxes for Government.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 19.—The lower house of parliament acquitted itself creditably today in its first encounter with the administration. An overwhelming majority of the members of the house, including the Constitutional Democrats, the Octobrists, the Group of Toil and the Social Revolutionists, refused to be drawn into a fruitless discussion over the ministerial declaration read by Premier Stolypin and adhered to the decisions reached in caucus to proceed with as little delay as possible to the program of constructive legislation.

The only fear of trouble came when the extremists of the right and left participated in the debate. The remarks of members were devoted largely to mutual recriminations. Neither the vitriolic speeches of Prince Zereteli or M. Alexinsky, Social Democrats, nor the provocative utterances of M. Purishkevich or M. Kroushevan, the anti-Semite member from Kishineff, caused the anticipated outbreak.

Stolypin Is Firm.

The feature of the day was Premier Stolypin's firm speech, with its plain warning to the factions that no playing with fire would be permitted and that the douma must confine itself strictly to its legitimate functions if it does not wish to be dissolved.

The admonition made a noticeable impression.

The council of the empire responded to the ministerial declaration of policy by a resolution expressing willingness to co-operate with the government in its legislative program.

During the debate Count Witte made a brief speech in which he declared he would support this resolution provided it did not imply a vote of confidence in the ministry.

The speakers were all Conservatives or Social Democrats, the other parties in the house declining to participate in the debate. Premier Stolypin rose and, in a second speech, laid down the ultimatum that the house must confine itself to legal paths.

While criticism was welcomed, the government would not permit revolutionary assaults or firebrand tactics. If the house chose to cry "Hands up," to the government, let it beware.

M. Stolypin's statement opened with a recital with the difficulties facing the government. He elaborated on the laws suitable for a country passing through a period of reconstruction and announced that all the bills to be submitted to the house had been drawn up with the same general idea of upholding the new legal conditions arising from the recent reforms.

A Transition Period.

"Our country," said the premier, "must be transformed into a constitutional state. Measures must be adopted to define and determine the rights of the state and of private individuals and to abolish the contradictions between the old and new laws and the arbitrary interpretations placed upon them by private persons as well as officials. The government has decided that it is necessary to submit a series of bills establishing the new regime in Russia."

Mr. Stolypin emphasized the urgency of the law determining the civic status of all classes and of legislation by which the peasants could obtain more land and otherwise improve their lot. The government, he said, was now preparing a series of bills giving effect to the portions of the emperor's manifesto of October 30, 1905, regarding liberty of conscience and the inviolability of the person. Before legislating for the purpose of assuring religious tolerance, the government esteemed it necessary to lay down the principle that all legislative changes must rec-

(Continued on Page Two).

COMSTOCK MINE FLOODED

Water Is Rising at Rate of Ten Feet per Hour and Electric Power Plant Is Washed Out.

RENO, Nev., March 19.—The water in the Comstock mines at Virginia City threatens to flood the lower levels, as it is rising at the rate of ten feet an hour. To save them, the electric company, which is short of power, owing to the washing out of the flumes by the Truckee flood, has set fire to 2,000 cords and the street car company has no light or power for cars will be furnished until tomorrow noon. Carbonic is in darkness, and the power now gained is being used on the Comstock pumps. The first trains since Friday are moving again, the first train to pass being that of the Southern Pacific this morning. The Truckee river is now fast in its bed. The Southern Pacific line is tied up at Sacramento and on the other side of the washouts. The local westbound train arrived at 5:15 o'clock tonight. Trains make only four miles an hour over the mountains, owing to soft tracks and landslides.

DETRIMENTAL LEGISLATION

ENDANGERS RAILROADS AND COUNTRY ALIKE

RAILWAY MAN REMONSTRATES

WANTS SQUARE DEAL FROM LAWMAKERS.

CONDEMNS PENALTY CLAUSE

Vast Sums of Money Needed for Railway Operation and Capitalists Should Be Encouraged. Government Assists River Carriers.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 19.—At the annual dinner of the Atlanta chamber of commerce tonight President W. W. Finley of the Southern railway, who was one of the principal speakers, devoted his remarks entirely to the relations between the railroads on the one hand and the people and the state and national governments on the other hand. Mr. Finley indicated his belief that the present trend of legislation endangers the prosperity of the railroads and the country alike.

Mr. Finley said it had always been the desire of the railroads to maintain cordial relations with the people along their lines and that the railroads must cultivate the good will and cooperation of the public by the adoption and promulgation of economically and commercially sound principles in the conduct of their business.

Must Encourage Capital.

"If the railways are to secure the large amount of new capital required to enable them to meet the rapidly increasing demands for their services," he said, "their credit must be such as to assure investors of a reasonable return upon their money. The south now has rates that enable southern producers to market their products in widely separated home and foreign markets on such terms that they can compete successfully with similar products from other localities, but it has not the means of moving those products to market as promptly as is desirable.

Every shipper wants lower rates. But when rates are so low as to enable him to reach competitors, prompt and efficient service becomes of more importance than rate reduction. The imperative need of the south today is improved transportation service. I am sure that the business men of this section will agree with me that improved facilities are more urgently needed than any reduction in charges.

Carriers by Water Favored.

While approving the policy of improving rivers and harbors, at public expense, Mr. Finley contrasted the attitude of the public toward carriers by water and by rail, pointing out that the former pays nothing for his highway, that it is maintained and improved at public expense, while the carrier by rail must construct his own highway, pay heavy taxes and is subjected to increasing governmental supervision and regulation. He urged a popular understanding of the fact that rail transportation is more important than water transportation, expressing the belief that when the inter-dependence of the railways and the people is understood, the people will be as reluctant to place obstacles in the way of railroad improvement as they would be to oppose the improvement of waterways.

Expressing the belief that "there is danger that legislation intended to regulate railways may prove to be an obstacle to their extension and develop-

(Continued on Page Three.)

WALL STREET FEVERISH

HARRIMAN AND HILL STOCKS SLUMP HEAVILY.

Speculators Are Up in the Air and Market Is Sensitive to Rumors.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Heavy selling of stocks in the first hour, of which bears took prompt advantage, followed by persistent rumors that one or more stock exchange houses were embarrassed by losses, sustained in the last few days, combined today to make the stock market sensitive and feverish throughout the day. Losses on the slump during the opening hour ranged from four to seven points, Union Pacific heading the list with a loss of 7 1-4, Great Northern preferred, Smelting, Reading and St. Paul suffering losses of five points and upward and Northern Pacific 4 1-2. A reaction followed quickly, in which part of the early losses were made up but the market continued weak, and alternate periods of decline and reaction followed during the rest of the day. Alarming reports as to the stability of two unnamed commission houses contributed largely to this condition, and prices were extremely irregular, some of the active stocks showing pronounced gains, while at the same moment others were recording sharp losses.

The passage of the delivery hour at 2:45 p. m., without the anticipated announcement of failures restored confidence, and this, with active covering, restored confidence and there was a violent rebound in the last hour, where many of the leading stocks regained

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All wool cravenette coat, two shades, formerly priced $12.50

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Company

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LEADER

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Children's and misses' dresses, ages 1 to 18 years, all colors, plain and plaids.
Prices .....39c to $5.00
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Ladies' Easter Hats.....
.....$2.50 to $10 each
Collars, turnovers, bags, combs, ribbons, plumes, aigrettes, buckles, in endless variety.

THE LEADER

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In asking your grocer to get

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you are not only being satisfied yourself but you are doing him unknown good by giving this—EMPSON'S—a trial. He will [illegible]

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[illegible] knowledge [illegible] process by which milk bottled [illegible] for the consumer. We [illegible] and our methods [illegible]

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Weekly Gazette

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YOU TAKE NO CHANCES

When you have your dental work done by our methods results are certain. We solicit the most difficult cases and guarantee satisfaction. Our prices are the lowest possible consistent with the high quality of the work. Dr. Shaw, Dental Surgeon, Barnes Building, 113 E. Pike's Peak Ave. Phone 918. Hours from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Evenings 7 till 8. Sundays 9 a. m. till 1 p. m.

REFORM ERA IS PROMISED

(Continued From Page One.)

organize the fact that Russia is a Christian state in which the orthodox church is privileged. Nevertheless the rights of the orthodox church must not impinge on the rights of others, and the government was introducing laws dealing with religious liberty, the liquidation of [illegible] etc.

No More Exiling

The premier said the government had decided to abrogate administrative exile. He also promised a complete organization of administrative [illegible] and other administrations.

Referring on some of the details of the proposed changes which should be made, and tend to the centralization of all executive power in the various departments governing provinces, the premier said that the action of the courts would be based on the decisions of justices of the peace by local populations. The premier then outlined the plans for the central agricultural administration to assist the peasants in establishing themselves in the newly purchased land.

Considering, said M. Stolypin, that the labor movement tends to ameliorate the condition of the working classes, the government will abandon all measures for artificial support and will suppress all movements tending to its restriction. The government must also safeguard the interests in order to protect the weaker classes, but the government will insure full liberty of action both to employers and employes, including the right of the latter to form associations like [illegible]

Reforms for Workmen

A legislative measure [illegible] the government is to introduce workmen's insurance against illness and accidents, [illegible] workmen's representatives [illegible] the working people.

Premier Stolypin then announced the issue of a manifesto which will provide for the granting of the rights of the people, stipulated in the manifesto of October last, [illegible] the Duma. Lastly, the premier said that the government had decided to abrogate the Act of October 17 [illegible] from [illegible] the Trans-Baikal territory, to Kharbarovsk, with a view of establishing commercial [illegible] between Europe and Russia and the Far East.

Must Have Money

In answer to a question from Count Witte, Premier Stolypin said that the government had [illegible] the country [illegible] the maintenance of the health of the country. If it will be necessary to [illegible] the place of [illegible] the government [illegible] the necessity of expenditure imposed upon it by Russia's greatness. The extraordinary character of these requirements demands extraordinary measures. He asked for a change therefore will propose from taxation, including a [illegible] and a modification of the land duties. The premier said the regeneration of Russia is only possible through the realization of new principles of government. I am ready to make the greatest effort. My aim is good will and experience and to be devoted to the country which will call the Government. Russia, he said, is the duty to safeguard its interests against [illegible] order and calm. The country [illegible] to say that Russia go [illegible] Russia should be the government of the country.

LOCAL OPTION TO BECOME LAW

(Continued from Page One.)

given a further chance for its life by being returned to the committee of the whole for further consideration.

A little fight is being made on the bill drawn by the state superintendent of public instruction, to codify the school laws. It came up in committee of the whole where the amendments made by the special committee were adopted. Mr. Cannon obstructed the passage with all the skill he knew but could only delay it. Explanation was made that some matters overlooked in the first draft, notable that of the kindergarten system, had been carefully gone over and inserted.

Another bill to pass second reading was that providing for the compilation of the laws of the state. During the session Mr. Watson, chairman of the appropriations committee, warned the lobbyists that the bills they wanted for appropriations would take $[illegible] of the state's money.

To Amend Articles

A bill by Mr. Collins to enable [illegible] to provide by explanatory that it was designed to permit Colorado College [illegible] to continue their activities of incorporation, it was stated, [illegible] be direct.

The most important bill passed during the evening was that to provide for the state the fishing rights in [illegible] sold from the time forward.

The report of the tax commission [illegible] shows $[illegible] in this, but is of this $[illegible] of state [illegible] bank [illegible] Colorado Springs [illegible]

Delay Stratton Report

[illegible] the report of the State Auditor [illegible] Stratton [illegible] the report [illegible] the [illegible] amendment of condemnation [illegible] to fill [illegible]

FLOODS IN CALIFORNIA

[illegible] the worst flood in [illegible] years [illegible] has kept the [illegible] the [illegible] Sacramento [illegible] the [illegible] Sacramento [illegible] the [illegible] Sacramento

A brand new lot of the Frink water color panels go on sale today.

A charming little gift for Easter.

Price 50 cents.

HARDY'S, 6 South Tejon Street

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

RAILROADS CHARGED WITH MISTREATMENT OF STOCK.

Actions Against Santa Fe and Southern Pacific for Alleged Starving of Cattle and Horses

LOS ANGELES March 19—Complaints were filed in the United States district court today by District Attorney Lindley charging the Santa Fe and the Southern Pacific Railroad companies with cruelty to animals under the federal statute prohibiting the people feeding and watering stock while in process of shipment. Seven counts were filed against the Santa Fe and twelve against the Southern Pacific. The penalty for each offense is reported to be $500.

All of the shipments complained of occurred within the Arizona and desert districts of California during the period from November 1, 1906 to the first of January. In the Santa Fe complaints, suits against the Santa Fe for cruelty to animals in transport, the charge is that the animals were kept in cars without food or water for periods ranging from 36 hours to 4 days. The Southern Pacific shipments were made from points in Arizona and California to points in Texas.

Suits against the Santa Fe have been filed in Kansas, Texas and California, from Seligman, Ariz., to Kansas City, Kansas, and from points in California to points in Texas. In another instance 27 horses were brought from Seligman to this city and left in a cattle road for 48 hours without food or water. In another case the Southern Pacific was charged with cruelty to animals in transporting a shipment over the Marcopa, Phoenix and Santa Fe railroad, which shipment was later handled by the Santa Fe railroad. The Arizona railroad officials claim that the shipments were left lacking food and water because the law provides that they stop at least every 28 hours for rest after each 28 hours of consecutive service, and that they had not properly fed and watered the stock.

GUTHRIE, Okla., March 19—All hearings of Oklahoma corporations today when the Oklahoma legislature convened in the state capital.

PLUNDERING THE JEWS

TWO THOUSAND HEBREWS FLEE FROM HOMES.

Outbreaks in Roumania Are Serious and Several Persons Are Killed by Soldiers

VIENNA, March 19—According to a telegram received here from Czernowitz, in Austrian town close to the boundary of Moldavia, Roumania, advices have been received there from the Austrian frontier police stations at Itzkani and Suczawa that the anti-Jewish outbreak in Roumania is assuming serious proportions. Peasants have attacked and plundered Jews at Burdujeni and at Itzkani. About 2,000 fugitives, mostly women and children, already have crossed the frontier. Other reports indicate that further serious disturbances have occurred in Moldavia. Several persons have been killed in the town of Jassy, and other disturbances are reported from the Roumanian provinces.

The Austro-Hungarian authorities are bringing the refugees across the frontier.

RICHAUTZ, March 19—Further reports from Botoshani state that during the rioting there March 16 the peasants were killed and two soldiers fatally wounded.

Both houses of parliament today passed an urgent bill authorizing the government to call the reserves to the colors for a fortnight, if necessary. It is reported that many thousands of peasants are preparing to enter Jassy. The prefect of the district has telegraphed to the government asking that a large force of troops be sent there.

Students here are agitating the Kishineff questions as the peasant. The Jewish population is in fear of a repetition.

The following official version of the riots at Botoshani has been given out:

In consequence of the agitation going on in Bessarabia and neighboring districts, several hundred peasants from the Botoshani district razed a number of houses and shops in the town, including the premises of some large Jewish firms.

The military sent against the rioters were first upon and stoned and finally were compelled to use their weapons. They fired and left four men killed and nine wounded.

VIENNA, March 19—Telegrams received here from Bucharest declare that Prime Minister Jonescu demanded of the prefect of Botoshani district why he did not maintain order in his district. The prefect replied that no Roumanians were in danger, while as for the Jews, he would not give an Christian's life for a million Jews. When the prefect was reproached by the premier that he was unfit for his post, he answered that he would not resign but that he was ready to be dismissed.

PROMISED LIBERTY TO LOOT

Soldiers of Nicarauga Incited to War by Permits to Plunder Honduran Cities

PUERTO CORTEZ, Honduras, March 14 (Via New Orleans, March 19)—A turn of sinister significance was given to the central American war today by the finding of the persons of captured Nicaraguan officers proclamations promising them the sack of the first cities they can capture in both Honduras and Salvador.

Americans in Puerto Cortez and Ceiba have received assurances that the principal property holders of both of the Honduran cities.

Any doubt as to the authenticity of such loot is dissipated by the wording of the proclamation issued in the expedition of 1894 by some of the persons now living in Puerto Cortez who were present at the looting of Choluteca and Nicaraguan officers allied by about 20 of their men, pillaged every house in the town. The worst nature of the looting of Choluteca while the Italian and French ships were shelling the city indignities offered both the women and the helpless people.

BUTTE STREET CARS TIED UP

Company Will Force Men to Resume Work at Old Scale

BUTTE, Mont., March 19—The office of the street railway company was deserted tonight and it looks like a long and determined fight between the company and the workingmen, the latter being responsible for the tie up of the road. All kinds of conveyances were in use upon the streets today and cab and transfer companies and hack drivers did a flourishing business. In the interest of public living in Walkerville, Centerville and Meaderville cars were run at frequent intervals and were well patronized. Manager Wharton of the street railway stated that the tie up will continue until the striking employes are tired out and join the ranks to work at the old scale of $3 per day.

Slates are no longer used in London schools. The exercises are written on washable paper with lead pencils.

JEROME FIGHTS HARD

ATTORNEY PUTS FINISHING CLINCHES ON CASE.

Hammers Expert Alienists and Delivers Damaging Blows to Defense on Insanity Plea

NEW YORK, March 19—By pounding his cross examination of seven alienists for the defense, Mr. Jerome succeeded in forcing them to admit that Harry K. Thaw was insane when he shot and killed Stanford White. Despite Attorney Jerome's efforts, it was impossible to get them to admit that Thaw was sane when he killed White.

[illegible] Mr. Delmas, Mr. Jerome and District Attorney Jerome, with Mr. Delmas, will hold a conference with the jurors, and the trial will be resumed tomorrow morning.

District Attorney Jerome, in his cross examination of the experts, dwelt on the question of Thaw's sanity at the time he killed White. He also sought to show that Thaw was sane when he killed White because he was jealous of Evelyn Nesbit.

Dr. Jelliffe, the last expert witness, was on the stand when the court adjourned today. He will be cross examined by District Attorney Jerome when the trial is

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THE OLDEST REPUBLICAN DAILY NEWSPAPER IN COLORADO.

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The Gazette is the only newspaper in Colorado Springs which receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1907.

What President Roosevelt Says About Non-Partisan City Government.

"The worst evils that affect our local government arise from, and are the inevitable result of, the mixing up of city affairs with party politics of the nation and state. The lines upon which national parties divide have no necessary connection with the business of the city. Such connections open the way to countless schemes of public plunder and civil corruption."—Theodore Roosevelt.

PLENTY OF ABUSE BUT NO ARGUMENT.

THE local organ of the Republican machine (which, by the way, has recently been appointed organ of the Electric company and is now waiting for the Santa Fe railway to "come around") is experiencing a good deal of difficulty in finding arguments with which to urge the election of the gang ticket. Thus far it has confined itself entirely to abuse. In the Municipal league. In answer to the proofs of the Republican machine's unfitness to rule as shown by its long record of defalcations and mismanagement, the Telegraph says not a word. As properly befits a gang organ which receives its orders daily from gang headquarters, it is deaf, dumb and blind.

The Telegraph talks about the "irresponsibility" of non-partisan organizations and urges the importance of keeping the city government in the control of a regular party, which is "responsible." Very well. Let us apply the test to the Republican organization in Colorado Springs. It had absolute control of the government of this city for a period of many years, during April, 1907, and therefore, according to the Telegraph's argument, it was and is responsible to the people for the acts of the men it placed in office.

One of those men, a City Treasurer, stole $40,000 of the people's money; a Building Inspector and a clerk in the Water Commissioner's office got away with smaller sums; and a City Engineer permitted a contractor to do fraudulent work on the brick plant in the water system, to rob which cost the taxpayers many thousands of dollars. Then there was the Seven Lakes deal by which the city paid for a tract of mountain pasture an amount several times its actual value. Instances of gross mismanagement and extravagance might be cited without number, involving the Street Department, the Police Department and almost every other branch of the city government.

REMEMBERS BUT WON'T TALK OF IT. The Telegraph doubtless remembers the cases of King and Atkinson, respectively Chief of Police and head of the detective force, who were removed from office for collusion with criminals against whom it was their duty to protect the people. Oh yes, the Telegraph and all of the other good gangsters remember these cases, well, and they also remember the other cases here cited, but they are carefully avoiding mention of them nevertheless. Why? Simply because the whole business was part and parcel of machine rule and to make any reference to it is to admit the black record of the Republican machine in this city.

It is not surprising, in view of these facts, that the machine organ is compelled to fall back on the maxim of the shyster lawyer, "When you have a weak case, abuse your opponent's attorney." The Telegraph, as usual, is defending a weak case, so its only line of defense is an attack on the Municipal League and The Gazette. Both the League and this paper can help with equanimity the feeble efforts of a journal whose record in the community is as "queer" as that of the machine organ. But it would be a relief to a good many people who are anxious to know on what grounds, if any there be, the Republican gang bases its claim to public favor, if that sheet would regain its lost sanity long enough to advance one single sound argument.

THE SAN FRANCISCO GRAFT REVELATIONS.

THE disclosures in the San Francisco graft cases have been growing steadily worse, until now, with the knowledge revealed in today's dispatches, the case appears to be worse than anything else in the history of American cities, with the possible exception of the Tweed ring case in New York.

If ever a city was completely sold out, San Francisco appears to be the one. The Ruef-Schmitz crowd have overlooked no source of revenue. Legislation and special privileges of every kind had their market value, and the highest bidder always got the favor. According to the confession of several members of the Board of Supervisors, $100,000 was the price paid last June for a street railway franchise, and of this sum Ruef and Schmitz each got $250,000 and the remainder was divided among the supervisors. The gang charged a big bribe for keeping out a rival telephone company, and later got a still bigger one for letting it in.

And so on. Scores of dishonest contracts. Every interest that wanted a special privilege—even the prize-fight promoters—was forced to pay heavy tribute to this band of political pirates. The most shameless feature of the whole despicable business is that many of their depredations were carried on while San Francisco was in the throes of the earthquake disaster. They capitalized the city's misfortune and made themselves rich out of it.

A LESSON FOR OTHER CITIES. To say that American cities are the most wretchedly misgoverned of any in the civilized world is a commonplace but it is doubtful whether any of the others has sunk to the low level of degradation reached by San Francisco. Yet the evil that lies at the bottom of San Francisco's troubles—gang politics—is present to an alarming degree in all of them, and unless it is checked the tendency everywhere is toward just such a state of affairs as has been brought to light on the Pacific Coast. When the people place their government in charge of politicians who make the pursuit of spoils their business they must expect to be regarded by those politicians as legitimate prey.

Ruef and Schmitz made money out of their opportunity, just as "Ed" Butler did in St. Louis, as Cox did in Cincinnati, and as Mayor Ashbridge and his associates did in Philadelphia. It is the same old story with a few local variations, and it has a moral for the people of every town and city in the country. That moral is the necessity of repudiating, once and forever, a political gang that has demonstrated its unfitness to rule, and electing to office only men of known integrity and ability.

REPLY TO MR. BACHE.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

If Mr. Bache will take the trouble to read my letter of the 15th instant again he will see that there is no need for him to "come from under the cover of a mud de plume," as he suggests. I did not refer to my own case, but to the one mentioned by "Electron." About a year ago there was a similar case described in the editorial columns of The Gazette, in which a lady who kept a rooming house in the south part of the city tried an experiment. There was not a bit of current used all the month—lamps being used—but the bill was about the same.

It would be just to state that Mr. Bache was not, I believe, connected with the company at that time, and he was good enough to investigate any complaints.

It would seem as though now—until the first of April at least—was the time to get one's grievances settled satisfactorily. Whether it will have to pay much for the pleasure, after the first of next month?

INTERESTED.

Colorado Springs, March 19.

AN ANSWER TO "CITIZEN"

To the Editor of The Gazette:

If the proposed municipal ownership plant operates 24 hours per day and can get all of the power business in the proposed favored district, and they confine their operations to that district, they may perhaps secure an efficiency of 50 per cent, but if they confine their operations to lighting only an efficiency of 70 per cent would be considered good practice.

If they eventually cover the entire city with a distribution system, we feel sure that they will not be able to sell to exceed 60 per cent of the current bought or generated. It is on account of our exceedingly large power business that we are enabled to sell as much as 75 per cent of the current bought and generated. In justice to Professor E. S. Parsons of Colorado college, we wish to call attention to the fact that he is not the Professor Parsons so frequently referred to in recent communications.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS ELECTRIC CO.
R. P. BACHE, Manager.

Colorado Springs, March 19.

"OUR" LIGHTS.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

That the Colorado Springs Electric company is very much frightened is patent to all from the fact that it has declared itself against the Municipal league and allied itself with the Republican machine.

Money is no object to it now. Upon the use of money, and money alone, rests its one chance of success. It has found that the argument of "cash" works better with the Republican machine than it does with the Municipal league. It has increased its purchased space for advertising in both newspapers. It is sending circulars with printed news items about the "awful failures in municipal ownership," through the mails to every voter in the city. (This represents a nice little sum for postages.)

It offers $10,000 (?) to any charity which Electron may name as a guarantee of good faith that it will not raise prices for light should the bond issue fail to carry.

It keeps the wires hot telegraphing around to get denials of statements made by Electron of the success of municipal lights, and he has taken notice that the telegraphic replies received are from CORPORATIONS and not from reputable city officials. It abuses Professor Parsons and Professor Bonds and Colorado college, and then gets scared for fear somebody will think it means Professor E. S. Parsons, and explains that it does not mean that gentleman; and it is really funny to watch it spinning round and round and ranting here and there in a desperate confusion as to what to do next!

We do not wonder that it is frightened, for it does begin to look very certain that the bond issue will carry.

The Colorado Springs Electric company has received an addition to its fighting corps in the person of a gentleman from the east with plenty of money, who has come out to "help." The New York company that owns Colorado Springs' lights can well afford to spend $50,000, $100,000, or even $150,000 to defeat the municipal ownership ordinance here, for they can get it all back, out of the citizens of Colorado Springs in a short time, at the rate of 12½ cents per kilowatt-hour! It would be interesting to know where the Colorado Springs Electric company gets its data. Probably most of it comes from a press bureau in New York, which is supported by the monopolists of the country, for the sole purpose of misrepresenting the facts concerning city ownership of public utilities.

The Electric company publishes a list of 75 public plants that have failed. Well, if we had as much money as the Electric company seems to have we could publish a list of hundreds that have NOT failed! Seventy-five isn't so bad, out of six or seven hundred. Statistics tell us that between 90 and 95 per cent of private business ventures fail, and the only reason why many private electric plants do not fail is because they have a monopoly and run their business by a system of extortion on the people. If dividends are not large enough to suit them, it is quite easy to raise the price of light a cent or two and the "dear people" have to pay. The method of procedure adopted by corporate monopolies is exactly the same all over the United States. Let a city grow restive under the oppression of a monopoly and try to throw off the yoke, by instituting a movement for public ownership—what happens? Behold! money and men are hurried to the scene and no stone is left unturned to defeat the efforts of the people for liberty.

It is the same where a movement for local option or the enforcement of the liquor laws is started; the breweries all over the country join together to defeat the measure, and money and workers are poured on to the field. Any man, newspaper, or political party that can be bought, IS BOUGHT.

Fortunately, a few citizens begun the fight which would be made by the electric monopoly, and for weeks have been in touch with cities owning and successfully operating electric light plants. A most interesting comparison is that between Buffalo and Detroit. Buffalo (privately owned) power generated very cheaply at Niagara Falls.

Detroit (publicly owned) electricity produced by hauling coal long distance.

Buffalo (privately owned). Average cost per arc light for ten years ending June 30, 1905, $91.77.

Detroit (publicly owned). Average cost per arc for ten years ending June 30, 1905, $87.63.

Buffalo (privately owned), at the end of ten years has nothing to show but receipted bills.

Detroit (publicly owned) has that, and besides that, an up-to-date, perfectly equipped public lighting plant worth $1,000,000, and which could not be duplicated for that sum.

So, while Detroit's public lights the past ten years have cost the city, including the total cost of the lighting plant, less than Buffalo's lights have cost her, Detroit has made a million-dollar plant besides.

Mr. Frederick P. Ingram, former president public lighting commission of Detroit, says: "Under public ownership actual cost of service is covered by operating expenses, depreciation betterment and a sinking fund. Under private ownership the charge must cover these, and in addition (1) a fair dividend on the actual capital invested—(2) dividends on any securities issued in excess of the actual investment, (3) to pay back within the life of the franchise not only the capital invested, but the fictitious capitalization on water stock; (4) legal expenses, a polite term that covers blackmail by politicians and promoters and the cost of privileges and exceptions secured from legislative and other officials. My personal views are, that cities should own and operate all public utilities within their boundaries without any qualifications or exceptions whatever. A self-governed city must be a self-governed city. Self-government is impossible if the people's control is weakened and made ineffective through grants of government functions to private corporations. The private corporations under such circumstances, of necessity must either govern the city or practically destroy its government, insofar as government is a reflection of the wishes or aspirations or average morality of the citizens. There can not be efficient city government with public utilities in private hands. The first consideration should be, to get them out of private hands, when other reforms will be possible.

"Public ownership, complete and real, brings harmony of interest between owners and the public by making them identical, makes every citizen a partner in the business, thus securing the maximum diffusion of benefit, complete democracy and equal rights."

Let us not be deceived by the scarecrow of the Electric company; let us not be overawed by their large type or their harping on "the favored district." The ordinance calls for no "favored district," and even if it did, "half a loaf is better than no bread."

ELECTRON.

Colorado Springs, March 19.

MUST NAIL THE "LIE."

To the Editor of The Gazette:

I am a Republican from conviction, and as such I have attempted to make a house to house canvass of my precinct. I began the work today, and have thus far interviewed 20 voters with the following line of questions. "For whom did you last vote for president?" Twenty answered, Roosevelt. "For whom did you vote last fall for governor?" Twenty answered, Buchtel. "For whom will you vote for mayor, April 2?" Nineteen answered MacMillan and one answered Heizer. Having found one that said he would vote for Heizer, I then asked him if he would tell me why he preferred Heizer, and he replied, "Certainly, and with pleasure. It is because I prefer a wide-open town to the present state of affairs." I then went back and applied the same question to the 19 who had preferred MacMillan. Nine answered that they preferred a closed to a wide-open town, and 10 answered that the present administration came into power and formed a floating debt of more than $50,000; that they have paid the debt and now have a cash balance of more than $20,000, and have not increased the tax levy. I could only reply to this by saying that the statement looked to me like a big campaign lie.

Now, I take this public method of calling the attention of the candidates of my party to the fact that unless they get to nail this campaign lie to the cross of gold or sit flat down on a bunch of thorns. B. R. Clark can make an affidavit, showing that no such debt existed. Simeon J. Dunbar can make such an affidavit. Ira Harris is in a position to make such an affidavit; George Perry is in charge of the official records, and a statement from him would clear the atmosphere. It is absolutely necessary to have such a statement, even though it would show a debt of $49,999.99, as this would help our cause, and we could truthfully say the debt was less than $50,000.

Then, again, the banks who hold the public funds should be approached to, that they may state that the city has no such cash balance as that claimed. Get it down if you possibly can below $19,999.99, and then we will be in a position to say that the cash on hand is much less than $20,000.

You must, by all means, nail this lie to the cross, even though it takes all the gold of Cripple Creek and the Klondike to do it.

If you can not get the affidavits of which I speak and thus nail it as a campaign lie, then tell one equally as big that the voters will believe and thus act as a counter irritant. We are in desperate straits just now, and unless something is done, and that quickly, too, our cause is lost, and the soda fountains will have none of the pure quill for the next two years. It will not do any good to talk eloquently of our day lands on the east or our vast water power on the west, or of our honesty, but we must meet the issue fairly. Can we do it?

TIMOTHY HAY.

Colorado Springs, March 19.

TEACHERS' SALARIES IN COLORADO SPRINGS

To the Editor of The Gazette:

Your valuable paper the other day informed us that the maximum wages paid to the teachers of Colorado Springs is the miserable pittance of seven hundred eighty ($780) dollars per annum. I thought at first that there was some mistake and that for maximum it should read minimum. Further investigation proved that you were right. It scarcely seems possible that an intelligent, wealthy people should be so contemptible mean to their servants who not only are molding the destinies of the children, but also the destiny of the nation. Men and women often talk of the horrible slavery that once existed in the south; and yet here they are encouraging a slavery respectable in name, but more unjust in principle. The slave of the south was free from the worry for subsistence, he knew that in ill health he would be cared for and when by age unfitted for service he would be kindly supported to the end. His fitting for service cost him nothing in money, or time, or energy, he was obliged to do no more than a fair day's work, and his responsibility was all. The slaves of Colorado Springs have to spend years, money, energy and health to reach the high standard of scholarship and training demanded, have to worry over the shortcomings of their pupils due to irregular training, community vices, home moral and social diseases, have to humble themselves to satisfy the whims of the parents and often the barbaric, unsympathetic, unreasonable demands of a board of directors, many of whom have had no training that could possibly fit them for their responsible position; have to economize most carefully to make ends meet; have daily to face the horrible thought that this strain is undermining health, unfitting for any other occupation, and yet providing nothing for the hour of sickness, physical exhaustion and an early old age.

Under such conditions no teacher can afford to have no other gods than that of the school room, and if he does not break the other commandments of God, for the good of such a community, he ought to.

If the board of directors can't be made to see the justice for paying a just living and comfortable salary, let every one of them be arrested by the Humane society. Charge, cruelty to animals.

JAME HUTCHISON KESH.

Colorado Springs, March 19.

Girls' Noon Lunch Woes.

Getting Nourishing Meal on Thirty Cents a Problem.

From the Chicago Chronicle.

"To the ordinary working girl the lunch question is a problem," said the Stenographer, as she removed her picture hat, counted her change and gnawed an apple as if she were really hungry. "How to make a certain allowance per week cover car fares and one meal a day in town and to make this meal nourishing and appetizing at the same time—well, I can't do it every day. Of course there are plenty of places where one may eat, but scarcely one-third of them are suitable for a woman. Of the remainder a great many are too high priced and other are distasteful for many reasons.

Easy for a Man.

"A man may go in almost anywhere and obtain for a comparatively small sum a substantial lunch if he is not too particular about the table linen and the service. There are many places for men where each may be suited to his fancy or his pocketbook or both—spas, dairy lunches, the hotels, restaurants and lunch counters. He may eat standing up or sitting down; he may wait on himself, carry his provender to a chair with a small shelf attached, consume it in silence and depart. Or he may smile on the waitress, inquire if his favorite dish is good today and receive the gracious attention of the young woman who dispenses hash and ice cream and looks expectantly under the plate for a tip, then stroll forth to resume work with that feeling of satisfaction with the world which is always credited to a man after a good square meal.

"I know all about these things because I have a man cousin—they are fine to have sometimes—and he tells me how the men get along in such matters. If it were not for what he says I should fancy, like most girls do, that he has no lunch problem at all to solve; that he just drops into the nearest place or the one he happens to fancy through some whim or other and, presto! dishes for the gods appear.

"Knowing better than this on account of my inside information, I do not say that there is no difficulty about it for a man, but what I do say and will maintain in spite of some flimsy arguments sometimes weakly advanced by the male relative aforesaid is that the slight difficulties he sometimes encounters are nothing to the problem a girl has to solve.

Men Sometimes Carp.

"My cousin sometimes is obstinate about it and will take up the various classes of places I have mentioned where the male portion of city humanity can satisfy the noonday cravings with comfort and at a reasonable sum and so will multiply objections to each one. Take the dairy lunches, for instance. Cousin Jack will tell you that he attributes his attack of dyspepsia directly to them. He says that when he first really noticed one of these places he was surprised that he had been such a dunning as to pass by a dozen of them every day and never give them any serious attention. He says he had got so into the habit of going to a certain class of restaurants where they serve "regular meals" for about 35 cents, that it had never occurred to him there was any other kind of eating establishment except the first-class cafes. My cousin at that time was not throwing away any money. It never occurred to him to pay for anything but food in a restaurant. He had not arrived at the point where he would toss a dollar on the counter carelessly, having duly enjoyed the furniture, the excellent service and the orchestra.

"But I am wandering from the dairy lunch—something that my cousin says he one himself after a few short weeks of delusion, accompanied by his first attack of dyspepsia. He says the bakery goods of various kinds in the window never presented such gay colors, such a tempting array of delicate-looking things was there, seeming as if they would melt in your mouth, as if they required no digestive processes at all, that in an unlucky hour he yielded to the temptation.

Names Made Mouth Water.

"Going inside, he found that there was even more in the way of dishes with delectable names than even he had fancied from looking at the tempting morsels in the window. He saw such things as 'chicken croquettes, oyster sandwiches, soups of all kinds that scented as though they ought to be so healthful and nourishing, besides being appetizing.' He took some of these things. The first day it was a chicken croquette. It was beautifully spiced and seasoned. True, he was not sure that he detected the chicken, but it seemed nice and he fancied digestion was something that in a place like this was the last thing he need worry about. The next day he tried one of the broths or consommes. There, the spice was not stored. That cook seemed to have had instructions to spare in spice in the matter of pepper, either black or red. He was given cafe blanche and he certainly used that pepper with no niggardly hand.

"My cousin was soon telling all his friends what a bonanza he had found. Why, thought he, had he never discovered this place before? Well, the end was that 60 of dollars in expenses, he says, he has tried a number of experiments since and his reminiscences are certainly interesting. I would tell you some about them and the criticisms he has to make on the various other male eating places, but this is a story of the working girl and her lunch difficulties and, as the novelists were want to say, I digress.

Woes of the Woman.

"But for the woman—stenographer, bookkeeper, saleswoman, cash girl, errand girl, or even the general manager's secretary—the lunch problem looms large. She may not, or will not, go where the men go. She does not usually receive the same amount of food for the same amount of money that a man receives. Why has not yet been explained. A man may get a good deal for a quarter; sometimes a complete dinner. A woman gets practically nothing and unless she understands dietetics she has a hard time to make a quarter cover a wholesome, nourishing midday meal. And, be it known, a working girl on the average salary seldom feels justified in expending a quarter or 30 cents for luncheon except on special occasions.

"What do women eat for lunch? Often has the question been asked by employers, promoters of schemes, philanthropists, hotel men, settlement workers, managers of hotels for women, and even the funny man has found the subject worthy of attention. He will tell you that ice cream soda is the popular lunch. Now, this is not so far fetched as it might seem. A pretty young secretary of a Boston editor went out one hot day, stood irresolute at the door, sought a popular soda fountain and consumed an ice cream soda. It didn't taste as good as it should, so, retracing her steps, and entering a well known candy store, she had another. After touring the shops for the remainder of the noon hour she returned to work four hours longer on the strength of two ice cream sodas.

Soft Drinks and Crackers.

"Yes, and there are department stores in town where crackers are served with all kinds of soft drinks and at noontime the place is three tiers deep with workers, who, like foolish virgins, throw away a dime under the delusion that they are having 'lunch.'

"Then there are the laboratory kitchens, where the diet faddists find lettuce salad, cereal coffee, wholewheat bread and mission furniture a satisfying midday episode.

"In various parts of the loop districts there are places for women where you get a little tray, march up to the counter in long files, tell the girl what you want after having eyed the bill of fare tacked to the wall, take your boiled ham, mashed potato, bread and butter and tea, or whatever it may be, on the tray and file away to a long table, where, in close quarters, with elbows glued to your side and in imminent danger of upsetting your neighbor's apple cart, you consume the contents of the little tray, after which you march back with the empty dishes and pay the cashier.

"This is known as the cafeteria. Of course, like most other things, there are cafeterias and cafeterias. Some are good, some are bad and some are indifferent, which is more than can be said of many other classes of bachelor girl banquet halls.

Cafeteria Nears Solution.

"But, really, so far as my own experience has gone, the cafeteria is the nearest thing to the solution. The worst feature of these is the crowding, but even in this city they are no worse than most other places. Here, it is true, you meet another species of the genius bargain-counter woman. The woman whose training you would believe to have been utterly neglected if you judged her only by her conduct in this place. She comes behind you with an injured, irritated look (which must in time be fatal to any beauty she may possess), seemingly indignant that you do not give her your place in the line—there is always a line. As you reach for a tray she stretches in front and snatches it before you can get it. The same with plates, spoons, etc. If you hesitate for a moment she will crowd in front of you and take your place.

"There are some of these disagreeables to be put up with, but you meet them in most places. The tables at some cafeterias are not quite so crowded, the chairs being placed a reasonably comfortable distance apart. But even then there is what might be termed an economy of space.

"Some of the best of these cafeterias are called lunch clubs and differ from the rest in that it is necessary to buy a ticket for entrance. This ticket generally costs a quarter and is good for a month, thus coming to about one cent a day. Or if you wish simply to pay a visit you can do so upon paying five cents admission.

"A few of these are really oases in the desert. You find cooking of the 'mother's' kind. If you are able to go in later, when most of the crowd has gone, you can almost fancy you were at home. Things are not deluged with condiments to disguise taint or to supply an artificial for want of a natural flavor. In fact, it is really food.

No Waiter to "Forget."

"But one of the chief attractions of these places is the privilege you have of waiting on yourself. This is worth paying a good percentage of your bill for. Need I explain? Do I address any happy mortal who does not know the restaurant waiter—that is to say, the waiter who waits at the first dozen of restaurants at all but the most expensive, where the garcon looks to you instead of to the hotel proprietor for his salary? It is worth something to escape the restaurant waiter; to get the things you select, not what the waiter happens to bring you; not to have to wait while the potatoes you didn't order are being replaced by those you did; not to have to wait until the waiter comes back with the same old dish you didn't order and have sent away to tell you that they haven't any of what you ordered; not to have them bring you soda biscuits, which happen to be your abomination, instead of the Vienna bread which you ordered with special emphasis, remembering that it is forgotten 19 times out of 20; not to find the coffee brought to you at first cold by the time you get the rest of the things you have ordered; not to have to make a disturbance that will attract the attention of everybody in the place except the waiter if you happen to want a spoon or to order something further. To have the privilege, I say, of waiting upon yourself is one of the joys of the cafeteria.

Some Taboo Meat.

"Meat is tabooed in one type of restaurant, and while they may try to delude you into the belief that some of the efforts offered taste like meat they don't all the same. You can have a course dinner for a quarter—pea soup, baked beans, rice and raisins, potato or celery salad, bread and butter pudding, raisin pie and buttermilk. Cereals, fruits and vegetables, but no meat, and, strange to relate, more men frequent the place than women.

"Of course there are the department store lunchrooms, good, bad and indifferent, where the bill of fare is fairly inviting and the dishes thick enough to stand years of careless handling. The food, however, is very good and well suited to the needs of the workers. Here come most of those workers who desire meat, vegetables, a light salad and a small but sweet desert.

"Worst of all, perhaps, are the long wooden counters, where you sit dangling your feet, unless you happen to be tall enough to reach the foot rail, and crook your weary back because the stools furnish no support. Then peer from the long rows of bottles on the menu on the wall and carefully select from its limited variety: Irish stew, squash, roll and butter, ice cream or coffee jelly, someone will order, while your neighbor will be eating coffee eclair with ice cream and, the white-faced girl across the counter will ask for a ham sandwich and a cup of coffee. Be sure to wipe the silver carefully with your napkin because automatic dish washers leave much to be desired.

Joys of Tearoom.

"The opposite of the counter lunches is the aristocratic and quiet little tearooms upstairs on State and other streets, where every footstep is hushed, the orders are whispered, and unless you have a good salary you will never venture more than twice, because—well, just because.

"The little cash and errand girls often take their lunches from home and eat them in the big packing rooms or in summer a few of them may find their way to Grant park. Then away to the coffee houses, where for two cents you may get a cup of fragrant, steaming coffee.

"But of course there are good restaurants where a woman may go, sit at a pleasant table with smooth, snowy linen, shining silver, ice tinkling in the glasses, pleasant waitresses and good service. If two go together and order, each one a part of a good nourishing luncheon, the noon hour may be pleasant and profitable and the work in the afternoon resumed with interest and courage. Even the hotel cafes may be invaded under this plan and the luncheon not cost too much. It's all in the extent of your allowance and in knowing how.

"But the orders—oh my! Sometimes it is hard to know how the waitresses keep their faces straight. Just step into a moderate-priced restaurant downtown where every kind of working girl whose salary averages from $7 to $25 a week goes. That is, those who appreciate good service, quiet, cleanliness and homeliness more than speed, and quality rather than quantity. Here they enter quietly, greet friends who have saved a chair for them, scan the bill of fare, often with a frown, for in spite of its length, the question what to eat is sometimes a bother, and finally order.

Crullers and Cocoa.

"A little round-faced girl with elbow sleeves tied with blue ribbons to match the smashing bow on her hair decides that she says, 'Corned beef hash, cup of coffee.' Her friend smiles sorrafully. 'Not for mine,' she says. 'Crullers and cocoa, whipped cream. Margaret! 'Butter toast and tea,' for the dyspeptic lady across the way; 'whole wheat bread, cup of tea, strong, and lemon pie' for another of the same ilk. 'Hashed ham and ginger ale,' orders a big, pale woman with a grudge against the world.

"Then in comes a thoroughbred who, after a few years of restaurants, has learned that too rigid economy is extravagance. 'Soup, small steak, French fried potatoes and cottage pudding.' Good but not pretentious. There beside her eye her, feeling sure she must get a good salary to afford so much. But sometimes experience teaches the economy of a good luncheon.

"At her right, however, a nifty little brunette wants a chicken sandwich, cocoa and chocolate mocha cake. Mocha cakes seem to be the most popular article on the menu. A club sandwich and coffee is not bad and some of the girls always have baked beans and brown bread at least twice a week. Some women dare to have eggs and a glass of milk even in a restaurant. Others venture forth with gingerbread and tea, bread and butter and ice cream, frankfurts and potato salad, mince pie and ice cream. In hot weather crackers and talk with berries is in popular demand. Vegetarians order boiled sweet potatoes, stewed corn and stewed tomatoes.

How Shopper Does It.

"You can always tell the shopper from the working girl. The shopper bustles in with the air of excitement due a pleasure trip, adjusts her glasses, reads the bill of fare from beginning to end and after a long time finally gives her order to the patient waitress with an air of satisfaction. Not so the worker. To her it is an endless here, this having to decide day after what she shall eat, and sometimes she gets reckless and orders any old thing, 'just because she has to eat.'

"Then there is the fortunate girl who comes in with a man in tow, who, of course is going to foot the bills. No fairy fare for her. A course dinner, if you please, and she calmly orders it and the man digs deep. If she works she has forgotten all about it and the word 'lunch' is blotted out.

"But, oh! the weariness and the bother of having to decide every day what to eat. Housewives make the same complaint, but to have a certain sum each day, beyond which she may not go, and to wrest from the bill of fare something appetizing and within the limits she shall wonder that the things girls eat are a source of bewilderment to a man to whom a capricious appetite and a western conscience regarding expenditure is an unknown quantity?"

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR

From the New York Press.

When a girl will admit a fellow kissed her he didn't.

The trouble with reform is it never begins where charity should—at home.

You can never make a woman believe that she isn't saving money by buying more to get a discount.

Most people's idea of a good cook is one that can fix up a thing that you eat without guessing what it is.

SONG OF THE ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY

I am a model Company,
I'm much commended both East and West;
I never mix in politics—
(Except when such a course seems best.)

I dearly love the people, too,
When they love darkness, I'm depressed,
I never mix in politics—
(Except when such a course seems best.)

Stockholders say—and they should know—
Of all virtues I'm possessed,
I never mix in politics—
(Except when such a course seems best.)

The people's welfare I've at heart—
You laugh! but really it's no jest,
I never mix in politics—
(Except when such a course seems best.)

O. OTOE.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Easter Suits for the Boys

It's the joy of every mother to see her boys dressed in styles that are becoming to their age.

FOR THE LITTLE FELLOWS, 2½ to 7 years, we are showing many styles and patterns that are especially juvenile. Among these style is the Russian Sailor suits which are very popular just now.

FOR THE BOYS of 6 to 12 years we have the sailor blouse and the Norfolk suits all made up with bloomer trousers. These suits are made up of fabrics and in patterns especially youthful.

FOR THE BOYS 10 to 17 years we are showing many styles in Norfolk and reefer suits.

Holbrook & Perkins

THE WARMEST MARCH MONTH

Government Temperature Reached 77 Degrees Above Zero Yesterday in Colorado Springs.

The highest temperature recorded in Colorado Springs during the month of March since 1879 was registered yesterday at the government weather bureau at Colorado college when the mercury raised to 77 degrees above zero. [illegible]

In March 1879 a temperature of [illegible] degrees was recorded at the college. The thermometer at the office of Commerce registered 82 degrees yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Following are the maximum temperatures recorded at the government weather station for the last five days: Sunday, 68 degrees, Monday, 74 degrees, yesterday 77 degrees. The minimum temperature recorded yesterday was 46 degrees. The mean temperature for the entire day was [illegible] degrees.

The grand jury reported to the superior

ALL DELIGHTED WITH SHOWING

Colorado Springs Dry Goods Company Store Never Presented More Beautiful Appearance

The Colorado Springs Dry Goods company had its annual spring opening yesterday. Interest centered chiefly, perhaps, in the portion of the store where the beautiful new hats and bonnets are to be found, all of which were selected by Mrs. McCracken during her recent trip east.

On the second floor, within a bower of grape leaves and fruit, Fink's orchestra furnished music from 2 to 5 o'clock and from 7 to 9 o'clock. Hundreds of ladies inspected the artistic display in the front windows, arranged by N. W. Northway, and then took the elevator to the millinery and suit departments.

The Paris boys, a jaunty tailored hat, found many admirers, besides there was a variety of mushroom and quaintly formed Holland styles. The leather shade, and the Copenhagen blue, as well as the wood and grape green, roses and daisies, are indiscriminately used upon the style one may fancy.

Mme. Helig, from the establishment of Gage Brothers, Chicago, has been engaged as head trimmer, and her superior skill will be manifest in every hat sent out by the company.

P. F. Thorson, general buyer for the Colorado Springs Dry Goods company, left several weeks since the new year in making purchases for the spring trade, and the lines of goods are [illegible] of every department.

The pony and Eton jacket suits in plaids or stripes in the delicate gray, champagne and leather shades are considered desirable, also the silk shirt waists and jumper suits and the separate garments of silk applique in the black, white, champagne shades.

Misses and children's coats were never prettier, and the Colorado Springs company has laid in a good supply of desirable shapes and colors. Their dry goods in the piece, silk, wool or cotton, must be seen to be fully appreciated. The same is true of the ribbons, laces and novelties of all kind.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

REMODELING SALE

20% Discount

On all Bibles and Prayer Books. This includes Oxford, Nelson, Bagster and International Bibles.

This Special Easter Sale is an unusual opportunity to buy Bibles and Prayer Books at a very unusual price.

Whitney & Grimwood

BERARD IS GOING TO FRANCE

Will Make Special Study of Dissension Between Church and State in That Country

Charles Berard of North Dakota, a nephew of the noted French painter of that name, who has been spending the winter in this city, will leave this afternoon for New York, whence he will sail next week for France.

Mr. Berard will make an exhaustive study of the dissension now existing in France between the church and the state, for use in his lecture tours. He will spend about six months in this investigation and intends to return here at its conclusion.

Lectures have been delivered by Mr. Berard in many cities of the United States, especially in the east, on the study of French, and most flattering criticisms have been published with regard to his work. His pure French and great accuracy have endeared him to students, figure in his series of lectures on the French language and the [illegible] of that land.

HIBBARD'S DISPLAY BEAUTIFUL

Store Crowded All Day Yesterday and Last Night—Barnes' Orchestra Entertains Guests

C. A. Hibbard's company showed many patrons yesterday and last night the latest spring millinery, and the extensive display and the [illegible] of the place were those in attendance. Barnes' orchestra discoursed music sweet and popular, melodies both of moon and coming.

The latest styles were attractively displayed in all departments, and it would be impossible to say which received the most attention. As for the suits in the ready-to-wear department, no dress, high, wool and silk, a velvet trimmed or check never has been seen. Few, plain polonaises, in short, show a design the latest and most perfect [illegible].

Exceedingly popular will be the new Maxine, a three quarters length coat of light tan suitings or silk, the peculiarity of which is a shoulder and sleeve cut in one piece.

Of course the millinery department was crowded all day. The new Dreyfus shape, turban, English walking and tailor shapes with drooping back vie one with the other for popular favor. Straws and leghorns in the colorings are shown and the small hats are entirely covered with flowers, fruit and foliage.

Brown, mauve and mulberry in a wide range of shades will be much used, as well as the standard light tints. Some novelties are exhibited by Hibbard and [illegible] of the latest pattern hats, both large and small, especially designed by their milliners.

A specialty is made of bonnets for elderly ladies and all black hats. Also there are dainty confections for the little girls in the way of quakers, poke, picture and lingerie hats.

On the first floor the firm has a carefully selected stock of high grade fancy table linen, squares and centerpieces, silks, wools and cotton materials, so varied for description.

Those in search of house furnishings will find a large stock of carpets, draperies, lace curtains and bed sets that have been carefully chosen for the spring and summer trade.

BIG JOINT INSTALLATION

Colorado Springs Pythians Entertain State Officers

Pike's Peak company No. 10 and Golden of the Gods company No. [illegible] K. of P. held a joint inspection and installation of officers, followed by a banquet in K. P. hall last night. Among the guests of honor were Brigadier General Charles D. Pfaffin and Col. P. H. Chambers, heads of the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias in Colorado, and Major W. A. Spurr of Pueblo. Last night will be long remembered by local Pythians as one of the most important events in the history of the local commands.

The officers installed are as follows: Company No. 1, Captain F. J. Martin and Lieutenants McMillan and Willson. Company No. 10, Captain John Grant and Lieutenants Wallace and Underwood. With his installation as captain last night Mr. Grant began his eighth year in command of Company No. 10, Captain Martin succeeding Captain Grenbury.

Buy your paint of Lowell-Meservey Hardware Co.

DAISY TRICKEY INJURED

Falls From Wheel and Sustains Fractured Leg.

Daisy Trickey, aged 10 years, living at 21 East Las Animas street, fell from her wheel at the corner of Pike's Peak avenue and Tejon street last night about 8 o'clock and sustained a fractured leg. Medical aid was summoned and she was removed to her home in the ambulance. Her condition is not regarded as dangerous.

Miss Trickey was riding across the Tejon street car track just north of Pike's Peak avenue when she saw a car coming. She tried to cross the track in front of the car and collided with a messenger boy and was thrown to the ground, her right ankle striking the track. Miss Trickey is employed at a candy store at 24 South Tejon street.

Garden tools, best prices, best goods. Lowell-Meservey Hardware Co.

BACK WITH PRISONER

DAYTON RETURNS WITH MRS. CHEATHAM-DEMMING.

Charged With Larceny, Embezzlement and Securing Money Under False Pretenses.

After desperately fighting extradition to this city from San Antonio, Texas, through the courts of the state and to the supreme court, for the last week, Mrs. Parker Cheatham-Demming was brought here with a warrant charging her with embezzlement, fraudulent conversion and securing money under false pretenses. She was brought to this city by Constable George Davison about 6 o'clock last night. The prisoner was arraigned before Justice W. N. Ruby on two informations of two counts each and committed to the county jail in default of bond in the sum of $3,000 on each information, for her preliminary hearing, the same court this week.

David McKee charges Mrs. Cheatham-Demming with embezzling $[illegible] and also with the larceny as bailee of that sum. Orval Wilday charges the defendant with issuing a fraudulent conveyance and with securing $[illegible] from him by false pretenses. McKee's claim is for $[illegible], while Wilday claims that a fraudulent conveyance of a chattel, Kate Boyd, cost him $[illegible]. Both cases will be vigorously prosecuted. The defendant lives in this city.

Mrs. Cheatham was arrested in San Antonio, Tex., about a year ago. Her offense is not bailable under the laws of Texas, and her attorney made every attempt to secure her release on a writ of habeas corpus. Undersheriff Dayton went to San Antonio last summer to secure his prisoner and after a delay of several days was obliged to return empty handed. Mrs. Demming's attorney appealed the case from one court to another, finally bringing his client to the supreme court. He fought strenuously and at time and at every turn to secure his client's release. He submitted the unique ground for habeas corpus that Mrs. Demming was losing her health as the result of jail confinement.

The supreme court several months ago decided to grant extradition, and Attorney H. S. Crawford, acting for the prisoner, filed a petition for a rehearing. This was denied by the court several weeks ago, but the attorney petitioned for a rehearing. The supreme court denied the motion for a rehearing, and Undersheriff Dayton at once left here for San Antonio, arriving here with Mrs. Demming last night.

McKee was formerly sheriff in San Antonio, Tex., and officiated at the hanging of Black Jack, a notorious negro murderer, several years ago. Wilday is employed by a leading house in this city.

FINDS STOLEN HORSE.

Constable Larrabee Recovers Animal Belonging to Alamo Livery

Constable W. P. Larrabee of Justice Ruby's court last night returned to this city with a valuable horse which was rented from the Alamo livery about a week ago by a Mr. Joseph and never returned. No trace has been secured of the buggy with which Joseph also disappeared. The horse and buggy are valued at $250.

Larrabee recently went into the country about 20 miles east of Colorado Springs on a private land deal. He noticed a horse grazing near his destination and took note of the animal. On his return to this city he heard of the theft of a horse and buggy from the Alamo barn, the description of the horse tallying closely with that he had seen in the country.

On returning to the ranch yesterday Larrabee learned from the owner that the horse had strayed onto his land and that he was keeping it until the owner appeared. The animal was returned to the Alamo livery by the constable.

JUDGE GUNNELL IS WEAKER

Death a Matter of But a Few Hours—Physicians Entertain No Hope of Recovery

No hope for the recovery of Judge A. T. Gunnell is held out by the attending physician. The invalid was last night reported as slightly weaker, with no other perceptible change in his condition. Death is regarded as a matter of hours.

Habit-forming Medicines.

Whatever may be the fact as to many of the so-called patent medicines containing injurious ingredients as broadly published in some journals of more or less influence, this publicity has certainly been of great benefit in arousing needed attention to this subject. It has in a considerable measure resulted in the most intelligent people avoiding such foods and medicines as may be fairly suspected of containing the injurious ingredients complained of. Recognizing this fact some time ago Dr. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y., took time by the forelock, as it were, and published broadcast all the ingredients of which his popular medicines are composed. Thus he has completely forestalled all carping critics and all opposition that might otherwise be urged against his medicines because they are now of known composition. Furthermore, from the formula printed on every bottle wrapper it will be seen that these medicines contain no alcohol or other habit-forming drugs. Neither do they contain any narcotics or injurious agents, their ingredients being purely vegetable, extracted from the roots of medicinal plants found growing in the depths of our American forests and of well recognized curative virtues.

Instead of a cold, which even in small portions long continued, as in obstinate cases of diseases, becomes highly objectionable from its tendency to produce a craving for stimulants, Dr. Pierce employs chemically pure, triple refined glycerine, which, of itself, is a valuable remedy in many cases of chronic diseases, being a superior demulcent, antiseptic, antiferment and supporting nutritive. It enhances the curative action of the Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherry bark and Bloodroot, contained in "Golden Medical Discovery," in all bronchial, throat and lung affections attended with severe coughs. As will be seen from the writings of the eminent Drs. Grover Coe of New York, Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College, Phila., Scudder of Cincinnati, Ellingwood, of Chicago, Hale of Chicago, and others, who stand as leaders in their several schools of practice, the foregoing agents are the very best ingredients that Dr. Pierce could have chosen to make up his famous "Discovery" for the cure of not only bronchial, throat and lung affections, but also of chronic catarrh in all its various forms wherever located.

COUNCIL MAKES RECORD

LONGEST MEETING EVER HELD IN COLORADO SPRINGS.

In Session at Hour of Going to Press Many Ordinances Under Consideration

In the longest session in the history of Colorado Springs city council last night and this morning, the latter being considered the [illegible] of the city ordinances. No radical alterations are contemplated in the [illegible] of the charges being [illegible] against [illegible] of the police [illegible].

The council met at [illegible] o'clock and [illegible] night worked steadily [illegible] but took a half hour recess for lunch and continued its labors [illegible] session at the hour The Gazette went to press.

The council has been working for several months on the [illegible] ordinance, [illegible] amendments and substitutes will be passed. The ordinance will [illegible] be ordered sent [illegible] meeting.

ONLY THREE DAYS LEFT

HAVE CHANGE RECORDED IF YOU HAVE MOVED.

Registration Books Must Show Where You Live on Election Day. Clerks on Duty

A persons already registered in the city may change their residence registration records by [illegible] the county clerk [illegible] Friday, March [illegible], election day. If they have moved [illegible] the change [illegible] by the clerks in the registration records [illegible] the [illegible] will not be allowed.

A RICH DISTRICT

[illegible] investors [illegible] that compare with [illegible] Masonic district [illegible] one of the best [illegible]. Never [illegible] property is so [illegible] divided [illegible] paying [illegible]. The [illegible] following to regarding the Masonic district.

A number of assays [illegible] from the Masonic district of claims of the Pittsburg Extention company show remarkably fine results. On the Wednesday claim of the company [illegible] great deal [illegible] for a distance of 200 feet [illegible]. At the east end of the claim, which is 10 feet across, it assays $[illegible] on the surface and at the edge the samples run about $15. Several samples run about $1. Several samples midway between the center and the edge run from 50c to $1.

Several assays from the Bond claim have also been received by Mr. S. Bond, who is president of the Calvada Mining & Milling company, which run from $7 to $15.

The Calvada company expects to begin work in the spring as soon as the weather will permit, and will start a large force of men to work developing the property. The persons interested are local people and they are sanguine that the coming summer will see the Masonic district one of the leaders in [illegible].

Buy your garden hose of Lowell-Meservey Hardware Co.

CRIPPLE CREEK EXCURSION

Sunday and Thursday each week. $2.50 Round Trip. Train leaves from Santa Fe Depot, 10:20 a. m.

Chicago Electric is the best garden hose; will last 10 years. Lowell-Meservey Hardware Co.

PERSONAL MENTION

Mrs. J. George Lenker of Denver is a guest at the Antlers.

George Carter of Victor, Colo., is a visitor in Colorado Springs.

Mrs. Roger William of Merrie England is registered at the Antlers.

Miss S. L. Carpenter is expected to arrive at Antlers today, business and pleasure trip through Mexico, New Mexico and Texas.

[illegible]

AN INTERESTING PROGRAM

Colorado Springs Hawkeye Centennial Association Meets

An entertaining program was given last night by the Colorado Springs Hawkeye Centennial association at its meeting in the Y. M. C. A. The object of the evening was given to obtain for Mr. Johnson, Captain Jones, a sketch of the value to the Colorado Springs association and expressed the wishes that the interest in this work of the association be maintained and that people be induced to join.

The music of the evening was furnished by Miss Grace Guzzen, who gave several violin numbers, and Miss Marjorie Speers, who played several piano selections. Miss Inez Johnson entertained the audience with several humorous readings, and Miss Irene Warman gave a recital about an old-time spelling match. A feature of the evening's program was an old-time spelling match, in which all took part. After the program light refreshments were served.

The next meeting of the association will be held about the middle of April. The three-act comedy "The Sleeping Car," by William Dean Howells, will be given.

COAT TAIL ON FIRE

M. J. ACTON NARROWLY ESCAPES BAD BURNING.

Boys See Blaze and Notify Man of His Predicament.—Cause Is Unknown.

But for the timely discovery of the fact that his coat tail was on fire Mr. J. Acton of 611 East Vermijo street might have been badly burned about 11 o'clock last night. Acton was returning from the opera house and was passing the Palmer when he passed Pearl Foster of 1 East Platte street, and all they saw of him was a [illegible] on sidewalk talking to some of his companions on the street. Acton's coat was on fire and called to him just as the cloth began to blaze. The fire was soon extinguished, although the coat was ruined.

Acton is unable to account for the cause of the fire. It is supposed that a stray spark [illegible] his coat tail [illegible].

Acton is the proprietor of a shop at 3 North Weber street.

Glass [illegible] Fay & Morse, Bradley's.

ROLLER RINK

St. Patrick party tonight. Please don't wearing skates for best Irish costume and make-up. Admission 10c. [illegible] Friday nights reserved for committee of gentlemen private party.

PALMER HAS NEW AUTO

Buys Big Pope Electric Machine Made to Order

A Pope electric motor car of the finest type was received yesterday morning by Gen. William J. Palmer. The machine, which was made to General Palmer's special order, is the most luxurious automobile ever seen in Colorado Springs. It was taken to Glen Eyrie by C. G. Strang and the general took a short ride in the car.

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP

Makes the Skin Soft As Velvet. Keeps Lady and Baby Sweet As Roses

OVERTAXED

mental as well as physical workers can not fail to receive material benefit from the free use of tea.

Tea does not furnish a pleasing drink. But a wholesome and tonic beverage, a food beverage that the world is learning to appreciate more and more as it wags along.

If worn out by mental or physical work a cup of tea will refresh and invigorate.

Try it, but be sure the quality is good.

Our

A-1 BRAND OF 60-CENT CEYLON TEA

is good tea. A pound of it will make from 250 to 300 cups.

DERN Tea & Coffee Co

29 South Tejon Street. Phone 575.

Coffee served every Saturday afternoon and evening.

Fresh Strawberries

With our delicious Ice Cream is a drink fit for the gods.

10c

THE BUSY CORNER

OPEN TILL MIDNIGHT

MONEYBAK SILKS

PATENTED PRIVATE HOWARD & CO., AGENTS.

Wilbur's

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS

SUITS AND MILLINERY

Our assortment of women's tailored suits is most attractive, comprising the latest creations in Vorles, Panamas, English Worsteds, Serges and Fancy Mixtures. Styles and materials confined to us. Prices ranging from $15.00 to $100.00.

Millinery and Millinery Trimmings

Women's Felted Sailors, Turbans and all the new shapes. Fancy straws, braids, feathers, flowers and ribbons. Our [illegible] is complete.

Exclusive Millinery. **Wilbur's** Fashionable Wearing Apparel.

Spring Sale of Carpets and RUGS

EXTRAORDINARY DISPLAY AT POPULAR PRICES.

This is the right season to buy Carpets. In March all the new styles appear, and the variety affords choice selections not possible later. Select now. Our sale this month includes:

100 different patterns and qualities of Carpets.
300 Rugs of various patterns and sizes.
40 patterns of Lineleums from 65c to $1.65.

With bargains in Lace Curtains, Portieres, Etc., Etc.

THE **FRED. S. TUCKER** FURNITURE COMPANY.

106-108 N. Tejon St. Colorado Springs.

Beautify Your Lawn With an Iron Fence

Hassell Iron Works Co., Mfgrs.

Structural Iron, Brass and Iron Castings

To be Comfortable

During warm days you have to bank your furnace fire or let it go out. When the house gets chilly you need a

Gas Heater

Have one installed ready for instant use.

SEE

THE GAS COMPANY

107-11 E. Kiowa St.

Phone Main 23

The Lubelski Empire Theater

HENRY LUBELSKI, Pres. and Gen. Mgr.

ROBERT ELLIS, Resident Manager

Colorado Springs Favorite Play House

WEEK OF MARCH 29TH

Schepp's Pony, Dog and Monkey Circus

The Greatest of All Animal Acts

O'BRIEN & WEST

Comedy Entertainers

COZARRA

The World's Greatest Hand Balancer

NEW ILLUSTRATED SONGS. NEW MOVING PICTURES.

Admission 25c. Reserved Seats 35c. Evening Performances at 7 and 9 o'clock. Matinees Daily at 3 p. m. Souvenir Matinee every FRIDAY.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Millinery and Garment Opening

Our Sixteenth Semi-Annual Spring Millinery and Garment Opening tomorrow, Thursday, March 21, from 9 a. m. to 9:30 p. m. You and your friends are cordially invited to visit this fashion panorama—this revival of the new. A formal showing of the fabrics and garments of spring. Fashions come and go. One has to be on the alert to keep up to the moment. The best and easiest way to do so is to watch this store and its continuously changing stocks and styles.

Our Spring Millinery Garments and Fabrics go hand in hand with the styles of the moment. We have been on the alert; we have been careful, skillful and successful in gathering the best that the most eminent factories and tailor shops of this and foreign countries produce. We hope to see you here tomorrow. We know you will enjoy the visit and gain many valuable style ideas at the unfolding of our spring modes.

Tomorrow—10% Discount

A straight 10 per cent discount will be allowed tomorrow on every article in this entire establishment from millinery to basement. Our goods are all marked in plain figures with a straight selling price, and we have but one price and that the lowest possible. Now for one day only we offer you any article in the entire store at a straight 10 per cent discount. This means that you can save 10 per cent below the already lowest selling prices in town—making your selections from our great stocks of Millinery, ready-to-wear garments, Dress Goods, Silks, Etc., representing the newest, latest and most up-to-date styles and fashions of the strongest manufactures in this and foreign countries. Remember, tomorrow only, 10 per cent off everything in this entire store.

Millinery Display

The fairest of all spring openings. Our new collection of beautiful millinery invites your inspection, criticism and comparison. Radiant with bloom and blossoms graced with sweep of feather and plume—finished with tasty trim and shaped with clever twist and twirl. The new hats, redolent of spring, have transformed our millinery department into a bower of loveliness. Touched with the deft skill of Paris, London and New York these new creations seem to have realized the very acme of beauty and perfection. Our display is magnificent and deserving of your viewing. Tomorrow is viewing day. Come.

Music by Alamo Orchestra, THURSDAY EVENING, from 7:30 to 9:30.

DELTA'S DEPARTMENT STORE
UNDERBUYERS AND UNDERSELLERS

Music by Alamo Orchestra, THURSDAY EVENING, from 7:30 to 9:30.

Garment Section

Tomorrow the garments hold a reception of the spring's newest suits, coats, skirts and waists. It's the unfolding of the style buds, the bringing to view of ready-to-wear, sanctioned by New York and Paris. Don't stay away because you don't want to buy. The garment section will be on exhibition. Viewing, criticism and trying on is in order. What dame fashion favors and what will be worn this season is the issue at hand. Buying is supplementary. Once more we extend a cordial invitation to you and your friends to attend our fashion show.

NEWS OF THE LOCAL COURTS

The Jennie Sample case, which has been on trial in the district court for about two weeks, is nearing a close and will probably go to the jury today. The Jennie Sample Consolidated Mining company is suing Mrs. A. E. Cole for $200,000 and the rights of an ore vein. The vein, from which ore has been extracted in the Ophir claim of the defendant, is claimed to belong by apex rights to the Minnehaha claim of the plaintiff company.

Thomas Killeen yesterday filed suit in the district court against the Central Consolidated Mines company for $13,881.18, alleged to be due on a promissary note for $8,122.49, and plaintiff's services as secretary and treasurer of the company.

Thomas Mitchell, a prominent Elbert county ranchman, is in the county jail in this city, charged with a statutory offense against his 16-year-old stepdaughter, Maggie. The district attorney's office for the Fourth judicial district, which includes both El Paso and Elbert counties, filed the information against Mitchell.

In the case of the Money Weight Scale company vs. J. P. Jackson, a verdict for the defendant was returned in the district court yesterday.

In the district court, orders were issued yesterday releasing Frank Peterson, Charles Newmith and John Duma from the county jail. The prisoners, whose sentences for petty offenses have expired, have no money with which to pay the costs of their cases.

COLORADO CITY NEWS NOTES.

Mrs. Sarah N. High, wife of Solomon High, a highly-respected citizen of Colorado City, died yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock, at her residence, 519 Robinson street, from blood poison. Several weeks ago Mrs. High scratched her ton and little was thought of it at the time. The dye from it stocking poisoned the wound and last Saturday it was necessary to amputate her leg. The patient stood the operation well, and until yesterday morning there was but little fear of fatal results.

Mrs. High is the mother of four children, Harry, Bert, Mrs. Hilliinker, of Rocky Ford, and Mrs. Lillie M. Carey. Mrs. Hillinker arrived yesterday and will remain for the funeral, which will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Something between midnight and 3 o'clock yesterday morning burglars broke into the grocery store of W. E. Goodall and the saloons of D. M. Spossiller and Adolph Foerstemann and looted the cash registers. The thieves gained entrance at Goodall's store by removing the putty from a window pane and then reaching inside and opening the door. The amount in the cash register was small. In entering the saloons, the robbers cut out the panels of the doors. Foerstemann's cash register was relieved of $5.10, while Spossiller was robbed of $21 in money, one gold watch and two silver watches.

Julius Falk, brother of Sam Falk, who died last Thursday in Leadville, arrived in Colorado City yesterday. The remains of Sam Falk were taken from the vault where they were placed Sunday afternoon and interred in Fairview cemetery. The six brothers of the deceased assisted in carrying the casket to the grave.

The trial of George Russell, charged with assault with intent to kill, was postponed from yesterday afternoon until this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock before Justice Faulkner.

Move cheaper, quicker and better in padded vans.—C. M. Sherman.

BEARDS TAXED IN JAPAN

Beards are liable to taxation in sorry Japanese changes. The origin of this curious custom is unknown.

Love may be like a river. The deeper it is the less noise it makes.

SOCIETIES AND CLUBS

The Actors' Church alliance will meet in the parlors of All Souls' church, Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Russell and Mrs. Fisher will read papers.

Centennial chapter No. 58, Order of the Eastern Star, will celebrate its fourth anniversary this evening. The members of the Manitou and Colorado City chapters will attend.

The East Side W. C. T. U. will meet in the Hastings Memorial chapter at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Dr. Fanny Cooper and the Rev. C. S. Brooks will speak.

Colorado Springs council No. 736, Knights and Ladies of Security, will give a social entertainment in their hall tomorrow night.

The Professor's literary society of Colorado college will give its annual banquet tomorrow night in the Antlers hotel.

The King High Five club meets with Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Barney, 1822 North Nevada avenue, tomorrow afternoon.

The Young Men's club of All Souls' church will give a reception tomorrow night at the opening of the new pool room in the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Elcal will entertain the Social Twelve at their home, 127 East Vermijo street, tomorrow night.

The cooking demonstration in the home of Mrs. W. K. Strong, 1329 North Tejon street, tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, will be under the auspices of the home and education department of the Woman's club. Pies and sugar and molasses doughnuts will be demonstrated by members of the club.

A meeting of the Christmas club will be held at the home of Mrs. Macgregor, 1135 Arcadia street, at 2:30 o'clock Friday afternoon.

The officers of the Woman's Relief corps, conference, social and entertainment committees, are asked to meet at the home of Mrs. Ella L. C. Dwinell, 222 East Monument street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, to make arrangements for entertaining the department of the W. R. C. which will meet in Colorado Springs in May.

A meeting of Chapter C. P. E. O. will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. William Barber, 414 East Kiowa street.

The annual election in the art and literature department of the Woman's club takes place this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Grace parish house. The meeting will begin promptly, as there is considerable business to be transacted.

The fourth anniversary of Centennial chapter No. 58, O. E. S., will be celebrated this evening. The Glen Eyrie chapter of Colorado City and the Ruxton chapter of Manitou will be the guests of the Centennial chapter.

THE DISCOVERER

Of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

No other medicine for Woman's ills in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female illnesses or such hosts of grateful friends as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For more than 30 years it has been curing all forms of Female Complaints, Inflammation and Ulceration, and consequent Spinal Weakness.

It has cured more cases of Backache and Local Weaknesses than any other one remedy. It dissolves and expels tumors in an early stage of development.

Irregularities and periodical pains, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility quickly yield to it; also deranged organs, causing pain, dragging sensations and backache. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the female system.

It removes that weaning feeling, extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, dizziness, faintness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues". These are indications of Female Weakness or some derangement of the organs, which this medicine cures as well as Chronic Kidney Complaints and Backache, of either sex.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutes.

PRESCRIPTION TO CLEAN THE BLOOD.

Any one can easily mix the following prescription at home, which is said to be splendid because of its peculiar action upon the kidneys, which are made to properly filter and strain from the blood the impurities and poisons.

Get the ingredients, which are all of vegetable extraction, and harmless, from any good pharmacy and mix them by shaking well in a bottle: Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces.

Take in teaspoonful doses after each meal and at bedtime. Drink plenty of good water, too.

Those who require a good blood cleanser and system tonic, whose kidneys are weak and clogged up, should prepare this mixture and take as directed for a few days and note results.

WHAT THE PRESS AGENTS SAY

THE BELLE OF JAPAN

The big attraction at the Opera house Saturday, matinee and night, will be "The Belle of Japan." Matinee prices will be: Children, 15c; adults, 25c. Evening prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

That there is a certain charm about everything connected with Japan cannot be denied, and that that country has not been used before in which to lay the action of a comedy drama is rather strange, and the only conjecture is that authors have not made a study of that strange land. It remained for G. Harris Eldon to commission that well-known dramatist, H. Grattan Donnelly, to take up that country and present it to the theatergoers in its true light. To be accurate and to gain full knowledge of the Japanese, Mr. Donnelly made a trip to Japan, and his observations while there furnish him his plot for this comedy drama, that will be a revelation to all. The beautiful scenery and costumes will be especially attractive, but they will be secondary compared to the singing, dancing and comedy which prevades throughout the entire performance. That a packed house will greet this attraction there is no doubt, and therefore it is advisable to arrange for tickets early.

Craving for Drink Destroyed

The best and to temperance is something that will strengthen the drunkard's wrecked nervous system and cure his unnatural craving for drink. We believe that any man who really desires to be cured of the liquor habit can cure himself by using Orzine. This remarkable discovery has made so many cures among our customers that we are glad to sell it under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

It is in two forms: No. 1 that can be given secretly, and No. 2, for those who wish to be cured. It is not only the most reliable treatment known, but it is also the most economical, as it costs only $1 a box and there is no detention from the usual duties, while if cure is not effected, there is no expense whatever. Mail Orders filled. The Orzine Co., Washington, D. C., or D. Y. Butcher Drug Co., 26 East Pike's Peak.

FANCY HYPNOTIC STUNTS AT THE OPERA HOUSE

The fellow who thought he possessed an iron will and could not be hypnotized got a severe jolt last night at the Opera house. Fifteen or twenty Colorado Springs boys volunteered their services as subjects and while under the strong influence were made to do the most ludicrous things imaginable. Mr. Griffith is one of the best and best-known operators before the public, having been before the public 17 years, and all who see him must admit that he is a master of his art. One of the best things about his performance is that each test is prefaced by a short talk touching upon some phase of the subject. At the conclusion of the performance last night a young man was put into a hypnotic sleep of 48 hours. He was carried to the show window of the Hub clothing store, where he may be seen until Thursday night, when he will be removed to the theater and awakened. Mr. Griffith will appear at the Opera house again this evening.

EXCEPTIONALLY BIG OFFERING AT LUBELSKI EMPIRE THEATER

Resident Manager Ellis of the Empire announces for this week the greatest and most expensive animal act that has ever appeared in the west.

Some idea of the character of this act can be gained from the fact that Mr. Schepp, the owner, carries his animals in an especially equipped palace car, and empolys four men to care for them.

He has four ponies who seem to be actually endowed with human intelligence, and sixteen dogs and about as many monkeys who enact their different parts with the precision of veteran performers.

Mr. Schepp has spent twelve years training his troupe of animals, and appeared first in the London (England) hippodrome, where he remained the greater part of two years.

An especially large and excellent bill will appear, but the cap sheaf, the "piece de resistance," is the great Schepp animal act.

COLD IN MAINE.

From the Kennebec Journal.

A Bangor man, in his effort to describe the coldest place in the world, spoke of a shed that was "too cold to keep wood in," and this was the main argument he used in his correspondence sent in from Mount Desert, concerning the weather down there last week. "A fisherman of Otter creek says a big codfish was so attracted by the warmth of a gasoline heater in his dory that it jumped into the boat and tried to wrap itself around the heater. It flew in a high circle and landed in Trenton. I went to the barn to water his stock. He fell and upset the pail. Before he could step out of the water his boots froze to the floor. He had to take his boots off to get away."

ONLY A POOR SUBSTITUTE.

Recently a district visitor in the East End of London asked the wife of a notorious drinker why she did not keep her husband from the public house.

"Well," she answered, "I 'ave done my best, ma'am, but he will go there."

"Why don't you make your house look more attractive?"

"I'm sure I've tried 'arc to make it 'omelike, ma'am," was the reply. "I've took up the parlor carpet and sprinkled sawdust on the floor, and put a beer barrel in the corner, but, lor', ma'am, it ain't made a bit of difference."

Don't Neglect It

It is a serious mistake to neglect a weak heart. It is such a short step to chronic heart disease. When you notice irregularity of action, occasioning short breath, palpitation, fluttering, pain in chest or difficulty in lying on left side, your heart needs help—a strengthening tonic. There is no better remedy than Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. Its strengthening influence is felt almost at once.

"I have used 10 bottles of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and can truthfully say it has done me more good than anything I have ever used, and I have tried nearly everything that I know of. The doctor who attended me asked me what I was taking and I told him Dr. Miles Heart Cure, he said it was not going to do me any good, but it did. I have not taken any for a year now, and while there is occasionally a slight symptom of the old trouble, it is not enough for me to continue the use of the medicine. If I should get worse I would know what to do. Take Dr. Miles' Heart Cure as I did before. I consider myself practically cured of my heart trouble."
S. H. DUNNAM, Livingston, Texas.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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You Can Save ⅓ to ½

on the finest hand tailored

Suits and Overcoats

made by Rogers, Peet & Co., Hart, Schaffner & Marx, Kuppenheimers, Kohn Bros.

If you want to buy good goods cheap see us this week.

President Suspenders 35c
Boston Garters 15c
Silk Bow Ties 5c
Boys' 35c Caps 15c

Robbins
ON THE CORNER

DENVER

ROUND TRIP

$2.25

Santa Fe

March 22

Tickets 18 N. Tejon Street

Louis Stock

Steam Dye and Chemical Dry Cleaning Works of Ladies' and Gents' Garments, also Household Goods. First-class Work Only; 34 Years Practical Experience. 13 E. KIOWA ST. Phone 542 Main.

OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT

Matinee Every Afternoon at 2:30.

Griffith's Hypnotic

COMEDY COMPANY.

See "The Funny Hypnotic Circus."
See "The Harry Thaw Trial."
See "The Great Vaudeville Acts."
See "The Mind-Reading Act."
The Funniest Show on Earth.

Mat. prices, Children 15c, Adults 25c. Evening prices, 25c, 35c and 50c. Reserved seats on sale at the box office for evening shows.

IT GROWS WITH YOUR LIBRARY

Globe-Wernicke Elastic Book-Case

THE OUT WEST Ptg. and Stn. Co.

New York Doctors

Specialists

Cure piles. No cutting, tying or injection. No detention from business. 308 Colorado Building.

Santa Fe

$25.00

—CALIFORNIA AND OREGON—

$25.00 every day, March 1st to April 30th. Through sleeper on train at 10:30 p. m. daily. Stop-overs allowed. Particulars at Santa Fe city office, 16 N. Tejon St.

C. C. HOYT, City Passenger Agent.

KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC CO., 116 N. TEJON

"Pianos With a Reputation"

Moving a Specialty

HADN'T QUITE LOST HER SOLE

From the New York Press.

Milady was tripping down Fifth avenue. Suddenly her left foot slumped—apparently an uneven place in the sidewalk. However, at the next step the left foot slumped again. Milady turned to behold the heels of her boot lying on the sidewalk behind her. Quickly she sped, though with slightly irregular steps, to the lost treasure. As she stood undecided what to do and inwardly regretting the place where the tragedy had occurred, a gentleman observing her evident discomfiture gallantly came to her assistance.

"Have you lost something, Madam?" he inquired.

He was of clerical appearance, and the neighborhood is one where clergymen do congregate, milady therefore responded with propriety:

"I have not lost my soul, but—" and she held forth the lost heel. "If you will help me to this store perhaps they can fix it for me."

Fortunately, both milady and the clergyman were blessed with a sense of humor, and were able to appreciate the somewhat unique picture presented a few moments later, as the heroine of the adventure sat perched on a high stool in the rear of the book store while an office boy pounded on the replaced heel with lusty strokes of a hammer.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE

Many people who are neglecting symptoms of kidney trouble, hoping "it will wear away," are drifting towards Bright's Disease, which is kidney trouble in one of its worst forms.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

stops irregularities, strengthens the urinary organs and builds up the worn-out tissues of the kidneys so they will perform their functions properly. Healthy kidneys strain out the impurities from the blood as it passes through them. Diseased kidneys do not, and the poisonous waste matter is carried by the circulation to every part of the body, causing dizziness, backache, stomach trouble, sluggish liver, irregular heart action, etc.

If you have any signs of Kidney or Bladder trouble commence taking FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE at once, as it will cure a slight disorder in a few days and prevent a fatal malady. It is pleasant to take and benefits the whole system.

How to Find Out.

You can easily determine if your kidneys are out of order by setting aside for 24 hours a bottle of the urine passed upon arising. If upon examination it is cloudy or milky or has a brick-dust sediment or small particles float about in it, your kidneys are diseased, and FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE should be taken at once.

G. B. Barhans Testifies After Four Years.

G. B. Barhans, of Carlisle Center, N. Y., writes:

"About four years ago I wrote you stating that I had been entirely cured of a severe kidney trouble by taking less than two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure. It entirely stopped the brick-dust sediment and pain and symptoms of kidney disease disappeared. I am glad to say that I have never had a return of any of those symptoms during the four years that have elapsed, and I feel entirely cured and heartily recommend Foley's Kidney Cure to any one suffering from kidney or bladder trouble."

Two Sizes, 50c and $1.00.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY ALL DEALERS.

Americans Give Aid In Safeguarding Kingston

ONE OF THE RESULTS OF A SCIENTIFIC EXPEDITION SENT TO JAMAICA BY BROWN UNIVERSITY—THE EARTHQUAKE IN THE ISLAND LESS SEVERE THAN THAT AT SAN FRANCISCO—WEAK BUILDINGS AND NARROW STREETS RESPONSIBLE FOR MUCH LOSS—CALAMITY TO KINGSTON CAUSED BY FRACTURE IN EARTH'S CRUST UNDER THE CARIBBEAN SEA.

PROVIDENCE, March 14.—Americans are to have a hand in the work of making Kingston, the partly ruined capital of Jamaica, greater and safer. This is one of the results of the Brown University Scientific expedition, headed by Professor Charles Wilsom Brown, the well known geologist, which started for Jamaica as soon after the earthquake as plans could be perfected and which has just returned home loaded down with facts, figures and honors.

This compliment paid to the American expedition is regarded as the climax of the reaction following the Swettenham outbreak. The honor was entirely unsought by the visiting scientists. It was rather thrust upon them by those who were apparently glad of an opportunity to secure expert opinion regarding a difficult situation; and, besides, it reflected the popular sentiment which condemned Swettenham's action.

While the expedition was conducting its investigation into the cause and effect of the cataclysm, which was the most disastrous one experienced in that quaky region since the seventeenth century, when Port Royal was destroyed, the local government officials and others concerned in the drafting of new and more suitable highway and building laws in Kingston, consulted with Professor Brown, who recommended wider streets and the adoption of stricter regulations governing building materials and the style of architecture.

The Brown expedition, made possible through the generosity of friends of the university, turned out to be a remarkable enterprise, owing to the circumstance that it was the only one organized to make a scientific study of the tremendous upheaval. Professor Brown reports that owing to the faulty construction of most of the Kingston buildings, due to the use of brick foundations put together with poor mortar, and the further mistake of laying out exceedingly narrow streets, the destruction of both life and property by the earthquake was much severer than, to judge by the intensity of the shock, should have occurred. The shock, he says, was somewhat less forceful than that which upset San Francisco nearly a year ago. The well built frame house in the capital suffered only a slight, tainted Jamaica such as the cracking of plaster. The white ants which infest Kingston and some other parts of the island are a really dangerous foe to the foreign woods generally used for building purposes, but this difficulty, the scientist believes, can be overcome by supporting future structures either on cement or on well constructed brick piers. Kingston, like San Francisco, has learned by costly experience that reinforced concrete is also a highly serviceable material for foundations.

This part which the Brown expedition played in the work of reconstruction now going on in Jamaica was quite incidental to the main purpose of the venture, which was to gather material bearing on the origin and transit of the earthquake. The expedition was planned just as soon as it became evident that the disaster was one of extraordinary proportions. Professor Brown, who led the expedition, is a member of the staff of the United States Geological Survey, and in that capacity has made a special study of earth formations in the Western hemisphere.

So far as observations of the effect of the earthquake are concerned, the expedition was remarkably successful. The origin of the earthquake, however, remains a mystery. Jamaica lies in an earthquake belt embracing about 40 per cent of the regions subject to seismic disturbances. This particular belt extends through the Mediterranean and Caribbean seas and then a little westward toward the Pacific. Another belt embracing somewhat more than 50 per cent of the earthquake regions encircles the Pacific ocean. The few remaining earthquake regions are scattered over the rest of the world. There are earthquake regions both north and south of the Panama Canal zone, though, strange to say, the canal zone itself has been comparatively free from serious troubles.

What makes Jamaica particularly liable to earthquakes, big or little, says Professor Brown, is the fact that from the mountain tops of the island to the depths of the ocean abysses to the east, toward Hayti, is one of the steepest declivities on the face of the earth. In the course of a couple of hundred miles there is a drop of about six miles. This decline from high land to sea bottom constitutes what is known to geologists as differential relief. Less than a hundred miles separate Jamaica from the coast line of the famous battleground of Cuba, to the north, between Santiago and Cape Cruz, and in this comparatively short space the differential relief approaches 25,000 feet, or more than five miles.

Where the drop or declivity is so marked as it is east and north of Jamaica, the result at such a point is a weak power of resistance against the constant strain and readjustment of the earth's crust, and hence the breaks or "faults," as the geologists term them, due to displacement. As in the case of a landslide, such a displacement, reaching bottom, produces a thud or jar which in turn produces what the science of vibrations in the earth's crust calmly and knowingly

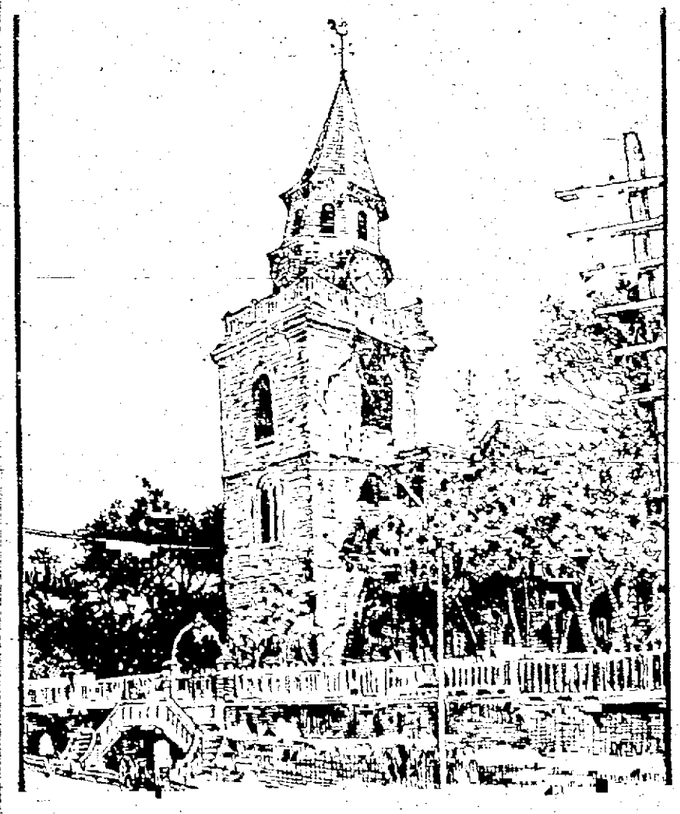
EARTHQUAKE EFFECT AT PORT ROYAL.
Cocoanut Trees, Standing on Sunken Ground, Stick Up 100 Yards Off Shore.

which take the name of earthquakes. Where the thud occurred in the case of Jamaica is the mystery. In all probability, according to Professor Brown, the fracture in the earth's crust occurred some distance south of the island and under the waters of the Caribbean, or perhaps a little to the southwest, for the cables lying in that direction were broken miles offshore. Furthermore, the angle of emergence of the havoc-playing waves, together with the comparatively small territory affected, indicates, the expert says, that the origin or "focus" of the earthquake was neither far distant from the island nor deep seated. Probably it occurred two or three miles below the earth's surface.

There is a direct relation, says Professor Brown, between the depth of the seismic "focus" and the extent of the area affected. Therefore, the conclusion that in the Jamaican case the origin of the earthquake was not very deep seated. In the case of the San Francisco earthquake it was much deeper, for the shock caused by it were felt throughout an area with a radius of 1,000 miles. During the earthquake which wrecked Port Royal in 1692, not long after the British took possession of the island, a portion of the town, which is situated at the western end of a six-mile sand-spit, sank into the sea. A similar depression, though less extensive, took place at Port Royal during the recent earthquake. The casemates of the British shore batteries were brought down to the water's edge, rendering them useless. As a result of this land drop, cocoanut trees, that formerly stood on dry land, are now to be seen forlornly waving their plumes over the water a hundred yards offshore.

The high altitude of Kingston, which stands on Liguanea plain, fortunately tends, probably, to somewhat earthquake proof. Professor Brown reports that the greatest disturbance at Kingston was off shore or along the shore line. The plain served to disperse the seismic waves, and consequently the lowlands felt the effects in a longitudinal direction. Some small fissures were found along the harbor front of the capital. However, high altitudes are not always safety resorts, for the barracks formerly occupied by the British troops at Newcastle, 4,000 feet up in the hills, suffered considerable damage, and landslides, ejected from the hill slopes, played havoc with the famous road leading from Kingston to Newcastle. The road, which was remarkable for its rare construction as well as for its wonderful scenery, in some places was swept away altogether and in other places it was turned into a dump heap.

A curious record of the earthquake effects at Kingston was the stopping of the clock of the English parish church at the moment the first shock was felt. The steeple toppled northwest way, and in that position remained for some time, the object of



RECORDED ON A CHURCH TOWER.
The Clock Stopped at the First Shock and Remained a Mute Witness to the Time of the Calamity.

with the hands of the clock pointing significantly to 1:33.

While the Brown expedition was on the island several slight shocks were felt. As late as February 23 was felt the most severe shock since the big one of January 14. Professor Brown's explanation of the experiences is that the lateral adjustment of the earth's crust following the strain caused by the big earthquake was not complete.

TIP SYSTEM BREEDS GRAFT.

The Waiters Must Share Their Gain With Those "Higher Up."

Theodore Waters in Everybody's Magazine.

But it is the nature of the graft that the extorter has always in his turn to meet extortion. If the waiter does not share his harvest with his helper, the "bus boy" will complain to the head waiter and the latter will also demand a share. Indeed I was told by several New York waiters that their salaries are continually drawn upon by the head waiters, who thus extract their share of the patron's gratuities. The method is as follows: The head waiter borrows sums of money from the regular waiters, and if the latter demand repayment they soon find themselves out of a job. A waiter working in a Chicago hotel told me that unless he tipped the chef constantly he got the wrong end of the joint, thus lessening his chance of pleasing his customer. Still another waiter complained of having to contribute part of his earnings to the cashier on pain, in case of refusal, of having his "change" handed to him in such denominations as would make it inconvenient for the patron to give him a proper tip.

It is not necessary to assume that waiters are as a class deliberately dishonest; such is not the case. But one cannot cling to the spokes of a moving wheel without losing one's sense of perspective, and many a waiter who would scorn to steal from his neighbor condones these practices merely because they are the accepted way of the world.

The wage rate for waiters in hotels in large cities is usually $1 a day, but some of the biggest hotels in New York pay but $25 a month, and most of this, the waiters complain, ebbs back into the management till by reason of an elaborate system of fines, which covers everything that a waiter may or may not do, from laying his tablecloth crooked to turning his toes inward. So that between the head waiters and the fining system it would seem that ordinary waiters get but little of their salaries. And in some hotels waiters as well as minor employes are deprived of wages and given a commission on all wine sold. In one large metropolitan restaurant they receive six per cent of the wine bills.

Mid-Week Attractions

AT

THE BUSY STORE

ANOTHER ORANGE SALE!

Do you remember how very satisfactory the California Beauty Brand of Navel Oranges were last year? We have just received a large consignment, and are offering them at prices which does not include the latest advance.

Whole Boxes (any size) $3.40
Half Boxes (and size) $1.75
Per Dozen, 15c to 45c

COFFEES AT MEDIUM PRICES.

Batavia Juno Blend, per lb 35c
Batavia Adonis Blend, per lb 25c
Shapleigh's Victor Brand, per lb 25c
Breakfast Call Brand, per lb 25c
Wedding Breakfast Brand, per lb 25c
Plantation Blend, per lb 25c
Ino-Ja Brand, per lb 25c
A Fine Bulk Coffee, per lb 20c

HOW ABOUT SWEET THINGS?

1-gal. Can Monarch Maple Syrup $1.35
1 gal. Scudder's Canada Sap $1.35
1½ gal. Arlington's Maple Syrup 60c
2 lbs. Maple Sugar 25c
1½ gal. Batavia Table Molasses 50c
1 quart Batavia Table Molasses 25c
1-gal. Can Fancy Table Syrup 45c
1-gal. Can Sugar House Molasses 45c
1-gal. Can Country Home Sorghum 65c
1-gal. Can Vincent's Colorado Beet Sugar Syrup 85c
1-pint Jar Pure Strained Honey 25c

KEEP IN MIND SEED TIME.

We are headquarters for D. M. Ferry's Flower and Vegetable Seeds; also a full line of Mandeville and King Flower Seeds.

Red, White and Yellow Onion Sets, quart 15c

O. E. HEMENWAY

115 S. Tejon St. Phone 37.

FEW COLORED GLOBES NOW.

Once Conspicuous Object in Druggists' Window a Thing of Past.

From the Washington Star.

"The big glass globes filled with colored water which were once in the front windows of every drug store are not seen now as frequently as of old," said a drug clerk to a Star reporter.

"Of course, many are still in use, but in the readjustment of the window displays in drug stores by reason of the installation of the electric light they have been displaced. With the old gas jet arrangement there were but two or three separate illuminations, mostly placed behind the globes in question.

"The colored contents of these globes and their chemical constituents are a mystery to most persons and I have had ladies ask me if they contained colored perfumes, while bibulous men have not infrequently asked for a drink of the good stuff that was going to waste in those big bottles. The globes are made in all sorts of fancy and elaborate shapes and designs, and some are costly. Their history is buried in antiquity, but as they contain chemical compositions they were primarily, as they are now, the emblem of the chemist.

"The water is filtered and beautifully colored by chemical admixtures which are composed of such chemicals that they will withstand the rays of the sun and not fade. The exquisite pale green which is one of the popular selections for coloring is a solution of nitrate of nickel and most persons will be surprised to learn that it is derived from dissolving the common 5-cent nickel piece in nitric acid. A few 5-cent nickel pieces dissolved in this acid will produce enough coloring body to tinge several gallons of water and give a coloring which is most pleasing to the eye.

"The red, which is also a very bright, beautiful and permanent color and which shows very effectively both by day and when illuminated at night, is made from resublimated or metallic iodine. The blue is made from sulphate of copper and ammonia and the yellow is produced by an admixture of bichromate of potash and sulphuric acid. Any person can make these beautiful colorings, especially the green, but as the acids used are very powerful, it is best to have them prepared by a chemist, as a drop of nitric acid on the hand will eat a hole in the flesh.

"In fact, even druggists make mistakes. I remember one who tried to get a fine new color that other druggists didn't have, so he mixed tincture of chloride of iron with antipyrine. It did, in fact, make a fine color in the globes, but when the sun's rays rested on it for a few hours explosive gases were generated, which sent the globes flying in a thousand pieces and wrecked the contents of the window."

ODD CHINESE SUPERSTITION

It is a common belief among Chinese that if one commits any crime against certain animals—cats, for example—the soul of that animal will take possession of the wrongdoer until the offense has been purged. A servant girl, according to the oriental tale, unmindful of tradition, put to death a cat and its three kittens. She was taken violently ill. Her mistress, suspecting the cause from the fact that the maid was scratching and mewing, apostrophized the body of the dead cat, demanding to know why it thus tormented the girl. The spirit of the cat, speaking by way of the girl's mouth, denounced the quadruple murder. The whole story was told by the girl in the character of the cat. Then she expired in violent convulsions.

Some old bachelors are too ugly to get married and others are too sensible.

To those wearing

TRUSSES

We offer you something new, a Colorado man's invention that has absolute merit, patented by the United States Government and used by the War Department. This Truss has no wire frames, no elastic bands, no steel hoops, but is safe, effective, comfortable and sanitary.

SPECIAL TO THOSE RESIDING IN COLORADO SPRINGS AND VICINITY.

Our representative will be at the Antler's Hotel, Thursday, March 21st., who will fit all cases without extra charge. The fitting of a Truss is an art. A good Truss perfectly fitted is worthy of a double profit, one for the Truss and one for the "know how." We charge only for the Truss and absolutely guarantee it to be satisfactory to the wearer.

ALL-LEATHER TRUSS CO.

313 Mercantile Bldg., Denver, Colorado.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THAT THE PEOPLE MAY KNOW

ON December 24 the council of West Seattle, Wash., passed ordinances providing for the sale of the street railway system owned by the city to the Seattle Electric Company for $30,000, and granting to the company a franchise conveying the rights to operate the property. This was the finale of one of the few instances of municipal tramways in the United States. But one affair of the kind remains, that at Monroe, La., which began operations in the fall of 1906. The sale of the West Seattle property was approved by the voters at an election.

The anticipated abandonment of the municipal electric light plant by Lakewood, O., was started December 17, when the council broke a deadlock in which it had been involved for some time, and a majority voted to sell the plant. It will be disposed of to the highest bidder.

The Board of Aldermen of Chattanooga, Tenn., on December 17 voted down a resolution for the placing of a proposition to issue bonds for the purchase or construction of a water plant before the people at an election.

Citizens of Canon City, Colo., on December 31, at a special election defeated a proposition to issue $400,000 bonds for the construction of a municipal water works system. It was proposed to obtain the supply from Cottonwood Creek, twenty miles distant.

An attempt was made at Northfield, Minn., early in January to inveigle the taxpayers into the municipal ownership and operation of telephones. It was proposed to bond the community for $25,000 to pay for the construction of the plant. The voters defeated the proposition by a vote of 223 to 78.

The municipal ownership question was presented squarely to the inhabitants of New London, Mo., at a special election held early this year. The election was held to determine whether New London should go into the lighting business or grant a franchise to private interests. In favor of the franchise, 162 votes were cast, and opposed to it but two.

The town of Sandwich, Ill., is endeavoring to ascertain whether or not it wants to sell its electric light and water plant to a private company, which has offered to supply the services to the consumer at the same charges made by the municipality. The plants have not been paying expenses as conducted.

Manufacturers of Logansport, Ind., are said to be looking for locations in other places because the municipal electric plant is unable to supply them with cheap power, and the city refuses to permit private concerns to run in lines from other cities and afford the service.

The voters of Bryan, O., at a special election December 27 defeated a proposal to issue bonds in the amount of $40,000 for the improvement of the municipal lighting and water plants. It was desired to equip the lighting plant with new and more economical engines and machinery.

The Board of Trustees of English, Ind., have sold the municipal electric light plant there to a company composed of local capitalists. The town operated the plant five years not, it is said, to financial advantage.

Peabody, Mass., in 1906 employed experts to ascertain what was wrong with its unsatisfactory municipal electric plant and to recommend changes involving the installation of modern equipment. The report made it plain that as an economic proposition Peabody should discontinue its industry and buy electricity from a private plant in an adjacent city. More than one private company announced its willingness to supply current for prices much lower than the municipal plant could produce it. A suggestion that an arrangement of this kind be made was included in the report.

The above are a few examples of what is happening to municipal ownership where people know about it. We shall be surprised if the citizens of Colorado Springs do not refuse to follow the clamor of a few politicians for their money—to be spent as they see fit.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS ELECTRIC CO.

NEWS FROM FAR NORTH

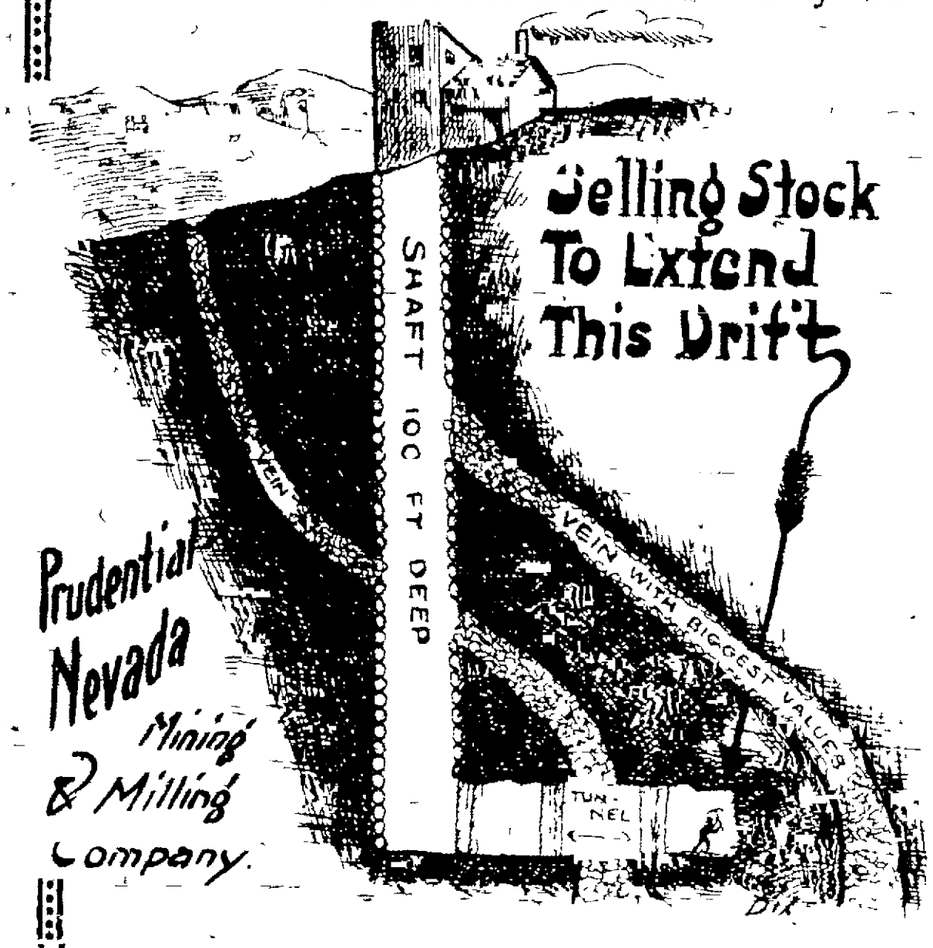
LETTERS FROM ANGLO-AMERICAN POLAR EXPEDITION.

Explorers in Good Health and Weather Moderate in November To Stay Two More Years

PORTLAND Or March 1—[illegible] Meik[illegible] [illegible] first [illegible] Anglo American [illegible] [illegible] expedition [illegible] [illegible] here yesterday [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] November [illegible] carried over [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mr [illegible] [illegible] Duke [illegible] Bedford [illegible] [illegible] about 200 miles [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PRUDENTIAL-NEVADA WAS 6c, NOW 7c, WILL GO TO 25c

Those who bought Prudential-Nevada at 6c share are fortunate indeed. The stock has advanced to 7c and is still on the advance. Buy now and get in on one of the safest, most certain mines in Nevada.



BUY NOW AT 7c SHARE

Those at the head of Prudential Nevada are stockholders—not merely Promoters with no care for your interests—but men who have staked reputation and money on the future of this mine.

We are not trying to flood the market with Prudential-Nevada. We are after a few who can see why they are investigating—men who are conservative, whose judgment is worth more than their money.

Don't buy Prudential Nevada just because it looks safe. Let it prove itself. Everything connected with this mine is at your disposal for investigation. We want a limited number of stockholders who can—who will enter into this development with us in a broad business-like manner. These are the sort of people with whom we want to connect.

If you could go with us and see this property in operation, if you could ride with us down the half and see the perfect timbering, if you could assay the ore we have already struck, if you could go with us over the five claims which comprise Prudential Nevada and could see the possibilities even outside of what is already in sight—then you would not hesitate a moment in taking hold just as we have and subscribe for as much stock as you could.

We would not lose the immense amount of money we have staked on the future of Prudential Nevada—we do not want our stockholders to lose. We can not afford to let this opportunity escape—you cannot. A few feet more and this drift will reach the vein.

We are more interested in our stockholders' satisfaction than in their money.

We want your satisfaction first as partners with you.

We want your money second as the extension of this drift is expedient.

Eight miles from Prudential Nevada a mill will soon be completed. If we can be in shape to haul ore by that time we can mill at small expense.

Think what this means out in Nevada where ore is carried miles and miles under great difficulty in order to reach a mill or reduction plant.

Prudential Nevada Company will erect a plant on their own property just as soon as the output warrants.

Prudential Nevada deserves your honest consideration. It is the most legitimate proposition one could imagine.

CONSIDER

Our surroundings, our operations thus far, the men connected with Prudential Nevada, our reason for selling stock, the fortunes made in mines, our proposition from every standpoint.

Prudential Nevada is selling now at 7c. The price will advance and continue to advance. By getting in now you are certain of securing stock before flotation is stopped and get the advantage of the raise.

The more interested you are in safe investment the more we will welcome your investigation of Prudential-Nevada. We want stockholders who demand the best. Call Today.

The Prudential-Nevada Mining & Milling Co.

OFFICERS

Room 37 Postoffice Building
Phone Main 1288

GEO. A. COCKBURN, Colorado Springs, Colo., President and Treasurer. Banker, broker, member Colorado Springs Mining Stock Association and also member Goldfield Stock Exchange Board.

JOS. C. HURLEY, New York City, Secretary

Colorado Springs, Colo.

When a Wild Animal Goes "Bad"

A Heavy Electrical Storm Combined With a Trainer's Ignorance Spoil Good-Natured Beasts.

Welcome though the tractable brute is to the wild animal trainer the animal he loves above all and which he prizes more than all the rest of his group is the rogue tiger, all but wholly unregenerate and ever on the verge of attacking the man, writes A. W. Rolker in Appleton's Magazine for February and goes on to explain: for it is the ferocious tiger that is after all the star attraction of a group that wins for the trainer the plaudits of an audience and that lingers longest in the minds of those who have come to see. Sometimes these tigers are bad clear through from the very beginning. Again, they are intractable beasts that have gone wrong.

One of the latter kind was Sultan, the star attraction in one of the big tiger groups of the Bertock show. Sultan has a history. Never was a more willing intelligent or obedient tiger up to four years ago. His trainer could handle him almost as he would a great Danish or St. Bernard dog, and at least on one occasion this tiger saved his master's life when the latter fell and was pounced upon by a vicious old female who long had laid in wait for the man. Today, Sultan's evil ways consist in showing how relentlessly vicious a tiger may be when he all but dares, and this transformation was brought about within five unfortunate minutes.

Why Sultan "Went Wrong"

"A cat animal it is necessary to explain performs his tricks in regular rotation and never otherwise. A tiger has been trained in succession to sit on a pedestal, then to jump a hurdle, then to jump through a hoop, and then to mount the last thing, a double sized tub-like affair used to form a pyramid. A group like this must ever afterward be put through this same order of tricks. To skip one and jump to the following one would mean trouble. This is what turned Sultan.

The show was performing one night in upper New York state when thunderclouds, black as pitch, came rolling threateningly over the city. Of all things a trainer dislikes while in an arena the worst is a thunderstorm. An unexpected flash of lightning or a startling crash and every, least in the enclosure may be thrown into confusion with each brute holding another by the throat or all trying to make for the trainer. Seeing the storm, the owner of the show sent word to the man performing with the tigers to begin through the act quickly as possible. But the man misunderstood, and instead of hurrying his beasts through the entire performance, he jumped from the third to the eighth act, the stepladder pyramid group wherein Sultan the most beautiful of all tigers was to mount first to the top of the ladder. Sultan got his cue but did not budge. A second and a third time he got it without result. When flicked with the lash of the whip he snarled, and when finally stung sharply he turned in his tracks and with a roar almost like a lion's sprang for the man. Down went the trainer, toppling fortuitously against the tall ladder which fell sharply across the nose of the enraged beast and for a second gave respite. At the end of the second, however, there was a flash and a crash and as the man arose, bleeding with uniform torn to shreds, he fired and fired driving the ferocious one about the arena and lashing him mercilessly. That punishment is all that prevented Sultan from becoming a man eater and a murderer.

Once Gentle, Now Ferocious, and Not to Be Trusted

But no human hand dared smooth the black and orange stripes from that day to this. With a club six feet long and big around as a baseball but the trainer now exhibits Sultan. The trainer advances beside him, he has a chair, rough hewn, netted on for a seat, and with the free hand he holds a blacksnake whip with which to force the rogue into jumping a hurdle, the climax showing the power of man over the most ferocious of beasts. Hatred, vindictiveness and murder are written all over the gorgeous body of this dangerous killer, a mere sight of the man. As the trainer approaches the tiger leaps from its pedestal, crouches, darts at the big stick and snarls with wide open mouth. A dozen times he dart at the man only to think better of it when regarding the unflinching steady figure before him. At last, when it becomes time to jump the trainer shoves the chair nearer to illustrate the fury of the beast. One vicious sweep and the claws have torn through the inch-thick boards of the seat. Next moment the four legs of the chair are toward him, the whip loaded at the butt for emergency cracks sharply and the tiger once more conquered takes his hurdle and flees to the farthermost corner of the arena.

FUR-COATED FISH.

From the Chicago Inter Ocean.

If fishing at Moosehide, about Christmas time were meeting with satisfactory success when suddenly one of them hooked a grayling which had over it an overcoat. This statement though it may not appear so at first is literally true. The fish had all over its body a soft, dark, brown fur, and the Indians, fearing that this portended some great and sudden disaster, quit fishing and went to prayer. It may be that in all the experience of the aborigines they had never seen or heard of anything like this before, but it does not follow that because an experience with fish is new it is therefore incredible. Now things are happening in the fish world all the time. Is it not a fact that nearly every season some difficult unrelated fish stories are brought to our attention and added to our already crushed collection? This furs overcoat fish is really no more surprising than the news that Missouri River fish have off late developed a taste for wearing overalls to keep out the dust. Different conditions bring about different habits in the fish family.

WHY ALL LOOK TO LONDON.

It Is the Chief Gold Market and Financial Center.

From Moody's Magazine.

The prominence of London is due partly to its geographical position, which renders Great Britain comparatively safe from foreign aggression as compared with for instance Paris or Berlin. The enormous foreign trade of England is well, that if any other nation, and its sound banking system are other important factors. The great reserve of the Bank of England, which takes bills and deposits, receives interest, deposits with other capital banks, and lending money to be paid, England pays all of its losses in gold, because for the last century England has been the principal gold market of the world and no great obstacle has placed in the way of exporting gold from London to other parts of the world.

As a result of these factors London for nearly a century has been the financial center of the world and great quantities of foreign money have been attracted to London through the common belief that for fun exchange London offers better facilities than any other money market. Similarly, a stranded bill only 90 days or at most 6 months after date, will be taken by a bank, while a bill of exchange payable in London at the end of an international debt is not only taken by a bank, but is sought after. A bill payable in London, New York, Hong Kong, Calcutta, Cape Town, Buenos Ayres, Sydney, Melbourne, Wellington, Auckland, Dunedin, Christchurch, Hobart, Launceston, Adelaide, Perth, Fremantle, Port Pirie, Port Adelaide, Port Augusta, Port Lincoln, Port Darwin, Port Hedland, Port Alma

RICH ORE UNCOVERED

FRANCESCA COMPANY MAKES VALUABLE STRIKE.

Thirty-Ounce Ore Is Found in Shaft on Mountain Monarch, 300 Feet Deep.

Special to The Gazette.

CRIPPLE CREEK, March 19.—The Francesca Mining and Leasing company, of which David H. Moffat of Denver is the president, operating a lease on the Mountain Monarch claim of the Roxanna Gold Mining company on Raven hill, also of which Mr. Moffat is president, early Saturday morning [illegible] has been sunk to an approximate depth of 300 feet. Assays taken clear across the shaft indicate that the ore will run 30 ounces in gold to the ton.

This leasing company has been operating for several months and Superintendent Youe has had in mind all the time the finding of the rich flat vein found by John Hodges in the Little Clara, which has produced about $1,000,000 gross during the past 12 months. That Mr. Youe has cut this flat vein seems assured. It is from six to eight feet thick and its width remains undetermined, but crosscuts will be driven at once to determine the extent of the shoot. In the Little Clara this shoot was 100 feet wide. In the Mountain Monarch the shoot was pitching at an angle of perhaps 45 degrees. As the Mountain Monarch claim is south and east of the Little Clara and higher up the hill it should be cut at about the depth it was found by Mr. Youe.

There have been many lessees who have operated on the Mountain Monarch with but little success. There is a big phonolyte dyke which runs in a northwest and southeasterly direction in this section of the camp and those who have heretofore worked the Monarch claim have gotten on the east side of this dyke and consequently could not find the ore which has undoubtedly been cut off by the dyke. Mr. Youe went on the west side of the dyke and has opened up ore that shows a vast quantity of phonolite and tellurite ore.

NET PROFITS ARE $100,000

The Western Investment Company Has Valuable Ore in Several Leases.

Special to The Gazette.

CRIPPLE CREEK, March 18.—The Western Investment company, which is operating eight different leases and which is contemplating the taking over of two others is making annually about $100,000 net profit from its different holdings. This company recently took a lease on the Kitty Lane of the Guald company on Raven hill and is now prospecting at a depth of 400 feet to cut a well-known shoot of ore which is found in the Eakton property. A new plant of machinery has been installed and development work is being pushed rapidly forward.

The best lease operated by this company is the Specimen on Bull hill, which is owned by the Stratton estate. About 500 tons a month are shipped and the ore will run about two ounces in gold to the ton. Another lease is on the Bull City Placer work being conducted 600 feet from the Vindicator No. 2 shaft at a depth of 400 feet. Ore has recently been found of a good grade and a new ore house is now being constructed. This company is also working successfully on the Morning Glory No. 4 on Raven hill, where ore was found a short time ago.

LEASES THERESA DUMP.

Thomas C. Brown Gets Good Returns From Mine Leavings.

Special to The Gazette.

CRIPPLE CREEK, March 19.—Thomas C. Brown of Goldfield has taken a lease on the dump of the Theresa mine, lying practically within the precinct lines at the town. Mr. Brown is using a washer and is getting some satisfactory returns. Another dump lease has been granted to Messrs. Fred and Ernest Hocking on the Lucky Guss No. 1 of the Stratton estate on Bull hill. The rock will be washed and assay tests indicate that some money can be made from it.

SHIPS ONE CAR ORE DAILY

South Burns Claim Pays Leasing Company Well.

Special to The Gazette.

CRIPPLE CREEK, March 19.—The Standard Leasing company, operating on the South Burns of the Acacia company on Bull hill, is now shipping out a car or ore a day. The average value of the ore is about $50, the screenings running higher and the coarse rock lower. The shoot is 800 feet in about 12 feet wide. Ore is being mined, however, from both the 800 and the 500 foot levels.

WHAT IT FELT LIKE.

Lloyd Griscom, the new ambassador to Italy, says the Washington Star, described at a dinner in Washington a diplomatic game of baseball in Brazil.

"An Englishman," he said, "caught for his side, though the poor fellow was strange to the catcher's box. The Englishman grew confused in the second inning, missed a ball and it struck him on the nose. Needless to say

"What was it?" he said, feebly, as he came to.

"A foul, only a foul," said the umpire.

"Man alive!" said the Englishman, "I didn't know it was a game!"

There have been 1,000,000 of thrifty, or [illegible] in Great Britain, England, where [illegible] toward the sea.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

IS RUNNING FULL BLAST

Golden Cycle Mill Treats 350 Tons of Cripple Creek Custom Ore Daily.

Special to The Gazette.

CRIPPLE CREEK, March 19.—The Golden Cycle mill at Colorado City is now treating daily 350 tons of Cripple Creek ore. The most of the tonnage is from the Golden Cycle mine and several mines which have long time contracts with the Cycle Mill company. It is reported on good authority that this mill, which is said to be the finest equipped plant in the entire country will begin handling 700 tons of ore a day, starting April 1. This will mean a monthly output of 21,000. Contracts for this amount of ore are said to be signed [illegible] plants to the Cycle mill is only awaiting the completion of the plant. The Golden Cycle company is reported to be treating Cripple Creek ore, under contract, cheaper than any other concern of a similar nature in Colorado.

COLORADO SPRINGS MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS

MINES.

	Bid.	Ask.
Acacia	108¼	111¼
Black D.	62	..
C. C. Con.	65⅝	66
C. K. & N.	67½	69½
Dante	65⅝	67⅝
Doctor	66	67
Elkton	57½	58
El Paso	41	42
Found Window	[illegible]	[illegible]
Findley	63	66
Gold Dollar	66¾	67
Gold Sovereign	65	67
Index	65¾	67
Isabella	30	32½
Jack Pot	..	05
Last Dollar	63	64
Lexington	03	03½
Mary McKinney	60	65
Mollie Gibson	..	07
Moore A.	62¾	64
Old Gold	65½	66½
Pharmacist	66⅝	66¾
Portland	115	115
Prince A.	61½	62
Vindicator	90	..
Work	17¼	17½

UNLISTED.

	Bid.	Ask.
Jennie Sample	06½	07
Jerry Johnson	61	65½
C. O. M.	63	65¾

PROSPECTS.

	Bid.	Ask.
Acmes	6¾	8½
Anchor	06½	
Aola	09½	
Banner	01½	02
Blue B.	03	
Bob Lee	09	11¼
Buckhorn	03	
C. C. & M.	01	02
Coriolanus	01	02
Creede	01	02
Des Moines	01	02
Gold Bond	02	03½
Gould	02¾	03
Grace	04	05
Hoit		04½
Ida May	02	
Jolly Jane	01	
Keystone	01½	02½
Little Jessie	01	02
Little Nell	01½	02
Little Puck	01½	02
Magnet Rock		02½
Mary Nevin	2¼	02¾
Meridian	09	
Midway		02¼
Missouri	01	01
Mt. Bennie	03¼	03½
New Haven	01	02
Olive Branch	03	
Pilgrim		02
Princess		02
Rattler		01
Raven	00½	02
Republic	01	02
Rogue S.	05½	06
Rob R.		02
Rose Maid	02½	03
Rose Nicol	03	
St. Thomas	07¾	08
Tombstone		02

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Bid.	Ask.
Black D.	07¾	08
Cable	06	06½
C. C. Bullion		02
Colo. G. C.		02
Easter Bell	00½	00¾
Fauntleroy		05
Favorite	00	00½
Flower of the West	06	
Golden Age		03½
Good Hope	05	06
Goldstone		05
Greater G. R.	06¾	08
Hummer	00½	01
Kimberly		01
Kitty	03	03½
Lucrative	00½	
Magic	02	03
Mariposa	01½	
Marquette	00½	
M. J. T.	02	
Nellie V.	00½	00¾
O. K.	03	03½
Progress	01½	
Pinnacle	00½	
Pythias	00½	
Red Spruce	01	
Tenderfoot	01	
Texas	00	
Uncle Sam	00½	

INDUSTRIALS.

	Bid.	Ask.
Colorado Telephone	52	53
C. G. S. 1st mortg. bonds	1.00	1.02
C. C. S. L. 1st cons. bonds	93½	96
C. C. S. L. 2nd mortg. bonds	96	..
Denver Union Water 5s, 1914	1.00	1.03
U. S. Sugar & Lands pfd.	80	85
U. S. Sugar & Lands com.	37½	45

SEPARATE SALES.

MINES—Dante, 10,000 at 5½; Elkton, 500 at 57½, 1,000 at 58; El Paso, 1,000 at 40, 1,000 at 40½; Gold Dollar, 1,000 at 65½; Gold Sovereign, 2,000 at 7; 1,000 at 6¾; 2,000 at 7½, 2,000 at 7¼; Isabella, 1,000 at 32½, 3,000 at 32, 1,000 at 32½; Pharmacist, 1,000 at 66½; Portland, 200 at 115; Prince A., 2,000 at 61½; Work, 2,000 at 17, 2,000 at 17½.

PROSPECTS—Banner, 2,000 at 1½; Midway, 1,000 at 2½; Grace, 2,000 at 04; Rose Maid, 1,000 at 03½.

MISCELLANEOUS—Greater G. R., 1,000 at 07½; O. K., 1,000 at 03½; Uncle Sam, 2,000 at 00½; Volcano, 2,000 at 04, 2,000 at 00½.

LONDON MINING MARKET.

The following quotations are furnished by William P. Bonbright & Co. of New York, London and Colorado Springs:

	London, March 19.		
	£	s	d
Camp Bird	1	4	9
Esperanza	2	3	0
Geldes	1	7	0
Tomboy	1	17	6
Stratton's Independence	0	3	0

WOOL MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, March 19.—Wool steady; territory and western mediums, 24@28; fine mediums, 19@22; fine, 14@17.

It's a sure sign of rain when somebody swipes your umbrella.

SPECULATORS NERVOUS

RECENT PANIC LEAVES MARKET DEMORALIZED.

Forced Selling Marks Opening Hours But Reaction Sets in and Tone is Feverish.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Today's nervous stock market was regarded as a natural consequence of the demoralization of last week, but weakness and uneasiness were much more acute than were expected and gave rise to fears at times that the market was breaking away from control again and slipping back into frenzied conditions. There [illegible] which are held through a slump like that of last week and protected in a spirit of assurance that they will be closed out to better advantage by waiting for the frightened selling of weaker holders to be ended. The strength of these accounts is impaired, nevertheless, to such an extent that they are subjected to pressure by brokers or banks or others concerned in helping to carry them to be closed out at the first opportunity. Such a reaction as that of yesterday following the reduction of the uncovered short account, adds to the weakness of these held-over bull accounts and to the urgency for closing them out.

The selling during the first hour today aroused the suspicion that a very large amount of this kind was being forced to liquidation without regard to the ability of the market to absorb the heavy offerings.

The identity of the account was not disclosed, but rumors became very explicit of a threatened embarrassment.

A good deal of anxiety was expressed also over the money situation abroad. It was somewhat remarkable that this anxiety was fostered by the persistent effort of New York bankers to withdraw gold from foreign markets. The seemingly heavy sacrifices which are being made in New York stock markets for lack of credit facilities which the foreign exchange market indicates a power to secure, give rise to the fear that something worse than the New York stock market condition is feared on foreign markets.

Cabled reports were circulated in Wall Street today that the bank of France was loading gold to the Bank of England, that the English bank authorities had requested New York bankers to refrain from bidding for gold in the London market and that Berlin was liquidating securities in London on a large scale. At the same time money and discount rates were easier in London. Money on call here showed further relaxation and the advance to a premium of New York exchange at Chicago indicated the process of remittance from that center to this.

Foreign exchange was weak in spite of the reported troubles of foreign money markets. The easier tendency extended to the time money market, rates for which were quotably lower. The operations with the subtreasury are yielding some gain to the banks. The further liquidation in the stock market is a relief to the money market also.

The curbed market continued throughout and the closing was irregular, although at substantial recoveries from the lowest levels.

Bonds were weak. Total sales, par value $1,847,000.

United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Furnished by Otis & Hough, bankers and brokers.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Cotton Oil	36⅝	36⅝	36	36
Am. Woolen	28	28	28	28
Am. Sugar	122	122¼	120¾	121⅞
Am. Locomotive	64	64½	63½	64¼
Am. Smelter	120½	120½	118¾	121
Am. Smelt. pfd.	107	107½	106¾	107¾
Am. Car Fdry.	37	37¼	36	37
Am. C. Fdry. pfd	97½	97	95½	95½
Atchison	91½	91¾	89¾	91¾
Anaconda	42½	43½	42¼	42½
Am. Copper	90¼	91¼	89½	92
B. R. Transit	37½	41	36½	37
Bal. & Ohio	99¾	99¾	98¾	98¾
C. M. & St. P.	170½	170¾	169	169¼
C. R. I. & Pac.	21½	21½	20¾	21¼
C. R. I. & P. pfd	48	47	46	47
Ches. & Ohio	49¾	49½	49	49¼
Canadian Pac.	171¼	171½	168	171
Colo. Southern	27½	27¾	27	27½
C. F. & I.	37¼	38	37½	38
C. & G. W.	14	14	13¾	14
D. & R. G.	29½	29½	29	29¼
D. & R. G. pfd.	73	73	72¾	72¾
Distillers Sec.	70½	70½	68	70
Erie	29¾	29¾	28½	29¼
Erie 1st pfd.	45	[illegible]	44½	44½
Gen. Electric	145	145	144¼	144½
Ill. Central	149¾	149¾	148¾	148¾
L. & N.	118½	118½	117	118¼
M. K. & T.	37	37½	36¾	36¾
M. K. & T. pfd.	61	61¼	60	60½
Manhattan	135	135	134	134
Mex. Central	21	21¼	20¾	21¼
Mo. Pacific	72	72¼	70½	71½
Nat. Lead	50¼	50¾	50½	55
N. Y. Central	118	118¼	116¾	118
N. & W.	77¾	77¾	76	77½
N. Y. Con. Gas	136	136	136	136
N. Y. O. & W.	28½	28½	28¼	28¼
Northern Pac.	126¾	126¾	125	125½
People's Gas	98¼	99¼	98½	98
Pressed Steel Car	32½	32½	31½	32
Pacific Mail	29¼	29¾	29	29
P. S. Car Co.	36	36¼	35	36¼
Reading	104¾	104¾	103¾	103¾
R. I. & Steel	27	27	26½	26¾
R. I. & Steel pfd	87½	88	87	88
Southern Ry.	22¾	22¾	21¾	22½
Southern Pac.	81	81¼	77¾	80½
Texas Pac.	27½	28	27¼	28
Union Pacific	157	157½	150½	154¼
U. S. R. Co.	17	18	17	18
U. S. Rubber	47	47	46	46
U. S. Steel	37⅝	37¾	35	37¼
U. S. Steel pfd.	104¾	104¾	98	99¾
Va.-Car. Chem.	29½	29¾	29	29
Wabash pfd.	26	26½	25½	26
Western Union	81¾	81¾	81¼	81½
Greene Cons.	26½	26¾	25¼	25½
Utah Copper	31	31	30	32

Money closed 1 per cent.
Total sales, 1,043,300.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

LONDON, March 19.—American securities were irregular at the opening today. Considerable strength developed in Union Pacific and Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and at noon they were a point over yesterday's New York closing.

COTTON MARKET.

Furnished by Otis & Hough, bankers and brokers.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
March	9.28	9.38	9.30	9.30
May	9.38	9.60	9.41	9.44
July	9.38	9.58	9.43	9.47
Aug.	9.61	9.61	9.45	9.50
Oct.	9.89	9.89	9.72	9.75
Dec.	9.97	9.97	9.81	9.81

Willow street in New York city was known as "Horse and Cart street" back in the eighteenth century.

GET IN LINE TODAY

TOMORROW YOU MAY BE TOO LATE

The Nevada Masonic Mining and Milling Co.

INCORPORATED UNDER LAWS OF ARIZONA.

Capital Stock 1,500,000. Shares in Treasury 900,000.

We have 128 acres in the very best of location 85 acres in one group adjoining SHIPPING mines and DIVIDEND PAYING mines in Masonic, California, 1½ miles over Nevada state line, and 45 acres in the famous Sunny Jim district in Esmeralda county, NEVADA.

We have secured the services of GILBERT & GILBERT, consulting engineers of California. These gentlemen will advise the board of directors as to development of properties, etc.

Our properties are not mere prospects standing alone two or three hundred miles from anywhere; OUR PROPERTIES ADJOIN and are surrounded by SHIPPING MINES on all sides; the stock in these surrounding companies is CLOSELY HELD AT $1.00 A SHARE, and in six months we predict they will be worth anywhere from $5.00 to $15.00 a share. These companies started their stock at 2 and 3 cents.

YOU HAVE THE SAME OPPORTUNITY if you will only take advantage of it NOW—TODAY. When you see our stock advanced to 15c or 25c in 30 or 40 days; don't say, "Why didn't I buy at 2 cents or 4 cents?" This company will have many pleasant surprises for ITS STOCKHOLDERS in a few months.

BUY TODAY. We have only a very limited quantity of this 2-cent stock remaining. We offered 50,000 shares of our treasury stock for sale at 2 cents a share on Monday last. We have a few shares left yet at this ridiculously low price.

Grab It at Once, Hold It and Watch It Soar!

WE HAVE THE PROPERTY AND EVERYTHING TO MAKE A BIG PRODUCER; fine timber not a half mile from the property; ample water; cheap transportation and honest management, and we guarantee all investors alike a legitimate square deal from start to finish.

You say you lost heavily on Cripple Creek stocks? Here is your opportunity to make back your losses. Do not miss this opportunity.

Our next allotment of treasury stock will be 4 CENTS A SHARE and will continue to advance until it reaches 10 cents a share. Application will then be made to list the company's stock on Reno and San Francisco Exchanges.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

GEO. H. JONES.....PRESIDENT
ED. L. ARTHUR.....VICE PRESIDENT
E. P. MARTIN.....TREASURER
WM. E. MILDNER.....DIRECTOR
HOWARD MORLEY.....SECRETARY

All information gladly given at the offices of the Company. Suite Nos. 1, 6 and 8, Barnes Building.

113½ E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Offices open evenings, 7 to 9 o'clock.

BULLS HAVE INNINGS

WHEAT REGAINS FIRM TONE AND CLOSES STRONG.

Activity in Corn and Oats Has Effect on Buyers and Reports of Damage Aids Bulls.

CHICAGO, March 19.—May wheat closed ½@⅝c higher, corn 1¼c and oats 1¼@1½c higher. Provisions were 12½c to 12½@15c lower.

Wheat manifested a moderate degree of weakness at the opening on selling by pit traders who were influenced by lower cables and liberal receipts. Before the end of the first hour, however, the market had regained all of the early loss and as trading progressed sentiment became still more bullish. While numerous damage reports were received, there were also many advices that the fall-sown crop is generally in good condition. The market derived its strength chiefly from the advance in the price of corn and oats. During the last hour shorts covered freely and the market closed strong, final quotations being close to the highest point. May wheat opened 1c to ⅛c lower at 75⅞c to 75⅞c, advanced to 76c and closed at 75¾@75⅞c.

Aggressive buying, due to the fear that the crop movement will soon decrease, caused decided strength in the corn market. Receiving houses generally reported that country offerings were light. The market closed strong. May oats advanced more than one cent because of an urgent demand by bull leaders. The more distant futures, however, were inclined to drag because of reports that seeding has been started in portions of Illinois under favorable conditions. An advance of ½ cent to one cent in the price of cash grain strengthened the options. May oats opened ⅛c to ¼c higher at 40½c to 40⅝c, advanced to 41⅜@41⅝c and closed at 41¾c.

Provisions were firmer early in the day because of a five-cent advance in the price of live hogs. The hog market weakened later and provisions also declined. At the close May pork was off 12½c at $15.72½. Lard was down 12½c at $8.92½ and ribs were 12½@15c lower at $8.72½@8.75.

Furnished by Otis & Hough, bankers and brokers.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Wheat—				
May	75¼	76	75⅛	75⅞
July	76¾	77½	76¾	77⅜
Sept.	77	78⅛	77⅛	78¼
Corn—				
May	45½	46⅝	45½	46⅝
July	45⅝	46¼	45½	46¼
Sept.	46¼	46¾	46⅛	46¾
Oats—				
May	40½	41¾	40½	41¾
July	36¾	37½	36⅞	37¼
Sept.	32¾	33⅛	32⅝	32⅞
Pork—				
May	15.85	15.97	15.70	15.72
July	15.97	16.10	15.85	15.87

In 1559 Queen Elizabeth was presented with a pair of silk stockings by her fine woman, and afterward never wore any other kind.

KANSAS CITY GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 19.—Close—Wheat unchanged. May, 69½c; July, 70⅝c; Sept., 72c; cash, No. 2, hard, 70@73c; No. 2, 67@71½c; No. 3, red, 71@73c; No. 3, 65@73c.

Corn 1@¼c cent higher. May, 41½c; July, 41⅝c; Sept., 42⅝c; cash, No. 2, mixed, 41@41½c; No. 3, 40@40½c; No. 2, white, 41½@42c; No. 3, 41@41½c.

Oats up to 1 cent higher. No. 2, white, 41½@42c; No. 2, mixed, 40c.

Rye steady, 67@68c.

Hay firm; choice timothy, $14.50@15.00; choice prairie, $11.00@11.50.

Butter firm; creamery, 30c; packing, 19c.

Eggs, steady, ½c higher, 14½c.

Receipts, wheat, 33 cars.

EASTERN LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Cattle—Receipts 4,000; market steady. Beeves, $4.10@6.80; cows, $1.70@4.90; heifers, $2.05@5.50; calves, $5.00@7.25; stockers and feeders, $2.80@4.85.

Hogs—Receipts 17,000; market strong to five higher. Mixed, $6.50@6.75; light, $6.55@6.85; heavy, $6.40@6.72½; rough, heavy, $6.40@6.55; pigs, $6.00@6.65; good to choice heavy, $6.60@6.80.

Sheep—Receipts 14,000; market strong. Sheep, $4.65@6.25; yearlings, $6.00@7.10; lambs, $6.00@8.00.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 19.—Cattle—Receipts 11,000, including 1,400 southerns. Market steady. Native steers, $4.50@6.35; southern steers, $3.75@5.25; southern cows, $3.00@4.00; native cows and heifers, $2.80@5.20; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.25; bulls, $3.00@4.25; calves, $3.25@7.00; western fed steers, $4.00@5.85; western fed cows, $3.00@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts 18,000; market strong to five higher. Bulk, $6.55@6.62½; heavy, $6.60@6.62½; packers, $6.55@6.62½; pigs and lights, $5.50@6.62½.

Sheep—Receipts 8,000; market steady. Mutton, $5.00@6.00; lambs, $7.25@7.85; range wethers, $5.50@6.75; fed ewes, $5.00@6.75.

NEW YORK MONEY.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Money on call easier, 2½@3 per cent; ruling rate, 3 per cent; closing bid, 2¾ per cent; offered at 3 per cent. Time loans easier and dull; 60 days, 6@6½ per cent; 90 days and six months, 6 per cent.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Close—Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak with actual business in bankers bills at 487.10@.15 for demand and at 478.65@.70 for 60 day bills. Posted rates, 480@484½ and 484½@485. Commercial bills 475¾.

Bar silver, 59¾; Mexican dollars, 47¾.

Government bonds steady; railroad bonds weak.

CRIPPLE CREEK EXCURSION

Sunday and Thursday each week. $2.50 Round Trip. Train leaves from Santa Fe Depot, 10:20 A. M.

VOWELS IN THEIR ORDER.

"Abstemious" and "facetious" are the only words in English having the vowels in their order.

In order to replace a lost thumb, a young man in Berlin had his great toe amputated and grafted on the stump. The operation proved successful.

AUTHOR OF "MIKADO" TALKS.

W. S. Gilbert Gives Reminiscences of Sullivan at a Dinner.

W. S. Gilbert in London Standard.

No author was ever blessed with a more zealous or more effective body of coadjutors. Death has sadly thinned our ranks, taking from us Alfred Cellier, our esteemed conductor; D'Oyly Carte and, lastly, my old friend and invaluable coworker, Arthur Sullivan—whose untimely death, in the fulness of his powers, extinguished the class of opera with which his name is so honorably identified—a composer of the rarest genius, and who, because he was a composer of the rarest genius, was as modest and as unassuming as a neophyte should be but seldom is.

I am not at my merriest when I remember all that he has done for me in allowing his genius to shed some of its luster upon my humble name, and it is a source of sincere gratification to me to reflect that the rift that parted us for a while had been completely bridged over and that at the time of his lamented death the most cordial relations existed between us.

I was introduced to him 37 years ago by my friend Fred Clay.

Plan of Reform Began.

When Sullivan and I began to collaborate English comic opera had practically ceased to exist. Such musical entertainments as held the stage were adaptations of the crapulous plots of the operas of Offenbach, Audran and Lecoq. The plots had generally been bowdlerizedd out of intelligibility, and when they had not been subjected to this treatment they were frankly improper, whereas the ladies' dresses suggested that the management had gone on the principle of doing a little and doing it well. We set out with the determination to prove that these elements were not essential to the success of humorous opera.

We resolved that our plots, however ridiculous, should be coherent; that our dialogues should be void of offense; that on artistic principles no man should play a woman's part. Finally, we agreed that no lady of the company should be required to wear a dress that she could not wear with absolute propriety at a private fancy ball; and I believe I may say that we proved our case. As regards the sumptuary law which we imposed upon ourselves, I may say that it is indorsed today by the production of musical comedy, for you must all have remarked that the ladies who play in those very unfairly depreciated entertainments are generally clothed in dress of irreproachable propriety.

Talks of "Ruddigore."

We are credited—or discredited—with one conspicuous failure, "Ruddigore, or the Witch's Curse." Well, it ran eight months and with the sale of the libretto, put 7,000 pounds in my pocket. In the blackness of my heart the worst I wish to my rival dramatists is that they may each have a dozen such failures, and retire upon the profits. By the way, it is not generally known that, bending before the storm of press execration aroused by its horrible and blood-curdling title, we were within an ace of changing it from "Ruddigore, or the Witch's Curse," to "Kensington Gore; or Robin and Richard Were Two Pretty men."

And while I am dealing with "Savoy Opera" I am anxious to avow my indebtedness to the author of Bab Ballads, who, I am told, is present this evening and from whom I have so unblushingly cribbed. I can only hope that, like Shakespeare, I may be held to have so far improved upon the original stories as to have justified the thefts that I committed.

THIS FOX A REAL MOUSER.

Found a Weakling. He Is Raised by a Sympathetic Family.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

The following account of the effects of environment comes from a landowner in Silesia, and should prove interesting to all lovers of the animal world.

One of the keepers came on a litter of young foxes, each about the size of a half-grown cat. There were eleven of them, and ten were quickly disposed of in the neighborhood. The eleventh, however, was delicate. He seemed to have had a blow across th loins in babyhood and was but a sickly little fellow. His condition awakened sympathy in the household, and he was taken in and nursed and petted into robust health.

But care and gentle treatment are now showing their effect not only on young reynard's physique, but on his general behavior and the view he takes of things. Before all others, he loves his kind master and mistress. Next to them he extends the house dog. In fact, should a "pack" now come across his way foxy would probably show delight and an inclination to take each on for a game. Brushed and combed, it is his pride to show himself in the drawing room when requested or to accompany his dear lady on her walk.

A few weeks ago he was missed, and it was found that he had gone to pay his devoirs alone at a house where he had been petted, getting no farther, however, than the front door, where he stood importunately scratching. Nor is it all "take" on his part and no return. He has become a very expert mouser. By day, however, he loves best to decline before the kitchen fire on a little old rug he recognizes as his very own.

The average father claims all the credit for his good children, and lets his wife take all the blame for the bad.

CHICAGO MINING & STOCK EXCHANGE

Incorporated under the laws of the state of Illinois.

Mining Companies desiring to list their stock on this Exchange can now make application. Blanks for listing and terms will be mailed upon request.

W. E. BAUHIE, Sec'y.
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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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YANKEE PRINCESSES

TWENTY-ONE AMERICAN WOMEN WEAR THAT TITLE.

Italy Has the Largest Share—Russia and Poland Secure Five. Germany and Austria Six.

From the New Idea Woman's Magazine.

There are no less than 21 American women now enjoying, more or less, the title of princess. Some of them have given up trying to enjoy the prince—but that is not a new story.

One of the most brilliant of these marriages was that of Miss Elizabeth Field and Prince Don Salvator Braniccelo, Duke of Lustra, Prince of Triggiano, Marquis of Braniccelo and a Spanish grandee of the first class. The princess is the daughter of the late J. Hickson Field of New York, and the marriage took place with much pomp and circumstance in Rome, March 3, 1879.

The princess is a lady-in-waiting to Queen Margherita of Italy, and lives at the superb Braniccelo palace at Rome. She is a great beauty and an especial favorite of the queen.

The Princess Cantacuzene was Miss Julia Dent Grant, granddaughter of General U. S. Grant and daughter of General Frederick Dent Grant. She was married to the prince with great pomp at Newport in 1895, the full Greek service being performed. She lives at St. Petersburg, where her husband is attached to the czar's guard.

Another marriage of an American girl with an Italian prince was that of Miss Eva Bryant Mackay, stepdaughter of John W. Mackay, to Prince Ferdinand Salatro Colonna, Prince of Pallano, Prince of Stigliano and an officer in the Italian cavalry. The marriage took place in Paris, February 11, 1885. The prince and princess have since separated by mutual consent.

The Princess Hatzfeldt was Miss Clara Huntington of New York, daughter of Colis P. Huntington. Her husband's family is one of the oldest in Germany, and Count Hatzfeldt, a cousin of the prince, also married an American girl, Miss Moulton of New York.

The Princess Salm-Salm is another German princess. She was Miss Agnes Jay and was born in Vermont. She met Prince Salm-Salm in Washington at the beginning of the Civil war, as he had come to America to join the Union forces out of a fine spirit of adventure. The marriage took place at Washington in 1861. The princess has married again since the death of the prince in 1876, but she still retains her title.

The Princess Czaykowski was Miss Edith Collins of New York and a granddaughter of Commodore Vanderbilt. She was married to Prince Reclad Bey Czaykowski in Paris in 1895 and lives at The Hague, where the prince is attached to the Turkish embassy to Holland.

The Princess Poniatowski was Miss Elizabeth Helen Sperry of Stockton, Cal. The prince is of Polish extraction, but Parisian by birth and breeding.

There is another American Princess Poniatowski. She was Miss Catherine Goddard of New York. She married Prince Charles Poniatowski April 7, 1890, and lives in Italy.

The prince was very fond of hunting big game in the northwest. He visited this country frequently for this purpose, but a few months ago, while about to start out on another hunting expedition, he was overcome by a fatal illness and died in New York city.

The Princess Belosselsky was Miss Susan Whittier of Boston, daughter of Gen. Charles A. Whittier. She was married to the prince in Paris in 1893 and has lived in Russia ever since at the Palace Belosselsky, on an island in the river at St. Petersburg, which has been owned by the family for many centuries. The prince is aide-de-camp to the Grand Duke Vladimir.

Another Russian princess is the Princess Nicholas Engalitcheff, who was Miss Evelyn Partridge of Chicago, a famous beauty and belle. She was married to the prince at Chicago in October of last year, and the prince has decided to become an American citizen. He was formerly of the Imperial Guards at St. Petersburg.

The Princess Francis Auersperg was Miss Hazard of Shrewsbury Manor, N. J. She was married in June, 1905. Her husband, an Austrian of famous lineage, is studying medicine in this country.

The Princess Caniporeale was Miss Mary Binney, daughter of John Binney of Burlington, N. J. She was married to the prince at Burlington in 1888.

The Princess de Lynar was Miss May Parsons of Elmghurst, O. In 1871 she married the late Prince Alexander de Lynar, an officer of the German army.

There are two American princesses of Ruspoli. Princess Emanuel was Miss Josephine Curtis of New York. She was married in 1885 at Paris. Princess Alexander was Miss Eva Broadwood of New York. She married in 1877.

The Princess Louise de Scey-Montbeliard was Miss Winnaretta Singer, daughter of Isaac Singer of Boston. She was married in Paris in 1887.

The Princess de Susanet was Miss Field of New York, and was married in Paris to the prince, who was an officer in the French army.

The Princess Virginius Cenci Visconti and Marquis of Roccapriora, Countess Palatine, was Miss Eleanor Spencer of New York. She was married to the prince in 1899 and has always resided at the beautiful Cenci palace at Rome.

The former Princess de Chimay was Miss Clara Ward of Detroit, who was divorced by the prince in 1897, after her elopement with Janski Rigo, a Hungarian gypsy, now leader of the well-known band that bears his name.

The Princess Wrede was Miss Rothschild of St. Louis. The house of Wrede is one of the oldest of Hanoverian nobility, and many of its members have been prominently connected with the history of the kingdom.

There was much opposition to the marriage of the present Princess Rospigliosi, who was the divorced wife of Colonel Frederick Parkhurst of Bangor, Me. Before her first marriage she was Miss Marie Reid of Washington, D. C.

One of the American princesses is an aunt by marriage to an empress; for the Princess of Noer, Countess von Waldersee, is aunt by marriage to the Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany. The princess has been like a mother to the empress for many years, and the title of "Aunt Mary" is esteemed at the royal palace by both emperor and empress.

The princess was Miss Mary Esther Lee, daughter of the late David Lee of New York. She was married April 14, 1874, to General Alfred Count von Waldersee, late aide-de-camp general of the German army. The princess was married before this to an Austrian nobleman and the title of Princess of Noer is in her own right and was given her by the Emperor of Austria.

STORIES OF THE NOTABLES.

An artist was talking about the late Walter Appleton Clark, who died at the beginning of his artistic career.

"And Clark," he said, "had a strong sense of humor. I remember going through a millionaire's stables with him one day.

"You know what a millionaire's stables nowadays are like—floors and walls of translucent white tiles, drinking fountains of marble, mahogany mangers, silver trimmings and so forth and so on.

"Well, gentlemen," said the millionaire, proudly, "is anything lacking?"

"I can think of nothing," said Clark, "except a sofa for each horse."

John Wanamaker superintends, as all the world knows, one of the largest Sunday schools in the world—Bethany Sunday school in Philadelphia.

It is said of Mr. Wanamaker that on Sunday he delivered before the infant class of Bethany a brief but eloquent address on the lesson. At the end he said:

"And now is there any question that any little boy or girl would like to ask me?"

A girl of 5 or 6 years rose.

"Well, Martha, what is it?" said the superintendent, smiling on the tot in kindly fashion.

"Please, Mr. Wanamaker," said the little girl, "what is the price of those large wax dolls in your window?"

Joaquin Miller in an address at Oakland attacked the trusts.

"What if their sins are legal?" he cried. "There are sins every day legal, and I wish when trusts sin legally we could prevent the law from protecting them. I wish, in short, we could all act as one of the Oakland farmers did last year.

"He, one day last year, found a score of men putting up telegraph poles all over his best field. He ordered the men away but they wouldn't go. They showed him a paper that gave them authority to put up their poles wherever they wished.

"The old man looked at the paper, saw it was lawful, and walked away in silence. He went to the barn and turned a savage red bull into the field.

"The bull made for the men, the men fled at top speed and the farmer shouted after them:

"'Show him your paper! Show him your paper!'"

NEW DEVICES IN WARFARE.

Recoil of the Dreadnought's Broadside Is Something Astounding.

From Appleton's.

It has been estimated that the Dreadnought's broadside develops force equal to the lifting of an entire city block composed exclusively of twenty-story skyscrapers! Little wonder that the monster skidded sideways under the recoil like an automobile on a muddy road. It is little wonder that France has laid down six Dreadnoughts to be completed within the next two years, and Germany quickly followed. Our reply to the Dreadnought is a projected ship of 20,000 or 25,000 tons, with perhaps twelve twelve-inch guns mounted in double turrets.

The latest developments are turbine torpedoes, with a range of 5,000 yards and a speed of thirty-five knots. They cost about $5,000 each and are actually controlled by the boat they leave by means of electric light-rays received on a tiny shaft projecting from the torpedo as it tears through the water. Thus the automatic missile is under control and may be brought back at any moment.

YIELD OF AN OLIVE TREE.

The average yield of an olive tree is two bushels, which give two gallons of oil.

WANTED MALE HELP.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Few weeks completes. Tools given; wages Saturdays; board provided; positions guaranteed. Catalogue mailed free. Write Moler System of Colleges, Denver, Colo.

WANTED—Carpenters, laborers and brick masons to exchange work for lots. Part cash paid. The Hastings-Allen Realty and Building Co., 110 North Tejon street.

WANTED—2 foremen for stone work, $3.50 and transportation; 2 ranch men, $25; 3 ranch men, $2; irrigators, milkers, $40. National Employment, 30 S. Tejon.

WANTED—Men to write hail insurance. Good opportunity for insurance men to make money during April, May, June. See Miller, Plaza hotel, Colo. Spgs., Colo.

PERSON to travel and collect in home territory; weekly salary of $1,072 per year and expenses. Address Joseph Alexander, Colo. Spgs.

WANTED—A single man to handle a team on San Luis valley; steady position. Inquire Yates & McClain, El Paso Bank Bldg.

AN A No. 1 solicitor, permanent employment. Salary or commission. Address A-500 care Gazette.

WANTED—Men with teams to exchange work for lots; part cash paid. The Hastings-Allen Co., 110 N. Tejon.

WANTED—Ten stonemasons at Fort Russell, Cheyenne, Wyo., at once. Apply to Atkinson Brothers' Plaza Hotel.

MAN for ranch work. The Sanitary Dairy Co., 16 W. Vermijo St.

WANTED—Good life insurance man for Colo. Spgs. See Miller, Plaza Hotel.

WANTED Man for ranch. Call 707 N. Walnut.

WANTED—Helper in wash room. Colorado Springs Laundry.

WANTED—To hire two boys to work in store. Giddings Bros.

FOR first-class help and positions, see the National Agency, 30 S. Tejon.

CARPENTERS and laborers wanted. C. E. Maddocks, 21½ Pike's Peak Ave.

PAINTER wanted. C. E. Maddocks, 21½ Pike's Peak Ave.

WANTED—Bell boys at Alta Vista hotel.

WANTED—A bell boy at Elk Hotel.

WANTED FEMALE HELP.

GOOD sewing machines for rent by week or month. J. F. Hooten Music Co., 11 N. Tejon St. Phone Main 1270.

HOUSE and carpet cleaning. Thomas Allen. Office, Temple theater. Phone Black 552.

AN A No. 1 solicitor; permanent employment; salary or commission. Address A-501, care Gazette.

WANTED—Second girl for waitress and upstairs work. Call 126 Wood Ave., between 9 and 11, and after 7.

KERNS & JOHNSON, millinery, 20 N. Tejon. Open evenings until after Easter.

WANTED—A cook at the Colo. School Deaf and Blind.

WANTED—Woman cook, [illegible] East Pike's Peak Ave.

WANTED—Business woman; profitable work; no canvassing. 16 S. Nevada.

Employment bureau, 204 DeGraff Bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Mrs. J. Blind, Phone 565-L.

WANTED—A cook at 118 East Platte avenue.

WORKING housekeeper, good home, child no objection, small wages. A-537, Gaz.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

GOOD horse and buggy for pleasure driving only; one to three months' use for its keep; first-class care, by responsible party and good horseman. Address 121 E. Madison.

CHILDREN'S hand-made garments and fancy underwear to make; babies' wardrobes a specialty. Address Gazette, A-346.

WANTED—Evergreens, cedars, six-inch maples and white birch. Geo. J. Lengman, 731 North Wahsatch.

THOSE wishing painting done will do well to call or write 801 West Del Norte. First-class work done.

To exchange [illegible] city real estate for 3 years at 5 per cent; no commission. A-385, Gazette.

KEYS, locks, cash registers, difficult repairing a specialty. Ch. Berghauser, 132½ E. Kiowa.

HALF soles, 45c. Electric Shoe Shop, 132 E. Huerfano. Phone 1354.

BUNDLE washing wanted. 519 S. El Paso St.

CASH paid for men's clothing. Write or call 522 E. Huerfano St.

TERRY MULLIGAN, 616 E. Boulder, carpenter and jobber. Phone Main 1255.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN

At 5 and 6 per cent

MATTHEW KENNEDY,
112 E. Kiowa St.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
You can get it of
THE STAR LOAN CO.
Without mortgages or publicity, and on easy terms, with discount if paid before due. Only salary loan Co. in the city. Room 25, First Nat'l Bank Bldg. Phone 518.

MONEY to loan at lowest rates.
NO DELAY.
Insurance written in companies of undisputed financial standing.
W. W. WILLIAMSON,
Tel. 476. 27 N. Tejon St.

WANTED TO LOAN—$2,000 on good real estate security; lowest rates; will loan $1,000 if desired. Call mornings, 9 o'clock.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 26-27 Midland Block.

LOANS ON CHATTELS AND REAL ESTATE.
HARPER & SMALL
Colorado Bldg.

TO LOAN—$500 on good real estate security; no delay. Norton Investment Co., Room 26-27, Midland Blk.

$25 TO $500 on furniture, pianos, houses, cattle; lowest rates. 55 Bank Bldg.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MISS E. M. WEATHERHEAD holds public circles Sundays and Thursdays, 8 p. m.; class for unfoldment, Wednesday, 8 p. m.; Tuesday, 8 p. m., Literary evening, devoted to communications from the spirits of authors and scientists. Private written communications from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily. Parlors upstairs, 142½ E. Pike's Peak.

MRS. Sampson, the noted psychic medium; beware of so-called mediums; come to those with known reputation. Readings daily; spiritual services Sunday evenings. 117½ East Pike's Peak Ave., upstairs.

MRS. HENDRICKS, reliable resident clairvoyant and spiritual medium, is permanently located at 20 East Pike's Peak Ave. Readings daily; meetings Sunday and Wednesday. Admission, 15c.

MRS. HILE, clairvoyant readings, 50 cts. Horoscopes, $1.00. 125 W. Las Animas.

MRS. THOMPSON, clairvoyant, 50c and $1.00. Hours 9 to 9. 28 S. Nevada.

POULTRY AND PET STOCK.

HENS, cockerels, full blood Barred Rock eggs, 50c. 722 Cheyenne Road. Phone 1037.

FOR SALE—Fine hearty bred duck eggs. 608 St. Anthony, Colorado City.

COLUMBIAN Wyandotte eggs from New York winners. 516 W. San Rafael.

MINES AND MINING.

WANT parties to finance Nevada mining property, adjoining skipper, which has ore assaying 67 per cent copper, 18 ounces gold, 32 ounces silver; have six claims on same fissure vein, close to R. R.; plenty of fuel and water. This is your chance. Charles A. Smith, 53 Jacobson Bldg., Denver, Colo.

WANTED AGENTS.

$20 A WEEK; expenses advanced. Man or woman to travel for manufacturers' appointed agents for household necessity. Good pay for home work or part time. Ziegler Co., 221 Locust St., Philadelphia, Pa.

TO RENT FURNISHED ROOMS.

THE LACLEDE—Nice, warm rooms; cheap; transients. 22½ E. Pike's Peak.

3 LARGE sunny rooms, furnished for housekeeping, $10 month. 124 N. Tejon.

SMALL housekeeping suites; neat, cosy, convenient, cheap. 326 East Yampa.

CHOICE rooms, newly tapered and furnished; modern; walking distance. 127 N. Weber.

FURNISHED rooms for rent at 27 N. Institute.

FURNISHED rooms or [illegible] housekeeping rooms. 327 N. Cascade Ave.

MODERN housekeeping rooms, first floor, west side, 1007 Washington Ave.

ROOMS—Single or [illegible] housekeeping [illegible]

FOR RENT UNFUR. HOUSES.

10-ROOM, fully modern, north end, for out [illegible] $20.00
8 rooms, close in, bath, hot and cold [illegible] 18.00

NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Room 26-27, Midland Block.

ONE 4, one 5 and one 6-roomed strictly modern house; will rent cheap. Apply 1304 Lincoln Ave. Phone 91 White.

FIVE ROOM house; close in; a bargain at $8. 131 E. Platte Ave.

SEVEN rooms, modern, in good condition; close in. Inquire at 17 S. Cascade.

ONE four-room house, bath, [illegible] 127 N. Weber.

4 ROOMS, bath, cellar, south front; full lots on car line. A-490, Gazette.

6 ROOMS; 5 min. from P. O. or any car; first-class condition. 525 E. Cimarron.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES

FOR RENT—Furnished, 10-rooms modern, Wood Ave. corner, 8 mo. or less. The Hastings-Allen Realty and Building Co., 110 N. Tejon.

SIX-ROOM furnished house, all modern. Apply 126 E. Las Animas.

PRETTY rustic cabin for light housekeeping, $10. 607 E. St. Vrain St.

FOUR rooms and pantry, furnished, water made, electric lights. 522 E. Bijou.

6-ROOM, modern, furnished flat, $15; also rooms, $4 to $8. 1 to North Tejon.

ROOM for housekeeping. 721 East Willamette.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

SUITE of rooms, with private bath, south exposure. 815 North Tejon.

ROOMS AND BOARD—Table board, Mrs. Walter A. Dunn, 117 N. Nevada.

BOARD and rooms; reasonable rates. 416 N. Nevada.

ROOM and board. 1615 N. Weber St.

HOT lunch, home cooked, 15c. Home made bread and pastry. 119 N. Cascade.

ROOMS and board; sunny room; private bath. 712 N. Tejon St.

FOR RENT—RANCHES.

FOR RENT—Two good farms at 160 acres each, within a few miles of Colorado Springs. These farms will be rented at a very reasonable rent. They are well-improved, are nearly all bottom land, and have good pasture and cultivating land. We can make a splendid proposition to the right party. See Yates & McClain, 16 El Paso Bldg.

WANTED—Tenant for an improved ranch of 160 acres, 10 miles north of Colorado Springs, near Husted. Call at 202 Gypsum St.

WANTED—Tenant for an improved ranch of 160 acres, 10 miles north of Colorado Springs, near Husted. Call at 202 Gypsum St. Part can be watered.

FOR RENT or sale, 240 acre ranch at Eastonville; improved and in good condition. Call at 202 Gypsum St.

TO TRADE.

TO TRADE—Property, 545 E. Platte Ave., for north. Inquire at The May.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

PROF. MAX KAHN, teacher, Dr. Tyrrell's J. B. L. Cascade on sale. Phone 254. 126 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

LOST.

A PAIR of nose glasses, between 514 S. Cascade and postoffice. Please return to 13 S. Cascade.

LOST—Yesterday, a small pin; flower basket design. Liberal reward if returned to Gazette office.

PARTIES who know who took carpet from 218 Main St., Roswell. Please return without further trouble.

LADIES fox fur scarf, between Tejon St. and Wood Ave., on Del Norte St. Return to Gazette. Reward.

LOST—A Jersey cow; brand M; also calf. Finder send post card to postmaster, St. Peter's, Colo. Reward.

LOST—A lace handkerchief, with initials M. S. M. R. Return to 115 E. Platte avenue and receive reward.

LOST—Pocketbook, on or near 13th street, about 1230, Tuesday. Return to C. W. Zeiger, 115 E. Pike's Peak Ave. Reward.

LOST—Yesterday, a small pin, flower basket design. Liberal reward if returned to Gazette office.

BIG sale of new and second-hand bicycles. W. J. Lucas, 122 N. Tejon.

WANTED REAL ESTATE.

WANTED—Ranch, well improved; from 500 to 1,000 acres; close to Colorado Springs. Address A-505, Gazette.

FOR RENT OFFICES.

FOR RENT—Ground floor office or desk room for rent; heat, light and janitor service furnished. The Hastings-Allen Co., No. 110 N. Tejon St.

FOUR rooms for offices, cheap; best location; upstairs. 10½ E. Pike's Peak.

WANTED TO RENT HOUSES.

WANTED—Furnished cottage; must be modern; state location and rental; also number of rooms. Address Box 5, city.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$200 DOWN $25 PER MONTH

Pays for the finest five-room, thoroughly modern cottage in town on Palmer Blvd.

$300 DOWN, $25 PER MONTH
Pays for the finest five-room, thoroughly modern cottage in town on Palmer Blvd.

$100 DOWN, $15 PER MONTH
For a handsome bungalow of five rooms and bath, near Town and Gown Golf club.

$75 DOWN, $15 PER MONTH
For a model cottage of four rooms and bath.

$75 DOWN, $12 PER MONTH
For a cottage of three rooms and bath.

THESE COTTAGES ARE NEW
and beautifully built and finished. They are all built on the bungalow style with wide eaves, low roofs and broad porches; all have fire places, china closets or book cases with leaded glass doors, window seats, drug cabinets with bevel plate mirror doors, leaded art glass windows, polished quarter sawed floors, tinted walls, baths and kitchens have the best of plumbing and enameled tiled wainscot. The finish is in solid oak, red wood, waxed mission stain, forest oak stain, white enamel and natural California pine. If you have never seen our bungalows you cannot appreciate them. Phone us and we will gladly call for you and show you our property.

ON WEST SIDE
We have a cottage of four rooms, bath, cellar, range, etc., for
$25 DOWN AND $10 PER MONTH
One of six rooms, cellar and large yard on the same terms.

IN SOUTH END
One of three rooms, bath and cemented cellar for $50 down and $8 per month.
Small properties taken in trade.

THE HASTINGS-ALLEN REALTY AND BUILDING CO.
110 NORTH TEJON

RANCHES

$1,100.
160 acres, unimproved, about 20 miles N. E. of this city. Easy terms.

$2,250.
80 acres, about 30 miles northeast of this city. This is all in one body and well improved. The owner, having decided to leave the state, for a quick sale, will sell at this price and give very reasonable terms.

CHOICE IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY

$2,000.
6-room fully modern cottage; hard wood floors; excellent condition; west side; close to car; easy terms.

$2,000.
6-room, fully modern house, in good shape, south front, close to car and school; easy terms.

$1,150.
6-room house, partially modern; good size lot; well located; easy terms.

Loans, Rentals and Insurance.
ADAMS & WILLIAMS
Tel. 1289. No. 119½ N. Tejon St.

SNAP.
6 rooms, modern; full lot and barn; on car line; in north end, and not too far out. Come in and make offer on this property.

$2,250
For 6-room modern house; lot 50x200; chicken house and barn. Will include the furniture at this price, as party is leaving this city.

MATTHEW KENNEDY,
112 E. Kiowa St.

CITY REAL ESTATE AND LANDS
LOVAN, PARBERRY & SON
Rooms 1-2-3 Barnes Bldg.

FOR SALE.

11-room house; lot 67x190; close in.....$3,000
4 houses; lot 100x120; east.....1,500
5-room house; lot 100x100; west.....2,200
7-room house; lot 40x200; south.....1,800

H. A. SCURR,
30 S. Tejon St.

$1,550 FOR a 7-room residence; corner lot; house newly painted and papered; good large barn; on west side; $100 down, balance about like rent.
WARNER & MILLER,
1012 Colo. Ave.

418 E. KIOWA ST., $2,750.
6-ROOM house, lot 25x150 feet. $1,500 can run 3 years—$1,000 or less cash, balance monthly. B. T. Royal, owner, 723 Sixteenth St., Denver, Colo.

FOR SALE—Must sell at once, cheap, the stone house, at 329 N. Wahsatch, 8 rooms, perfectly modern. Owner must go to California. Apply to owner, at above address.

THE nine-room modern house at 12 Cheyenne Road; lot 125x200. Great natural attractions. A bargain for cash. Apply at 709 12th St., Ivywild.

FARMS AND GARDEN TRACTS.

GARDEN plot for rent. Apply 1019 N. Weber.

COLLECTION AGENCIES.

THE Rocky Mountain Collection Agency, Colorado Bldg. Phone 1118.

DRESSMAKING.

First-class seamstress. Prices reasonable to introduce work. Phone West 94-A.

CLEANING AND PRESSING.

A GOOD investment. For $1 per month we sponge and press your suit each week. Call for and deliver.
THE PANTATORIUM,
17 E. Bijou. Phone 863.

FOUND.

FOUND—A place to get all the money on any kind of security and big loans at special low rates, at M. K. Myers' Loan office, 20 E. Huerfano. Phone 622-Black.

BIG sale of bicycle tires this week. W. J. Lucas, 122 North Tejon.

SMALL house, west side, for rent. Inquire 704 N. Tejon. Phone Red 44.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—Nearly new Singer sewing machine, some fine household furniture, rugs. Call mornings, 451 N. Institute St.

GOOD Columbus surrey. Snap at $100 cash, or will trade for good horse or upright piano. Bird Piano Co., 11 N. Tejon.

MANITOU mineral water delivered daily; 24 quart tickets, $1. L. M. Hunt. Orders taken at Robinson's Drug Store. Phone 4.

$65.00 DROP HEAD Singer machine; only used six weeks; $30.00 cash. Piano case organ; good as new; $40 cash. 412 N. Prospect St.

FOR SALE—High-grade Babcock buggy and harness. 102 East St. Vrain, No. 3 flat.

FINE singers; choice selection of females; [illegible] Ave., Colorado City.

ORGAN; in fine condition; very cheap if taken this week. Bird Piano Co., 11 N. Tejon.

TWO velvet rugs, 10½ ft. square; heater; jellies; preserves. 712 W. Cucharras.

MEMBERSHIP Colorado Springs Mining Exchange. Room 22 P. O. building.

CHOICE fresh cows for sale at 835 West Bijou. Williams Garden.

FINE four-gallon Jersey cow for sale. Just fresh. 1812 N. Corona.

GOOD cow, 418 N. Nevada; fresh about June 1.

TWO acres gravel, 1100 block South Sierra Madre St.; 10%. Phone West 3.

FOR SALE—Trees, large and small. 125 E. Platte Ave.

GOOD organ, $40 cash. Bird Piano Co., 11 N. Tejon.

OLD papers, 25c hundred.
At Gazette office.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE Grocery stock and fixtures; in good shape; good location; must go lower altitude. Address A-526, Gazette office.

FURNITURE and lease of a 21-room house, well located. Terms easy. 22 E. Huerfano.

FURNITURE and lease of 15 rooms; good location; must be sold quick. Call 306½ S. Tejon.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

GOOD horse and buggy for pleasure driving only; one to three months' use for its keep; first class care, by responsible party and good horseman. Address, 121 E. Madison.

CARRIAGES and wagons repaired at lowest prices. Rubber tires a specialty. All work guaranteed. Hemenway's Carriage and Repair Shop, 25 S. Cascade.

FOR SALE—A fine saddle and driving horse; guaranteed sound and gentle. Phone White 232.

STORAGE AND TRANSFER.

OUR MOTTO: KEEP MOVING.
If your home isn't pleasant, leave it. Phone 100. Smith's Storage and Transfer Co.

PIKE'S Peak Moving and Storage Co. 123 E. Bijou. Phone 160. S. L. Kellerman.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE or trade, a nine-room modern house, barn and chicken house, north; a bargain. Call mornings, or address owner at 507 N. Wahsatch.

MASSAGE.

THE Ancient Roman Oil Bath. Address E. C. P. O. Box 122.

TREES AND SHRUBBERY.

TREES, blooming shrubs, etc. See Colorado Springs Nursery before you buy. South Tejon, corner First street, Ivywild. Ask for catalogue. Phone Black 1371.

CARPETS AND RUGS.

ORIENTAL rugs—Cleaning, repairing and washing are our specialties. We are natives. We also manufacture fluff rugs from old carpets, rag carpets and silk portieres. Geo. Odabashian, 435 E. Kiowa. Phone 1377.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE.

FOR SALE—Fine mahogany furniture; some rare pieces Flemish oak dining room set, English china, bedroom set, rugs, kitchen furniture, gas range, den furniture, gold and silver inlaid weapons, pictures, 1-ft. Nike Victory. Shown afternoons, between 2 and 5 p. m. Call 250 E. Yampa.

OUR furniture and furnishings are first-class, and no competitor can beat the prices. Auction men not in it. W. H. Holmes, 121 E. Huerfano.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, 1012 N. Tejon St.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE GUANAJUATO POWER AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Guanajuato Power and Electric company will be held at the office of the company, Giddings building, Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colorado, on Tuesday, the 5th day of March, 1907, at 12 o'clock m., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
Books for the transfer of stock will be closed at 3 o'clock p. m. on Tuesday, March 19th, 1907, and shall remain closed until the day after the final adjournment of said meeting.
HENRY HINE, President.
Colorado Springs, Colo., February 8th, 1907.

THE MICHOACAN POWER COMPANY.
NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.
Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Michoacan Power company will be held at the office of the company, Giddings building, Colorado Springs, Colo., on Saturday, the 9th day, of March, 1907, at 12 o'clock m., for the purpose of considering and acting upon the question of mortgaging all of the property and assets of the company, including its plants and principal machinery, to secure an issue of 6 per cent 30-year gold bonds; to consider and act upon the question of the issue of all the capital stock of the company and the sale of the said bonds, and for such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
By order of the board of directors.
O. B. WILLCOX, Secretary.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. G. W. PAULY and wife, graduates Still's college, Kirksville, Mo., 201-3 DeGraff Bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Phone Red 1272. Best equipped office, best of service. Residence 121 N. Weber. Phone Main 956.

SEWING MACHINES.

SEWING machines rented and repaired; needles and oil and repairs for all makes. Hext Music Co., 19 N. Tejon St.

UPHOLSTERING AND CABINET MAKING.

FREDERICK ROLLER, 310 N. Tejon St., formerly N. Y. City.

FOR SALE—RANCHES.

[illegible] chicken ranch; 4-room house; good chicken houses, 3 living springs and reservoir. This place is only a short distance from street car tracks. This is a bargain and you will agree with us if you will let us show it to you.
WARNER & MILLER,
1012 Colo. Ave.

COAL AND WOOD.

COAL—Phone West 5 for coal and wood. Burnam & Co.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE.

No. NORTH FOR DENVER.
1—From Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, Leadville and Glenwood.....4:30 am
6—From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.....8:05 am
12—From St. Louis, K. C., Pueblo.10:15 am
2—From St. Louis & Pac. Coast.....2:05 pm
10—From Pueblo and Canon City.....3:25 pm
14—From Trinidad and Pueblo.....6:15 pm
4—From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.....7:20 pm

SOUTH AND WEST FROM DENVER.
15—For Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, and Leadville.....12:15 am
5—For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.....11:05 am
11—For Salt Lake, St. Louis and Pacific Coast.....12:10 pm
9—For Canon City and Pueblo.....4:10 pm
7—For Pueblo, Alamosa, Durango 3:30 pm
13—For Kan. City and St. Louis.....6:20 pm
3—For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.....10:35 pm

MANITOU BRANCH TRAINS.

No.	Lv. Colo. Spgs.	No.	Lv. Manitou.
43	7:30 am	44	8:30 am
45	11:10 am	46	11:40 am
47	4:30 pm	48	5:25 pm

SANTA FE.
October 16, 1906.
Union Station, East Pike's Peak Ave.

No. NORTH FOR DENVER.
5—From Chicago and California.....6:55 am
17—From Colorado Midland.....8:40 am
607—Denver Express.....11:45 am
1—Colorado Fast Flyer.....1:30 pm
601—From Pueblo and East.....3:45 pm
3—Denver Express.....6:15 pm
11—From Colorado Midland.....7:35 pm

EAST BOUND AND CALIFORNIA.
608—For Chicago and Kan. City.....6:40 am
4—Dodge City.....10:20 am
12—To Colorado Midland Ry.....11:45 am
2—For Pueblo.....2:35 pm
602—California Lim. and Chicago.....4:35 pm
6—For Chicago, K. C., El Paso.....10:20 pm
16—To Colorado Midland Ry.....11:20 pm
C. C. HOYT,
13 N. Tejon St. City Pass. Agt.

ROCK ISLAND SYSTEM.
No. LEAVE COLORADO SPRINGS.
No. 42—Rocky Mountain Limited. For Omaha and Chicago.....10:40 am
No. 10—Eastern Fast Mail, for Kansas City.....2:00 pm
No. 23—Southeastern Express, for Kansas City, St. Louis and Southeast.....7:50 pm
No. 8—Eastern Express, for Omaha and Chicago.....9:40 pm
No. 5—For Pueblo.....5:35 am
No. 9—For Pueblo.....3:00 pm
No. 41—For Pueblo.....8:45 pm

ARRIVE AT COLORADO SPRINGS.
No. 8—Colorado Express, from Chicago and Omaha.....7:50 am
No. 27—Western Express, from St. Louis, Kansas City and Southeast.....8:15 am
No. 29—Colorado Flyer, from Kansas City.....11:25 am
No. 9—For Pueblo.....11:25 am
No. 41—Rocky Mountain Limited, from Chicago and Omaha.....3:40 pm
No. 42—From Pueblo.....10:30 am
No. 10—From Pueblo.....2:20 pm
No. 6—From Pueblo.....8:35 pm
All meals in dining cars. Through sleepers and chair cars on all trains.
W. W. WOOD, City Passenger Agent,
2 Pike's Peak Avenue.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.
(MIDLAND ROUTE.)
Leave Colorado Springs:
No. 5—For Leadville, Aspen, Glenwood, Grand Junction, Salt Lake and Pacific Coast (A., T. & S. F.-C. & S. Depot).....11:55 am
No. 3—For Leadville, Aspen, Glenwood, Grand Junction, Salt Lake and Pacific Coast (A., T. & S. F.-C. & S. Depot).....11:30 pm
No. 5—For Victor and Cripple Creek (D. & R. G. Depot).....6:30 pm

Arrive Colorado Springs.
No. 4—From Pacific Coast, Grand Junction, Glenwood, Aspen (A., T. & S. F.-C. & S. Depot).....6:35 pm
No. 6—From Grand Junction, Aspen, Glenwood, Leadville (A., T. & S. F.-C. & S. depot).....5:25 am
No. 8—From Cripple Creek, Victor and Ute Pass Points (D. & R. G. Depot).....10:12 am
C. S. BROWNE, General Agent.
No. 9 N. Tejon St.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN.
119 E. Pike's Peak Avenue.
Phone Main 164.
Effective Sunday, October 21.

NORTHBOUND.
No. 10 for Denver.....6:40 am
No. 3 for Denver.....8:55 am
No. 607 for Denver.....11:45 am
No. 1 for Denver.....1:30 pm
No. 801 for Denver.....3:45 pm
No. 5 for Denver.....6:15 pm
No. 11 for Denver.....7:05 pm

SOUTHBOUND.
No. 608 for Pueblo.....8:40 am
No. 4 for Pueblo.....10:20 am
No. 2 for Pueblo and south.....2:35 pm
No. 602 for Pueblo.....6:35 pm
No. 6 for Pueblo.....10:20 pm
G. H. LOGAN, Commercial Agent.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Arrive. Depart.
10:05 am—St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Joe, Atchison, Leavenworth, Wichita and Hot Springs.....7:00 pm
5:05 pm—East Mail, St. Louis, Hot Springs, Sedalia, K. C., St. Joe, Atchison, Leavenworth, daily.....1:00 pm

COLORADO SPRINGS & CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RY.
(The Short Line.)
No. WEST BOUND. No.
2—Daily, leaves Colo. Springs.....10:30 am
Arrives Cripple Creek.....1:30 pm
EAST BOUND.
1—Daily, leaves Cripple Creek.....7:00 pm
Arrives Colo. Spgs.....9:00 pm
Through trains of day coaches and observation cars between Denver, Cripple Creek and Victor are run over the C. & S. Ry. to and from Colorado Springs.
Short Line trains arrive and depart Santa Fe station, Colorado Springs, Colo.

THE CRIPPLE CREEK [illegible] ROAD.
[illegible]
Via C. M. [illegible] Out of City Station.
No. WEST BOUND.
11—Leave Colorado Springs.....[illegible]
Arrive Cripple Creek.....[illegible]
EAST BOUND.
8—Leave Cripple Creek.....[illegible]
Arrive Colorado Springs.....[illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

We are showing an elegant line of

Men's Spring Clothing

FOR

Easter Wear

Rafield the Clothier

DAILY WEATHER RECORD.

The following meteorological record is [illegible] weather bureau for 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock p. m.

Temperature at 6 a. m.	32
Temperature at 12 m.	33
Temperature at 6 p. m.	31
Maximum temperature	47
Minimum temperature	26
Mean temperature	32
Max. bar. pres., inches	24.11
Min. bar. pres., inches	24.07
Mean vel. of wind per hour	6
Max. vel. of wind per hour	31
Relative humidity at noon	48
Dew point at noon	25
Precipitation in 24 hrs.	0

CITY BRIEFS

FINELY furnished rooms, Y. M. C. A.

MINING stocks Earnest & Co., P. O. Bldg.

REMEMBER to see the useful and fancy articles on sale at All Souls' church Friday afternoon.

WINKLER, DAVIS & CURTIS, real estate and insurance, moved offices from Kiowa St. to 11 E. Pike's Peak.

TO WED—Marriage license was issued yesterday in Denver to Carl E. Pearson and Caroline Johnson of this city.

MARRIAGE LICENSE—Alfred Reid and Mary Ogden, both of Colorado City, yesterday secured a marriage license from the county clerk.

EASTER DISPLAY Imported and Tailored Hats. Miss C. A. Bachelder, today and Thursday, March 20 and 21. 21 East Kiowa. Phone Red 391.

AUTOS BARRED—The trustees of Palmer park have announced that they will enforce the rule forbidding automobilists the use of the Palmer park boulevard, the Paseo or the driveways of the park.

WARNER COMING—William R. Warner, grand chancellor, K. of P., will pay his official visit to Myrtle lodge, No. 34, this evening. He will exemplify the secret work. All visiting knights are invited.

MRS. RUSSELL CHOSEN Mrs. D. A. Russell was elected secretary of the Actors' Church alliance at a meeting Monday afternoon to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mrs. Stout, who is going to Denver.

REALTY DEALS—W. W. Willimson reports the sale of the house and lot at 1916 North Nevada avenue from George W. Cutting to Helen Walton for a consideration of $4,000, and the property at 509 South Nevada avenue from A. E. Wilson to T. H. Douglas for a consideration of $2,500.

MERTES PROMOTED—A. J. Mertes, who has been manager of the Hext Music company's store in this city for a number of years, has been promoted to the head of the rental department of the main store in Denver. J. E. Putman, manager of the company's Cripple Creek store, will succeed him here.

HANDS INJURED—Arthur Wise, car inspector for the Santa Fe road, was working on a car yesterday morning about 11 o'clock when he was caught by a piece of machinery and his hands were badly crushed. It is feared that it will be necessary to amputate the injured hands.

LAST TWILIGHT RECITAL—The last of a series of twilight recitals in the Grace Episcopal church parish house by Clarence D. Sears, organist, will be given at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Sears will be assisted by Miss Clara West and Charles Templeton, violinists, and John Moffatt, violin cellist.

POSTPONED—The Scandinavian program of the Colorado Springs Musical club has been postponed for one week and will not be rendered until Monday, April 1, at 3:30 p. m., in Perkins hall. The change is made at the request of several musicians of this city who have planned to go to Denver to witness the production of "Madame Butterfly" and remain until after the concert of Rosenthal, the great pianist, to take place on Tuesday evening, March 26.

Use Jap-a-lac. Lowell-Meserve Hardware Co.

OWEN BOY'S FUNERAL TODAY

Will Be Held From Family Residence This Afternoon.

The funeral of Orloff Owen, the eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. O. Ralph Owen, 810 South Sahwatch street, who was killed by Denver & Rio Grande passenger train No. 11 between South Cascade avenue and Tejon street, Monday evening about 6:45 o'clock, will be held from the family residence at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Interment will be in Evergreen cemetery.

The little boy was playing with one of his friends, Clyde Graham, on the track when the accident occurred. The boys were making "sand pies" on the embankment at the side of the track, and young Owen had gone onto the track looking for cinders to use as "raisins" in the pies, when the accident occurred.

BOYNTON IS IMPROVING

Has Been Confined to His Bed Several Days.

W. S. Boynton, who has been seriously ill at his home, 1414 North Tejon street, for several days, is rapidly improving and is expected to be about within two or three days. He was attacked with a severe cold about a week ago and was able to take nourishment yesterday for the first time in several days and was perceptibly improved in strength.

NEW SIMPLEX AUTOMOBILE

Hager Gets Big 30-Horse Power Car.

Wilfrid M. Hager of the brokerage firm of William P. Bonbright and company, yesterday received a big four-cylinder Simplex automobile from New York. The machine seats seven persons and cost $3,000. It is a 30-horse power car and has a slate gray exterior finish with red cushioned seats. The body of the car is 24 inches from the ground.

The New Pure Food Law demands honesty of label. Burnett's Vanilla is pure.

PRUDENTIAL-NEVADA STOCK

Prudential-Nevada Mining stock has advanced from 6 cents to 7 cents per share. This stock was put out to enable the Prudential-Nevada Mining and Milling company, of which Mr. George A. Cockburn of Colorado Springs is president, to raise money to extend operations on a drift in the mine which, from all indications, will reach a vein of remarkably rich values. This vein was followed with the shaft, which is now 100 feet deep, to a depth of 50 feet, but a change in its course at this depth necessitated an attempt to reach the vein again at a 100 foot level. The company is confident of huge profits and have invested thousands of dollars in securing these five (5) claims, patenting them and developing the property so far.

At first the idea of selling any stock was looked upon rather unfavorably by the members of the company, because of the promising outlook, but inasmuch as the pushing of the work was so expedient, and some improvements were necessary, Prudential-Nevada was floated to a limited extent of a few thousand shares at six cents. The price has advanced to seven cents and Mr. Cockburn says it will go to 25 cents very soon, as nearly enough has been sold already to warrant sending out more miners from Cripple Creek to the mine, which is located within 50 miles of Goldfield.

NOTICE.

The telephone directory goes to press earlier than usual this time. All information for same must be in this office not later than March 25th.

THE COLORADO TELEPHONE CO.

1-2—PRICE—1-1

Granville stock. Everything must go. Just received lot ladies' skirts, suits, coats, manufacturers samples. A chance of a lifetime to get bargains. Come quick. Half price. 105 Tejon street. Don't delay.

YOUR EYES

Don't neglect them. They are your best friends. If they trouble you, see MATTHEWS, 24 South Tejon street. Graduate in Physiological and Ophthalmic Optics. Eyes tested, glasses fitted. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Frank F. Crump
Florist
509 E. Columbia St. Phone 500.

For Sale

A Columbia Electric-Victoria in first-class condition. For demonstration apply to Western Auto & Supply Co., 115 N. Cascade Ave. Phone Main 56.

★

West Side Lot

West Colorado Springs, 1600 block Colorado Ave. Full lot, facing southerly. Special low price for 90 days.

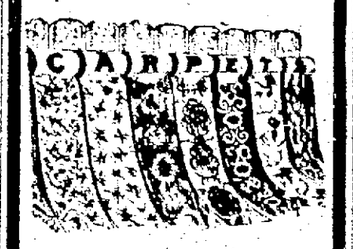
WILLS, SPACKMAN & KENT

Out West Building, 15 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Established (With the Town) 1871.

Needing Anything In

RUGS,



or Linoleum?

You can not afford to overlook our display in this line. We show a most complete line at very attractive prices. Don't fail to see us. Always glad to show goods.

McCracken & Hubbard

Furniture Dept., Colorado Springs Dry Goods Co.
120-122 South Tejon St.

Urgent Business in New York

Requiring early trip may be facilitated by taking the shortest route from Chicago or from St. Louis, the Pennsylvania Lines. Frequent daily trains make fast time. Valuable suggestions sent upon request addressed to George T. Hull, District Agent, 911 Seventeenth St., Denver, Colo. At the sign of the Red Keystone.

Ask your grocer for Alpine High Patent Flour. It is the best.

Easter Novelties

Consisting of Rabbits, Chickens, Ducks, etc., now ready for your inspection.

W. N. BURGESS,

112-114 N. Tejon.

The Temperance Pharmacy

Gentle Spring Time

This is no poem.

"LIFE IS ONE SWEET SONG" LIFE MALT is even more so, pure, malt tonic. Just the thing for this time of year. The tonic sap will rise. We sell it.

D. E. MONROE & CO.

Cor N. Tejon and Bijou Sts.
Phones 311 and 331

To Automobile Owners and Drivers

Automobiles are not allowed either in Palmer park or upon the boulevard or paseo leading to the park.

A disregard of this rule will lead to prosecution for trespass.

TRUSTEES OF PALMER PARK.

SPECIALIST.

Diseases of Lungs, Throat and Heart.
DR. W. A. SHEPARD.
Offices, 2 and 3 Barnes Bldg.
Hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.
Residence, 105 Cheyenne Road.

The Busy Store
C. J. HEATH DRY GOODS CO.
111 S. Tejon St.

KODAKS
Fresh films and supplies
EMERY'S STUDIO
Phone 679. Cor. Cascade and Kiowa

For bargains, go to
THE FAIR
113 S. Tejon St.

The beauty of our Spring styles wins admiration and elicits many compliments from good dressers.

Our Easter Shoe Display

surpasses anything we have ever attempted.

All the wanted styles are here—shapely, stylish and natty shoes. Oxford Ties and Slippers with Louis, Military and Cuban heels, beautifully designed and modeled in keeping with the new spring costumes for Easter wear.

We Invite Men and Women

who want smart things in Footwear, to come to see our magnificent line of EASTER SHOES.

Style and Quality at the Right Price.

Voches
BOSTON STORE
22 S. TEJON ST.

THE PEOPLE'S
Grocery and Market

Phone 868 — 222 E. Pike's Peak

1 dozen City Laid Eggs	20c
1 lb Best Creamery Butter	35c
2 cans Blue Label Corn	25c
1 can Table Peaches	15c
1 can Table Plums	15c
1 can Table Pears	18c
1 can Table Apricots	18c
1 can Corn, Peas and Tomatoes	25c
10 lbs Good Cooking Apples	25c
100 lbs Good Spuds	$1.50

Send us your order and we will give you the goods, the price and the service that will make you a satisfied customer. S. JAMES & SON.

THE COLORADO SAVINGS BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
Capital $50,000 Surplus and Undivided Profits $25,000
General Banking Business. Interest Paid on Savings Account.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—E. J. EATON, Pres.; S. D. McCRACKEN, Vice Pres.; F. P. Evans, Cashier; W. S. Nichols, O. H. SHOUP, JOHN CURR, F. F. CASTELLO, B. F. LOWELL, WM. STRACHAN.

EL PASO NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
Capital $200,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits $150,000.00
STOCKHOLDERS—William S. Jackson, Pres.; C. C. Henning, Vice Pres.; C. L. Browning, Cashier; O. L. Godfrey, Assistant Cashier; Gen. William J. Palmer, Ass. T. Jones, E. P. Shaw, Frank C. Smith, C. H. White, E. J. Eaton, Thos. J. Fisher, O. L. Hemenway, Geo. S. Elston, Henry Tamm, Cecile Jacobelt, Colorado Springs, Colo.; H. F. Edwards, W. H. Thompson, J. C. Van Blarcom, St. Louis, Mo.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $500,000.00
Travelers' checks and letters of credit. Safety deposit boxes.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.
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THE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
United States Depository.
Capital Stock $100,000.00
Surplus $200,000.00
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.
A. G. SHARP, Pres.; J. R. McKINNIE, Vice Pres.; J. F. LILLY, Vice Pres.; S. J. GILES, Cashier; C. G. GRAHAM, Assistant Cashier.
WILLIAM LENNOX, W. S. NICHOLS, D. H. RICE, E. W. GIDDINGS, FRANK F. CASTELLO, A. S. HOLBROOK, VERNER Z. REED.

THE COLORADO TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY.
CAPITAL, $300,000. SURPLUS, $50,000.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—President, J. Arthur Connell; Vice Presidents, Horace G. Lunt, Eugene F. Shaw, Leonard E. Curtis, Irving W. Bonbright; Trust Officer and Secretary, William R. Waterton; Treasurer, George E. Nolte; Auditor, Samuel C. Moore; J. G. Shields, C. M. MacNeill, F. G. Peck, P. B. Stewart, R. P. Davis, Henry Hine, Spencer Penrose, D. B. Fairley, H. C. Hall, C. P. Dodge, Sherwood Adams, George Rex Buckman.
PAYS INTEREST ON SAVINGS AND TRUST ACCOUNTS.

THE REED INVESTMENT CO.
Investment Bankers Bonds, Mortgages and Colorado Securities
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William P. Bonbright & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
Colorado Springs, Colorado.
24 Broad Street, New York.
15 George Street, Mansion House, London, E. C.
MEMBERS.
New York Stock Exchange.
Colorado Springs Mining Stock Exchange.

J. S. McCrum
428 Hagerman Building. Phone 3.
I have sent two reliable mining engineers to Ely, Nevada, to open up THE COPPER BOND COPPER COMPANY'S property. If you want Ely property let me know what you want.

Colorado Springs Gazette

SIXTY CENTS PER MONTH.

GIDDINGS BROS

Children's and misses' trimmed hats

Our first complete showing of dainty ideas in trimmed hats for children and misses to which we invite your early inspection. They are unusually smart ideas that will win admiration from all who see them. Prices have been made their greatest attraction.

Easter gifts

Recently it has become quite a fad to remember one of the family or a friend at Easter time. For such gifts we are showing quite a varied lot of Easter novelties. They are neat, yet inexpensive. Ask to see them.

MILLER & WILSON AUTOMOBILE CO.
Dealers in Automobiles and Supplies
Automobiles to Rent by the hour, day, week or month.
Storage, Repair and Charging Station.
Telephone 727. 122 North Cascade Avenue.

BAKER ELECTRICS ARE THE ARISTOCRATS O MOTORDOM.

Baker Runabout	$1,800	Baker Coupe	3,000
Baker Queen Victoria	1,800	Baker Victoria	3,000
Baker Inside Driven Coupe	2,000	Baker Depot Carriage	3,000
Baker Roadster	2,250	Baker Surrey	2,650
Baker Brougham	4,000	Baker Suburban	2,000
Baker Landaulet	4,000	Baker Stanhope	1,600
		Baker Imperial	1,200

THE CLIFF HOUSE
MANITOU, COLO.,
Is now open for season 1907.
Reduced Rates
until June 1, 1907.
AMERICAN PLAN.
E. E. Nichols and Son, Proprietors.

OTIS & HOUGH, Bankers and Brokers.
127 E. Pike's Peak Avenue.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN and PROVISIONS, COTTON.
Private Wires to all Principal Cities.
Members
York Stock Exchange, Cleveland Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade, New York Cotton Exchange.

SHOVE, ALDRICH & CO. BANKERS BROKERS
Telephone No. 55. Cable Address: "Should."
Removed to New Mining Exchange Building. Entrance to offices: Room 506.

PHYSICIANS SAY

It requires seventeen times more energy to climb up stairs than to walk the same distance on the level. An extension telephone in your home will save stair climbing at a surprisingly low cost. Get rates and particulars from Main 327.

The Colorado Telephone Co.

R. F. Morris, District Manager. 120 East Kiowa St.

CHEAP!!

6,000 ACRES
CHOICE LAND
1,500 UNDER DITCH
WELL FENCED
PLENTY STOCK WATER
A SHORT DRIVE THERE

$8.00 THE ACRE

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